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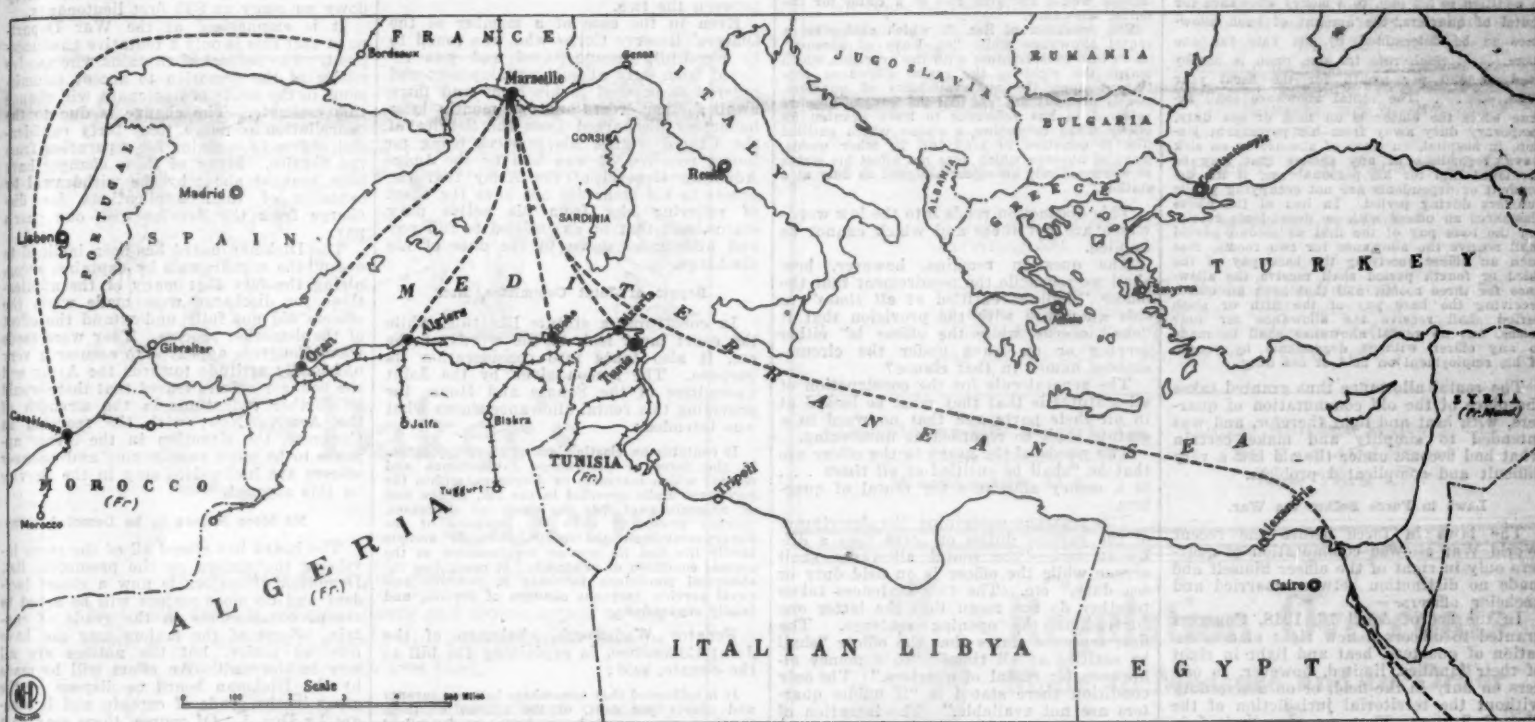
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Why France Shies at Ratifying the Naval Treaty

By Capt. Dudley W. Knox, U.S.N., Retired



The dotted lines on this map show the troop routes from Africa to France and through the Suez Canal from the Orient. It will be readily seen from a glance at the map that sea power is a vital necessity to France if she is to draw on her colonies for troops in case of war. With the Mediterranean controlled by the enemy, France would be unable to utilize the man power of her vast colonies. This handicap might well prove her death blow.

The Washington Conference demonstrated that Americans at large are prone to consider France's requirements respecting sea power as of comparatively minor importance. No justification from any broad viewpoint can be found for such opinion.

France is the greatest political entity on the continent of Europe. Among the colonial empires of the world the French is second in relative size and population. The perpetuation of our civilization depends upon the survival of no nation more than upon France. Both her economic life and her political life have such a fundamental basis in sea power that an acceptance of the Washington treaties, which relegate France to a third rate naval power, would seriously impair the probability of her survival as a great nation.

It is true that France is burdened with the obvious vital necessity of maintaining herself as a great military power. Her armies to-day are the greatest stabilizing influence that exists against chaos all over Europe. Moreover, her old problem of the land defense of France itself against numerically stronger hostile armies gives every promise of frequent recurrence in the future. But these land conditions of military necessity do not lessen the importance of sea power to France. Quite the contrary, they enhance it.

During the late war 1,000,000 soldiers were added to the French army from

French colonies. The early transport of large numbers of troops from northern Africa across the Mediterranean to France was an important element in the initial grand strategy of the main armies in 1914. Notwithstanding the great naval preponderance of the joint Anglo-French naval forces in the Mediterranean, a raid by the German battle cruiser Goeben seriously interfered with and delayed the troop movements from Africa and hampered the Allies correspondingly in the Marne campaign. Could the Germans have established sea control of the Mediterranean, Joffre would have been denied many thousands of troops at a time when the balance of victory could be decided by a few battalions.

A broad survey of the earlier years of the World War discloses France holding her own very precariously, even with the assistance of the British and Russian armies and of 1,000,000 French colonial troops.

It took 2,000,000 Americans landed in France to turn the tide after Russia dropped out of the war. What, then, of future prospects? Russia must be eliminated for many decades. Hostility between England and France has grown into the outstanding feature of current European politics. Italy follows the British lead. America is far away and requires a long time to be roused to warlike action. Except for those million or more colonial

troops which must come from overseas France has no reasonable hope of reinforcements against the day when German hordes may return. In such circumstances France will surely collapse unless the French Navy can assure the passage of the colonial troops across salt water. Sea power means this to France, and more also.

France's Great Colonies.

French colonial possessions are of a magnitude exceeded only by British. Their total area is nearly twenty per cent. greater than that of the United States proper, while they are populated by about 50,000,000 persons. They furnish splendid opportunity for France to regain slowly some of the thirty per cent. of her capital wealth lost in the late war. The building up of a large trade with her colonies under present conditions is a vital economic necessity, which cannot be met with sufficient certainty except under the protection of an adequate navy.

Considering France's fundamental need for adequate sea power to safeguard both her economic life and land power it is hardly surprising that the French resented bitterly the low place accorded by the Washington Conference to their navy relative to other great powers, especially Britain.

The capital ship ratio between Britain and France of 5 to 1.75 prescribed by the

Washington treaty will prevent France from utilizing colonial troops should the present strong and increasing tendency of Britain to oppose all French policies continue. Moreover, Britain will enjoy the equally important power of cutting off the supply of the vast quantities of munitions required in modern war that France must import from overseas.

Why France Needs Sea Power

A hostile England means the death-knell of France, unless the latter can exert some substantial maritime restraint upon the former. Even in the event of England's being her only opponent, France would be at a tremendous disadvantage in the absence of substantial sea power, since she would have to bear a smothering economic blockade and would face the certain loss of her immense colonial empire.

The principal reason advanced for holding France to such a low ratio in capital ship tonnage was that the status quo basis for limitation was the most equitable, and the only one upon which general agreement could be reached. In the main, these reasons are logical, but there is another side of the question which in French eyes warrants special consideration being given her.

The naval status quo in 1922 was markedly abnormal in France's case. Until the advent of Germany as a great naval power (Continued on page 249.)

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Some Phases of the New Service Pay Bill

By George A. King.

[Mr. King is a member of the well-known military legal firm of King and King of Washington, D.C.]

II. RENTAL ALLOWANCE.

The act of June 10, 1922, provides as follows:

Sec. 6. That each commissioned officer on the active list . . . in any of the services mentioned in the title of this act, if public quarters are not available, shall be entitled at all times, in addition to his pay, to a money allowance for rental of quarters, the amount of such allowance to be determined by the rate for one room. . . . Such rate for one room is hereby fixed at \$20 per month for the fiscal year 1923. . . . The rental allowance shall accrue while the officer is on field or sea duty, temporary duty away from his permanent station, in hospital, on leave of absence or on sick leave, regardless of any shelter that may be furnished him for his personal use, if his dependent or dependents are not occupying public quarters during period. In lieu of the above allowances an officer with no dependents receiving the base pay of the first or second period shall receive the allowance for two rooms, that such an officer receiving the base pay of the third or fourth period shall receive the allowance for three rooms, and that such an officer receiving the base pay of the fifth or sixth period shall receive the allowance for four rooms, but no rental allowance shall be made to any officer without dependents by reason of his employment on field or sea duty.

The rental allowance thus granted takes the place of the old commutation of quarters, with heat and light therefor, and was intended to simplify and make certain what had become under the old law a very difficult and complicated problem.

Laws in Force Before the War.

The laws in force before the recent World War allowed commutation of quarters only in right of the officer himself and made no distinction between married and bachelor officers.

In the act of April 16, 1918, Congress granted to officers a new right of commutation of quarters, heat and light in right of their families, limited, however, to officers on duty in the field, or on active duty without the territorial jurisdiction of the United States. That act was limited in its terms to the duration of the war, but was extended by later statutory provision to June 30, 1922. The restriction of this commutation for dependents to such officers as were on duty in the field, or on active duty without the territorial jurisdiction of the United States, gave rise to some curious distinctions, required, perhaps, by the law, but of little substantial merit.

Thus, under an authoritative definition by the War Department of what constitutes field duty, an officer serving at a temporary post, styled a camp, within the limits of the United States might become entitled to commutation of quarters in right of his dependents, while another serving at a permanent post or fort under like conditions would be treated as not entitled to it.

Again, the commutation for heat and light varied so widely in different localities that its computation was too complicated for practical use.

Purpose of New Legislation.

The new law lays down a very simple principle. The rental allowance includes heat and light. The rate is fixed at \$20 a month for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1923, and thereafter the rate is to be annually fixed in accordance with the comparative cost of rents, but in no case to exceed \$20 a month.

Is there any contradiction between the first sentence of this section that an officer "shall be entitled at all times" to the rental allowance, and the sentence further along providing "the rental allowance shall accrue" under certain enumerated conditions?

A court will never, if it can help it, con-

strue one part of a law as conflicting with some other part, but will presume that the legislators acted intelligently and intended each word of their enactment to have some effect.

The Comptroller General decided:

There are two essential conditions necessary to the receipt of the rental allowance: (1) that public quarters are not available, and (2) that the officer occupies a duty station that would entitle him to quarters in kind. If an officer is in a duty station that does not give him a right to quarters in kind, the availability or non-availability of quarters is not an element for consideration, and a right under the law to the rental allowance falls. When an officer is detached from all duty and "unassigned" he does not occupy a station that would entitle him to be assigned quarters, and so the non-availability thereof would not give rise to a claim for the rental allowance.

The provision of Sec. 6, which authorizes a rental allowance while "on leave of absence" taken into consideration with the provision which makes the right to the rental allowance contingent upon the non-availability of quarters, clearly presents the fact that the leave of absence referred to has reference to leave granted an officer while occupying a station which entitled him to quarters in kind, or, in other words, leave of absence which does not affect his status as constructively an officer assigned to duty at a station.

This distinction reads into the law words which are not there and which cannot be implied.

The question remains, however, how shall we reconcile the requirement that the officer "shall be entitled at all times" to this allowance with the provision that it "shall accrue while the officer is" either serving or on leave under the circumstances named in that clause?

The general rule for the construction of all statutes is that they must be looked at in all their parts and that no word in a statute shall be regarded as unmeaning.

The words of the grant to the officer are that he "shall be entitled at all times . . . to a money allowance for rental of quarters."

The sentence containing the description of the various duties or leave uses a different verb—"the rental allowance shall accrue while the officer is on field duty or sea duty," etc. The two sentences taken together do not mean that the latter one contradicts the opening sentence. The first sentence states that the officer "shall be entitled at all times" "to a money allowance for rental of quarters." The only condition there stated is "if public quarters are not available." The intention of the sentence providing, "the rental allowance shall accrue," etc., when read in connection with the other, means that the rental allowance shall run on notwithstanding the officer is on field or sea duty, under both of which conditions he would normally be supplied with public quarters for himself.

Some light is thrown on the meaning of these words by the concluding sentence of Section 6, to which no attention seems to have been paid by the Comptroller General. An officer with no dependents receives a reduced allowance below that of an officer with dependents, "but no rental allowance shall be made to any officer without dependents by reason of his employment on field or sea duty."

This provision recognizes that an officer without dependents would normally get, if in the Army, quarters in the field, or if in the Navy, quarters on his vessel, and thus provides against allowing such an officer the expenses of rental allowance when no such expenses have been incurred.

Clearly, an officer in a status which could not be technically classified as either field or sea duty and who is not furnished with public quarters by the Government is entitled to the allowance made in right of the officer himself, or, if he has dependents, to the higher allowance made to an officer with dependents.

The only question in either case is whether the Government supplies the officer or his dependents, as the case may be, with public quarters. If it does not, the law gives him the right to the quarters in accordance with his status as a single officer or as an officer with dependents. If this view is right, the officer is entitled to the allowance at all times while he is

on the active list, or, if retired, is on active duty.

There are other conditions besides that of being on active duty or on leave therefrom, during all of which an officer would be entitled to this rental allowance. Such are cases of an officer detached from all duty and ordered to his home to await retirement, or an officer placed on waiting orders at his own home for the convenience of the Government, a newly commissioned West Point graduate on the three months' graduation leave, officers who have graduated from the Army War College and awaiting assignment to duty after their graduation, and officers between duty at one station and duty at another, sometimes with a leave of absence interposed between the two.

Even in the case of a member of the Officers' Reserve Corps who was found to be physically incapacitated and was relieved from duty at such encampment and ordered to proceed to his home and there await further orders and two months later honorably discharged from the Service of the United States, his services being no longer required, it was held by the Judge Advocate General of the Army that the orders to his home did not have the effect of relieving him from his active duty status, and that he was entitled to full pay and allowances down to the date of his discharge.

Report of Joint Committee, Etc.

In construing a statute like this, while the court must look to the words of the act, it also takes into consideration its purpose. The reason given by the Joint Committee of the Senate and House for providing this rental allowance shows what was intended:

It contains an elastic element of compensation in the form of allowances (subsistence and rental) which increases or decreases, within the maximum limits specified in the bill, as the cost of necessities of life increases or decreases, thereby protecting alike the interests of the Government and the individual. It accepts family life and its greater requirements as the normal condition of existence. It recognizes the abnormal conditions inherent in military and naval service, frequent changes of station, and family separations.

Senator Wadsworth, chairman of the Joint Committee, in explaining the bill to the Senate, said:

It is estimated that somewhere between seventy and ninety per cent. of the officers of these Services are married or have a dependent mother, and those officers are taken as the standard upon which compensation is based. They receive the full payment of allowances in their respective pay periods. The officers who have no dependents are in the excepted class, and their allowances—subsistence allowance and rental allowance—are somewhat less. We feel very earnestly that by this arrangement we have actually equalized the comforts and advantages of all the personnel, and that when the thing actually works out a group of men in a post or in a navy yard or on a battleship, most of them having dependents, a few of them having no dependents, will be able to meet the battle of life in the financial sense on an equality. The married man with little children will get a little bit more pay than the bachelor; and when one comes to consider the additional expense to which he is put, and how, after all, is said and done, the family is the unit of the state, and that it is the duty of the state and the Government to protect the family, we believe that the family man with dependents should be placed in a position where he need not worry unduly as to how he is going to meet his bills and keep out of debt.

Even the objections made by the minority of the committee show the purpose of the bill. They object to the principle "that the Government must bear all of his burdens, support his dependents and furnish him with food, shelter, heat and light. It is further noted that this section authorizes this 'money allowance' for each officer, except those without dependents, when he is serving in the field or at sea, as well as when serving ashore, although quarters in kind are also furnished him while serving in the field." These statements of both proponents and opponents of the bill show the intent of Congress to give the rental allowance to officers, both commissioned and warrant, "at all times," and indeed that is just what the law provides.

High Point on Demotion of Captains Is Raised

During the week warning was sent out by the War Department that there would be demoted probably forty more captains than were provided for in the original telegram that was sent out to the corps area and post commanders. This may carry demotion on the list of captains up to Oliver W. Broberg, 6401 on the promotion list of the Army Register of 1922, on page 1394. The total number of captains to be demoted under this new plan will be, it is estimated, about 777. This may carry down as many as 833 first lieutenants.

It is emphasized at the War Department that this is only a tentative announcement. The refusal of captains who receive notice of the demotion to accept commissions in the grade of lieutenant will change this estimate. The change is due to the cancellation of more than forty confidential orders to captains for separation from the Service. Many of these changes have been brought about by the withdrawal by captains of their applications for discharge from the Service with one year's pay.

The Dickman board has been inclined to accept the withdrawals by captains, recognizing the fact that many of the applications for discharge were made when the officers did not fully understand the effect of the demotion process. They were made when Congress appeared to assume a very unfriendly attitude towards the Army and the younger officers feared that there would be further reductions in the strength of the Army. Now, with the reaction in Congress, the situation in the Army appears to be more encouraging and younger officers are inclined to stay in the Service on this account.

No More Majors to be Demoted.

The board has closed all of the cases involving the majors on the promotion list. Demotion of majors is now a closed incident and no more majors will be asked to accept commissions in the grade of captain. Some of the majors may not have received notice, but the notices are all now in the mail. An effort will be made by the Dickman board to dispose of the cases in the grade of captain and lieutenant by Dec. 1. Of course, there may be a few cases pending before the board after that date, but extraordinary efforts will be made to dispose of all of them before the first of the month.

Inquiries have been received from the War Department requesting definite information as to the final date upon which an officer must have his application in on file for discharge with a year's pay. Advice from The Adjutant General indicate that a date terminating this preference to officers has not been set. It is stated on good authority, however, that should officers now in the Service desire to take advantage of this method of separating themselves from the Service they should send their applications in immediately, as the task of elimination is rapidly nearing completion.

PROBABLE METHOD OF REDUCTION NON-COMS. MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

In the absence of any relief legislation, it is estimated that the Medical Department will have to demote five master, fifteen technical and fifty-four staff sergeants by Dec. 31 in order to comply with G.O. No. 33, War Department, 1922. It is probable that the demotions in the first two grades will be from the bottom of the roster and in the third grade from limited warrants. It is believed that demotees having permanent warrants will be carried in order of present standing at the top of the eligible list for reinstatement, and will be reappointed in that order with the possible exception as stated in Par. 2, Circular Letter No. 74, Surgeon General's office, which circular was recently sent out to medical units.

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By CAPTAIN DUDLEY W. KNOX, U. S. N., Retired

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"A recent publication by Capt. D. W. Knox, entitled 'The Eclipse of American Seapower,' has been sent out to practically all the libraries in the Service. It is suggested that all officers familiarize themselves with this book. There has been published much misleading information, both in book form and in magazines, relating to the results of the Limitation of Armaments Conference. If naval officers can thoroughly understand the facts in the case and make these facts known as widely as possible when opportunities offer they will be a distinct aid in correcting general misconception, now prevalent. It is believed that every officer should have authentic information as to the status of each country under the Limitations treaty."

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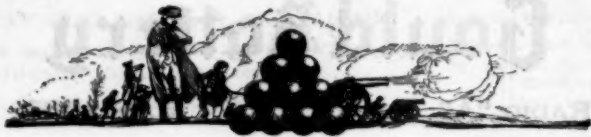
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THE THREE "AGES" OF SHOEMAKING

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In the Eighteenth Century small domestic shoe-shops arose, and groups of men and women, in shops and homes, made the footwear of the people, the work being more or less divided, but all still done by hand. This was the second "age".

About the middle of the Nineteenth Century the factory system developed and the introduction of shoe machinery began, until to-day in no field of manufacture has greater progress been made or more efficiency been attained through machinery. This is the third "age".

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Election as a Whole Favorable to the Services

By E. B. Johns, Washington Correspondent

Out of the confusion and general upset of the Congressional elections there were three outstanding developments which are of deep interest to the Services. They are:

1. No Senator or Representative was elected on account of the efforts that he made for a reduction of the strength of the Army of the United States and the Navy.

2. That the economy record of the Administration did not appeal very strongly to the masses.

3. While the Services lose some friends, the bitterest enemy of national defense will be retired to private life.

It is not intended here that national defense was a paramount issue. There was no paramount issue in the campaign. The defeat of some of the candidates is a mystery alike to the Republican and Democratic managers. It is now apparent that the country as a whole was not so deeply interested in the reduction of the expenses of the government as it was in seeing things done by Congress.

At this writing the Administration appears to have retained control of both Senate and House. During the past six months the country has passed through such a serious industrial uprising that the Administration is extremely fortunate in maintaining its hold on Congress, even with a reduced majority. And the business interests for one reason or other were as much dissatisfied as was labor over the outcome of the strikes. For all of this the Administration was held responsible, although neither labor nor capital appears to have much confidence in the ability of the Democrats to pull them out of the slough of despair.

Out of this maelstrom the Services come up hopefully, as far as the make-up of the next Congress is concerned. While this is being written the result in the State of Washington, as it affects Senator Poinsett, is in doubt. If Senator Poinsett is defeated the Navy will lose a powerful champion. The defeat of Senator Frelinghuysen is a distinct loss to the Army and Navy, although it is said that Gov-

ernor Edwards is sound on national defense questions.

In the primaries and in the election three members of Congress who were frequently classed as pacifists were defeated. They are Representatives Stafford of Wisconsin, Sisson of Mississippi and Majority Leader Mondell of Wyoming. As far as the Army is concerned, the seat occupied by Representative Stafford will be vacant in the next Congress. Even if Victor Berger, the Socialist, is seated, he will not be in a position to do the harm to the Army that Mr. Stafford has done during the time he has been a member of the War Department sub-committee on appropriations.

Only two members of the War Department sub-committee on appropriations will be in the next Congress. They are Representative Anthony of Kansas and Representative Harrison of Virginia. Mr. Harrison is for reasonable preparedness, and he has supported meritorious measures for the Army. He will probably be the ranking Democrat on the sub-committee, and therefore a member of the joint conference committee. Mr. Harrison will be a vast improvement over Mr. Sisson when the Army Appropriation bill is under consideration by the Conference Committee of the next Congress. Representative Slemph of Virginia usually followed Mr. Anthony and took advice from Mr. Mondell in the consideration of Army measures. He was not a candidate for re-election.

The Elections and the Navy.

On the Navy sub-committee, if the Republicans retain control of the House, as it now appears they will, Representative French of Idaho will probably succeed Mr. Kelley of Michigan in the next Congress. This is on the assumption that there is not a general shakeup in the composition of the sub-committees of the Appropriations Committee. Mr. French is more friendly to the Navy than is Mr. Kelley and will treat the recommendations of the department seriously. He has supported Mr. Kelley because he has believed in following the leadership of the chairman of the sub-committee. If Mr. French is made chairman it is stated that

he will assume a different attitude towards Navy problems.

Service Outlook in the Senate.

As a whole, the situation in the Senate has been improved by the election. Senator Kendrick has defeated Representative Mondell in the Senatorial contest of Wyoming. Senator Kendrick in the poll that was taken by the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL when the Curry-Anthony bill was adopted declared in favor of amending the law. He has not opposed legislation for reasonable strength for the Regular Army and has generally been for preparedness. In defeating Mr. Mondell he has rendered a real service to the Army and Navy.

The election of Robert S. Howell to succeed Senator Gilbert M. Hitchcock of Nebraska is a victory for the Navy. Mr. Howell graduated from the Naval Academy in 1885 and is a classmate of Admirals Coontz, Eberle, Strauss and Taylor. After his graduation Mr. Howell was ordered to the Asiatic station, but was taken ill with lung trouble and resigned in January of 1887. He served in the Navy in the Spanish War and again throughout the war with Germany. He is at present a Reserve officer of the Navy and is sound on preparedness. Senator Hitchcock as a member of the Military Committee consistently opposed military legislation.

Another preparedness advocate comes from Iowa to the Senate. He is Col. Smith W. Brookhart, who has been active in the development of rifle practice.

Senator King of Utah at this writing has a lead of only 170 votes, with indications that this will be wiped out. Senator King has been ingenious in inventing proposals to embarrass both the Army and the Navy and has been against preparedness generally.

Defense Sentiment Improving.

It is believed that the results of the election will have a sobering effect upon this Congress when it convenes, according to the present program, Nov. 20. Wild schemes for the reduction of the strength of the Army and Navy will not receive the support that they did before the election. Both parties will proceed cautiously in legislating for the Army and Navy. The

drastic reductions of the last session have not proved to be as popular as was anticipated. It is now realized that there is still a preparedness sentiment in the country, and that the people believe it is not wise to sacrifice the defenses under the guise of economy.

Especially will the situation improve if the national defense societies become active this winter, as it is understood they will. The efforts of the Navy League on Navy Day have had a heartening effect on national defense organizations. The Navy Day celebration fully demonstrated that patriotic people will respond to a call to rally in the support of the defenses of the nation.

With the election of Col. J. Mayhew Wainwright to Congress last Tuesday from the 25th New York Congressional District, a vacancy in the office of Assistant Secretary of War will occur on March 4. It is stated positively that neither the President nor Secretary of War Weeks has given any consideration to the selection of Colonel Wainwright's successor.

While it has been taken for granted that Colonel Wainwright would be elected, the Secretary of War has insisted all along that he should continue in office until his term as Congressman began. Colonel Wainwright has been doing important work in the development of industrial preparedness. With a small personnel in the office of Assistant Secretary of War he has been laying the foundation for a future development which is regarded as of the highest importance. For this reason the Secretary is anxious that Colonel Wainwright shall continue in office as long as he can and not interfere with his Congressional duties.

There are a number of prominent Republicans who will eventually be urged to accept the office. Among them will be Senator Harry New, who on account of his former military service and his work on the Senate military committee is especially qualified for the place. Senator New is a very close friend of both the President and the Secretary and can no doubt have the place if he wants it. Senator New, however, has indicated a desire to retire to private life upon the completion of his term in the Senate.

Why France Shies at Ratifying the Naval Treaty

(Continued from front cover page.)

power the inherent need for some substantial balance to British sea preponderance had made it necessary for France to maintain a fleet approaching the British in strength. This had been the normal condition for several hundred years. The sudden elimination of the German fleet recreated the old underlying conditions before the French navy could be built up to normalcy. The basis of limitation for sea power should take into account not only the existing but also the normal status quo if the great danger incident to unbalanced power in Europe is to be avoided.

Loss May Be Permanent.

With still less justice, the fact that France cannot now afford extensive building of capital ships has been given as a reason for assigning her a low ratio, which bids fair to become permanent. In any future conference the principle of the status quo almost certainly will be the basis for limitation. Hence the relative strengths fixed by the Washington Conference, if accepted now, will have a strong tendency to become permanent. Under these circumstances France may never be able to recover her appropriate position on the sea, even if improved finances or other opportunity, such as a sudden radical change in the conventional characteristics of the capital ship, should present itself. France is poor now, she may be rich ten years hence. One of the most important requisites for the recovery of her wealth is sea power. How illogical to cite her present poverty as a reason for denying her the opportunity to recoup her fortunes!

But the French have an even greater objection to the Washington treaties than the low capital ship ratio assigned France. The so-called Root code respecting the employment of submarines would draw the fangs even of such very limited naval power as remains to France. Moreover, French distaste for this code is heightened

by the fact of its adoption having been apparently accomplished largely through what they believe to be a diplomatic trick.

The code intends to deny to submarines the rights universally conceded to other types of naval vessels in conducting war against commerce. Even though the submarine should scrupulously adhere to every requirement of international law and custom, still she would be forbidden to molest enemy commerce. This under the assumption that it is practically impossible to use submarines against commerce without ruthlessness as practiced by the Germans. Such an assumption entirely ignores the numerous cases in the late war of the capture of merchant vessels by German and Allied submarines in a manner strictly in accord with methods employed by surface vessels and sanctioned for many centuries. It ignores the inevitable development now in progress to submarines of large type which will have even less difficulty in adhering to methods recognized as entirely legitimate. To deny France the right to use submarines in a regular way against British commerce is to remove wholly any substantial restraint in Europe against the abuse of sea power by the British for the next ten years at least.

The use of French submarines against British commerce would amount to little else than a restraining influence upon Britain. The experience gained by the British navy during the late war, combined with the great strides that have been and are being made in anti-submarine devices and methods, would prevent a French submarine campaign from starving the population or industries of Great Britain. Such campaign would not operate to free France from an economic blockade. British cruisers would continue to starve France much more effectively than Britain could be starved. Under these conditions the justice of denying France her only means of defense against British aggression at sea is difficult to admit. France could hardly be blamed for refus-

ing to give up the right thus to defend herself.

In addition to the inherent justice which seems to support the French view, their disinclination to accept the new submarine code is influenced by what they consider the objectionable British tactics at the conference. Through a considerable period of the conference discussions the British repeatedly implied that the French subscribed to the principle of ruthless submarining. The French delegation wasted into frequent emphatic denial of such implication. Finally the British misquoted a published article by an officer of the French naval staff, ascribing to the writer sentiments quoted by him as being German. Apparently the French delegates failed to detect the discrepancy until after the delay incident to mailing the article all the way from Paris, and thereafter British parliamentary tactics prevented the French from announcing the error until too late to derive any psychological benefit therefrom.

Meantime the negotiations in framing the submarine code had progressed too far for the French to withdraw their acquiescence. Throughout this incident the French were subjected to a propaganda in the American press so hostile as to cause an official protest from their delegation, which knew that the whole matter of giving information to the American press during the conference had been placed in the hands of the British publicity agent. All of this remains in the French mind as an influence against adoption of the Washington treaties.

Other important aspects of these treaties operate to the disadvantage of France as compared with England. The proposed abolition of gas warfare would largely nullify the advantage conferred on France by the advent of air power. Paris is almost twice as far from the English coast as London is from French coastal territory. The threat of a gas attack from the air upon London and other great English centers of population might bring Britain to

terms in spite of preponderant naval power.

Other Disadvantages Cited.

The proposal to refrain from further fortification and development of Pacific naval bases will prevent a proper defense by France of her extensive possessions in that region. The British have a system of admirably placed and well equipped naval bases which insure a safe and speedy passage of their fleet from Europe to Singapore and Australia, thus greatly reducing the handicap of limited base facilities in the Pacific itself.

France has nothing comparable to this. The existing grip of British upon Chinese commerce and resources will be perpetuated from the fact of the Nine-Power Treaty not being retroactive. Hence France will not enjoy equal opportunity with Britain in the rich Chinese markets if this treaty is ratified.

Finally, an acceptance of the Washington treaties will prevent France from finding a balance in Europe to British naval preponderance, even by the time-honored custom of alliances. Italy is the only other European power possessing any considerable navy, and she also is limited to a 1.75 ratio. France and Italy combined could muster a ratio of only 3.5 compared with Britain's 5. European naval power is thus hopelessly unbalanced, a condition never paralleled except at short intervals for many centuries.

It is only human that France, whose greatness is so dependent upon sea power, should want to keep the right to match England in capital ships, should future events render it desirable; and that France should hesitate about abolishing submarine and gas warfare, which will constitute her only possible restraint against British naval aggression until she can afford to compete in capital ships. These are the principal influences at work toward an adverse decision by France respecting the "Great Experiment" embodied in the Washington treaties.

Army and Navy Journal Seeks Service Opinions on Two Proposed 25-Year Retirement Bills

To obtain the views of the Service upon the Fish bill (H.R. 12106) and a straight twenty-five-year retirement bill for enlisted men of the Army, beginning with this issue the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL will take a referendum vote. Officers as well as enlisted men are entitled to vote, as the commissioned personnel of the Army has always indicated a deep interest in securing better conditions for the enlisted men.

The straight twenty-five-year retirement bill printed in this issue with Fish bill has not yet been introduced, but will be upon the convening of Congress. This bill and the Fish bill will doubtless be amended in some respects before any action is taken by the Military Committee, but they are submitted to secure the Service opinion on two principles that are outlined in them.

The Fish bill, which was originally proposed by Sergt. Ernest A. Perry, D.E.M. 1., provides for the deduction of one per cent. from the pay of enlisted men. With the fund which is thus created and the amount the Government is now paying to retired enlisted men it is claimed that every enlisted man retired at the end of twenty-five years would draw \$100 per month retired pay.

The question has been raised as to whether a one per cent. deduction would produce a sufficient fund in addition to what the Government pays to give \$100 per month for retired enlisted men.

It is not proposed here to discuss this feature of the Fish bill. In all probability the bill would be amended by slightly increasing the percentage of deductions and making a difference in the retired pay of the different grades so as to make the budget of the bill balance. There is no doubt that a bill could be worked out along the lines of the Fish bill which would greatly increase the retired pay of enlisted men if they are willing to give up a comparatively small percentage of their active pay.

But owing to the objections that have come to the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL through communications from the Service it hesitates to support a bill which takes from the meager pay of the enlisted men even one per cent. Especially does it hesitate to support the bill if this percentage should be increased in order to produce the desired rate of retired pay.

Another objection that has been raised to the Fish bill is that it makes no difference in the retired pay of the different grades of enlisted men. The claim is made that it would not offer the proper inducement for enlisted men to work for promotion.

Sergeant Perry reports that petitions asking for the passage of the Fish bill have been signed by 24,000 enlisted men. It had been suggested that many of these signers joined in the petition because they thought that this was the only way of securing legislation for twenty-five-year retirement.

Sergeant Perry has admitted that this might be true and has expressed a willingness to have a referendum vote taken on the Fish bill and the other proposed bill. He says he would be the last man in the Service to advocate the passage of the Fish bill if he did not think that a vast majority of the men in the Service were willing to have a deduction made from their pay in order to achieve the purposes of the bill.

When a twenty-five-year retirement bill is analyzed it will become apparent that it will only return to the enlisted men of the Regular Army that which was taken from them by Congress in 1912, when double time for foreign service was abolished. With double time for foreign service, the average length of active service for enlisted men of the Regular Army was

less than twenty-five years. There are of record numerous instances where enlisted men who for some reason were kept on foreign service for an extraordinary length of time were retired with less than twenty years' service. It was possible under the old law for a man to retire in fifteen years if he were willing to serve all of his time on a foreign station.

But aside from the justice to the enlisted men, the demands that are made upon the Regular Army under the National Defense act require younger men. Very few men who stay in the Service for thirty years can keep up the pace required of the Regular Army under the new military policy. Younger men are needed for the training activities of the Regular Army. Inducements should be made to secure the highest class of enlisted men, and one of the most effective ways is to shorten the term of active service.

It is only a question as to which bill is the most satisfactory to the Service. The ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL proposes a referendum vote to secure a free expression from the Service on the subject. Once this question is settled the JOURNAL will do everything in its power to push the bill chosen by the enlisted personnel.

Something must be done to ameliorate conditions now facing the enlisted men, especially the non-commissioned officers, and the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL believes that something can be done during the present Congress if all interested work together for a definite goal.

The text of the Fish bill, introduced last June, and the text of the new straight twenty-five-year retirement bill about to be introduced will be found below:

The Fish Bill for 25-yr. Retirement.

H.R. 12106.—That hereafter all enlisted men who have served honorably in the United States Army may be retired at the expiration of twenty-five years' service regardless of their grade or rank then held and with not less than \$100 per month as their retired pay, and allowance to which they would be entitled if retired with thirty years' service now provided for by law.

Provided, That the petition signed by the enlisted men be accepted and the enlisted men's wishes be granted; that the enlisted men of the United States Army shall create a fund by a deduction of one per cent. of each enlisted man's pay which they feel will more than pay the difference between this rate of retirement and the retirement now provided by law.

A Straight 25-yr. Retirement Bill.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Congress assembled, that hereafter when an enlisted man of the Army shall have served twenty-five complete years he may be placed upon the retired list with pay at the rate of three-fourths of that received at date of retirement, and in lieu of rations, clothing, fuel, light and quarters he shall receive monthly \$15.75 in addition to pay authorized by this act. Provided, That for twelve months following the passage of this act the Secretary of War will determine the number and grades of enlisted men to be retired each month. Provided further, That in computing time necessary for retirement all service in Army, Navy and Marine Corps may be counted.

All laws inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

REDUCTION OF NON-COMS. BLOW TO ARMY AIR SERVICE.

In the event that Congress does not enact any remedial legislation with respect to the non-commissioned officers with the result that the various branches must reduce these men in proportion to an Army of 125,000, Air Service advocates point out that the danger point in the efficiency of the Air Service will be reached.

With an Army of 280,000 the Air Service had a total personnel of 23,000. Then a little later, when the Army was reduced, the strength of the fliers went down to 16,000. Now, if the reduction is carried out further as of Dec. 31, it will seriously affect the efficiency of the Service. It must be borne in mind that only skilled personnel is permitted to work on the planes with their helpers. These expert mechanics do their work in peace time as well as in war time, and considerable time is required to develop and train them. They are mostly of the rank of the first three grades before they are considered as skilled in their particular line of work. It has been stated that if the skilled proportion in the higher grades could be kept the Air Service would not feel the reduction so badly, but if these skilled non-coms. of the first three grades have to be reduced the Army aviation service will be severely crippled.

OFFICERS FOUND PHYSICALLY ARE RETIRED WITHOUT DELAY.

The ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL has received several inquiries from officers who have appeared before retiring boards and who have not yet received advices from the War Department in regard to their individual cases. At the War Department it was stated that where officers have appeared before retiring boards and have been found physically unfit they would be retired. In case the officer takes a leave the order for his retirement will be issued on the date his leave expires or before.

JOHN MCKAY NO LONGER REPRESENTS THE JOURNAL.

John McKay, formerly advertising representative for the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL in Washington, is no longer connected with this paper as advertising representative or in any other capacity. The ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL hereafter will not be responsible for contracts or other agreements entered into by Mr. McKay for this paper.

GENERAL PERSHING INSPECTS FLYING FIELDS.

The troops at Brooks Field, San Antonio, Texas, were recently inspected by General Pershing and Maj. Gen. John L. Hines. The review of the enlisted men and cadets was carried through in a splendid manner, General Pershing expressing himself as being highly pleased with the military bearing, appearance and training of the command. He also commended Maj. Ralph Royce, commandant, for the splendid spirit and aptitude shown in Infantry drill, stating he was glad to see that soldiers as well as fliers were being made of the cadets.

General Pershing also made an inspection of Kelly Field, where a dismounted review and an aerial exhibition were held. Two five-ship formations of SE-5's circled around the field for about ten minutes, passed in review, and then broke, performing all sorts of acrobatics around the reviewing stand.

GRADUATION LINE OFFICERS AT EDGEWOOD ARSENAL.

A total of twenty-three line officers of the Army and Navy completed a course in defensive Chemical Warfare at Edgewood Arsenal on Nov. 10. This class was the first to be conducted at Edgewood under the provisions of the act of June 30, 1922. The course which started Sept. 10 was of two months' duration. Maj. Gen. Charles S. Farnsworth, Chief of Infantry, and Brig. Gen. Amos A. Fries, Chief of Chemical Warfare Service, each addressed the class. The personnel of the class was composed as follows: Navy, 7 officers; Infantry, 6; Cavalry, 3; Coast Art. Corps, 2; Field Artillery, 1; Air Service, 2; Engineers, 1; Chemical Warfare Service, 1.

MAJOR BULL, U.S.A., TO INSPECT NEW ENGLAND R.O.T.C. UNITS.

Maj. Henry T. Bull, who supervises R.O.T.C. matters at the office of the Chief of Cavalry, left Washington this week on a short inspection trip of R.O.T.C. units. His trip calls for a stop at the Massachusetts Agricultural College, Amherst, Mass., and also a visit to Norwich University, Northfield, Vt., where the major will interest himself in the Cavalry units at these institutions.

TRANSPORTATION COMPETITION, FORT JAY, NEW YORK.

The fall transportation competition was held at Fort Jay, N.Y., on the afternoon of Oct. 30. All transportation was formed in column and passed in review before the judges' stand.

Maj. Gen. Robert L. Bullard, commanding general, 2d Corps Area, and his staff; Brig. Gen. Chase W. Kennedy, retired, Col. Charles Gerhardt, 16th Inf., and the judges were present in the reviewing stand.

After the review the judges proceeded to the judging of the various entries. The 16th Infantry band furnished music for the review and judging of entries.

The judges were: Motor Vehicles, Maj. C. W. McClure, Q.M.C.; animal transportation, Maj. C. H. Jewell, V.C., and Capt. J. P. Nen, Q.M.C.; saddle animal, Maj. A. G. Rudd, retired, and 1st Lieut. L. M. Wightman, Cav.

The winning entries in each event were: Motor Vehicles—Cadillac touring car, No. 111183, driven by Sgt. B. Follinsby, M.T.C. Co. No. 1; G.M.C. light delivery truck, No. 215013, driven by Pvt. 1st Cl. James Rehill, M.T.C. Co. No. 1; Mack dump (cargo) truck, No. 53637, driven by Pvt. 1st Cl. Andy Yevitch, M.T.C. Co. No. 1; Brockway fire truck, driven by Pvt. 1st Cl. Jacques Mayre, M.T.C. Co. No. 1.

Animal Transportation—Four-line team, escort wagon, driven by Pvt. 1st Cl. Tony Piasecki, Ser. Co., 16th Inf.; two-line team, police wagon, driven by Pvt. 1st Cl. O. J. Murray, Q.M. Det.; four-line team, rolling kitchen, driven by Pvt. C. O. Rylander, Ser. Co., 16th Inf.; one-line team, spring wagon, driven by Pvt. James McGlinchey, Q.M. Det.

Saddle Horses—Officers, Capt. M. B. Halsey, 16th Inf.; enlisted men, Sgt. R. E. Stephens, Co. H, 16th Inf.

Saddle Mule—Enlisted men, Sgt. Sam Rasven, Hqs. Co., 16th Inf.

Machine Gun Cart—Driven by Pvt. John Samo, Co. D, 16th Inf.

37mm.—Driven by Corp. F. W. Helbringer, Hqs. Co., 16th Inf.

Official Crest Adopted for Colors of N.Y.N.G.

The sloop Half Moon, in which Henry Hudson more than three centuries ago explored the Hudson river that was named after him, has been approved by the War Department as the official crest for the colors of the National Guard organizations of New York.

It had been suggested that a beaver be placed upon the colors as an emblem, but Adjutant General J. Leslie Kincaid held that because of the romance and tradition attached to the craft the Half Moon would be a more inspiring symbol.

Joint Maneuvers of the U.S. Fleet

With a delegation of Congressmen on board the Henderson, the United States Fleet will conduct its joint maneuvers this year in Panama Bay. In all probability a Congressional delegation, composed of the members of the two naval committees, will witness some of the maneuvers from on board the Henderson and will start as soon as Congress adjourns March 4.

Part of the exercises will be in conjunction with the Army stationed in the Panama Canal Zone. Perhaps the most important problem will be the testing of the defenses of the Canal. These problems have been worked out by a joint Army and Navy board.

The ex-Iowa will be towed to Panama, where she will become a moving target under radio control. There will be actual firing by main batteries against the Iowa. It is possible that the Congressional delegation will be given an opportunity to witness these tests.

The Atlantic Fleet will sail Jan. 3 for Guantanamo, where torpedo and ship drill will take place. The U.S.S. Nevada will go south with the Atlantic Fleet, holding target practice at Guantanamo, and rejoining the Pacific Fleet upon arrival at Panama. The Atlantic Fleet leaves Cuban waters Feb. 12, combining with the Pacific Fleet in Panama Bay on Feb. 19. The maneuvering of the combined fleet will be conducted until Feb. 24, after which both fleets will be based on Panama until March 30. During this period the athletic contests for the championships in everything of the two fleets will take place.

On March 31 the Atlantic Fleet will sail for Guantanamo and the Pacific Fleet for San Pedro. The Atlantic Fleet will stay at Guantanamo until April 21 to complete its battle practice. On the trip north the fleet will engage in full speed trials. There will also be torpedo plane practice off Key West on the return.

The Air squadrons will sail on Jan. 3 direct to Panama, where they will conduct exercises and prepare for joint operations with the fleet upon its arrival.

STATE DEPARTMENT APPROVES BRAZILIAN MISSION CONTRACT.

The State Department has approved contract for the Brazilian Naval Mission and the officers who will compose it will sail from New York on Dec. 9 for Rio de Janeiro on the Munson line steamer. It is estimated that the American mission will be kept in Brazil for two years assisting the Brazilian authorities in working out their naval program.

The belief is expressed that this mission will do more to strengthen the friendly relations that exist between the United States and Brazil than anything that has occurred in recent years. Brazil is a very progressive country and American methods of doing business are becoming popular in that country. She is entering upon a period of development not only of her navy but of her commerce, and it is a very fortunate thing for this country that the Navy Department has been invited to send a mission to Rio de Janeiro.

Rear Admiral C. T. Vogelgesang, U.S. N., who is to head the mission, has held several conferences with the Secretary of Navy, Admiral Coots and Rear Admiral Washington, and as the result all but four officers who are to compose the mission have been selected. As announced in the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, the mission will be composed of sixteen commissioned officers and nineteen chief petty officers. The following officers have been selected: Rear Admiral C. T. Vogelgesang, Capt. L. M. Overstreet, Comdr. R. S. Holmes, A. T. Beauregard, C. C. Gill, William Bagdaley, Lieut. Comdr. P. L. Carroll, W. R. Munroe, Lieut. John D. Pennington, Comdr. P. S. Rossiter (M.C.), Capt. J. J. Chentham (S.C.), Capt. J. A. Furer (C.C.).

AUDITORS REPORT ABOUT READY IN SMITH-LOCKHART FAILURE.

By Nov. 16, when the next meeting of the creditors of Smith, Lockhart & Co. meet at Baltimore, it is expected that the auditor's report in completed form will be ready for submission. A new trustee will also make his first report on that date. It is believed that the trustee's report and the auditor's report will consume the entire session of the court on that day, and that the examination of the members of the bankrupt firm will not take place until a subsequent date.

In all probability the attorneys for the claimants will wish to examine the auditor's report before they start to question the bankrupts. On this account it is probable that an adjournment of the creditors will be taken for several days.

The Service creditors of the bankrupt firm continue to forward their claims to the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL. During the past week six new claims were sent to the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL and were forwarded to Ansell and Bailey. While some of the Service creditors are rather tardy in taking action, the prospects are that practically all of the large claims will be eventually placed in the hands of General Ansell and Colonel Bailey.

Referendum.

Enlisted men of the Army are asked to indicate by use of the following coupon, or a similar ballot, their choice of the two measures printed in the adjoining column:

VOTE FOR ONE.

TO THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL,
354 Fourth Ave., New York, N.Y.

I am in favor of the Fish 25-Year Retirement Bill, H.R. 12106.

Signed

enlisted grade.

I am in favor of the Straight 25-Year Retirement Bill printed in ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, Nov. 11, 1922.

Signed

enlisted grade.

Sport

Service School Schedules.

The following football games are scheduled for the Military and Naval Academy elevens during this season:

Nov. 18.

Army vs. Bates, at West Point.

Nov. 25.

Army vs. Navy, at Philadelphia.

NAVY JOLTS PENN STATE.

Navy's fighting team sent the powerful Penn State eleven down to its first defeat in three years by a score of 14 to 0, on Nov. 3, before 25,000 spectators in the American League Park at Washington, D.C.

At the onset there was little to choose between Navy and the Nittany Lions. Navy was out to avenge the 13 to 7 defeat of last year and to make some one suffer for the misfortune of the week before against Pennsylvania. Likewise, Bezdek's Lions were smarting under the sting of a recent no-score tie against Syracuse. Thus it was that Navy's peerless team kicked off to Wilson, the Lion left half-back. Penn State immediately started the offensive. Navy stood the shock for eight yards and State failed to make the first down. Palm punted and Navy took the ball on the 35-yard line. In turn, Folwell's team smashed against Penn State's line for two plays without a gain. Cullen kicked to the 30-yard line, and the first exchange was over, each team having shown equal strength in defense. The first quarter settled down into a scoreless struggle, the ball regularly changing hands mostly by punting, Cullen holding a decided edge in this department of play.

Second Period.

The second period opened with State in possession of the ball forty-four yards from Navy's goal. On the first play Palm ran eleven yards, only to fumble the ball to Cullen. Cullen promptly executed a thrilling 70-yard punt to State's 1-yard line, where Palm unwittingly picked up the ball to be driven out of bounds two yards from his own goal.

State punted for relief and Navy quickly returned with a series of clever line plays and passes which worked the ball to within eighteen yards of the Lion's goal. This was Navy's real opportunity to score and Navy charged State's line for three downs to gain only one yard. On the fourth down McKee dropped back to punt formation. As the ball was passed, the center of Navy's line crumpled and half the State forwards charged through. McKee arose to the occasion and hurled a swift pass to Cullen, who grasped the ball from mid air on State's 25-yard line, and swept on down the field for Navy's first touchdown. Barchet kicked from placement: Navy 7, State 0.

Far from being humbled, the Nittany Lions now came back with added fight. Bezdek's men abandoned their campaign against Navy's rugged line and opened up with an attack through the air and against the tips of Navy's line. The half ended with Carney intercepting a long pass which he carried back to within twenty yards of the center of the field.

Second Half.

Bentz kicked off and Cullen returned the ball to State's 40-yard line. Here Navy held the Lions on downs. The ball swayed between the two fighting forces for most of this period with Navy gaining slightly on every exchange. State continued to pass and kick and finally, after trying three aeriels, Carney again intercepted a long pass on State's 20-yard line. State held against Navy's line play and received the ball fifteen yards from its own goal. On the first play after receiving the ball Kratz attempted to circle Taylor at right end. Taylor tackled with double-strength and State fumbled the ball. Cullen, who was speeding to Taylor's assistance, scooped up the ball and ran through the scattered Lions the remaining twelve yards to the goal for Navy's second score. Conroy kicked placement: Navy 14, the Lions 0. Just as the quarter closed State completed a well executed forward pass for twenty-five yards, which put the ball on Navy's 40-yard line.

Fourth Period.

The final quarter developed into a forward passing game for Penn State and returns through the line and by punting from Navy. While the Lions were performing a long pass over Navy's line Conroy suddenly flared up and pulled the ball down near the center of the field. He then fought fire with fire by passing to Norris, who ran nearly half the length of the field for what would have been a third touchdown had a penalty not brought the ball back to the point of play. Penn State finally bowed to defeat and Navy's tireless eleven hit the State line from end to end, and on the last play of the game Cullen grazed right end for a 15-yard gain against State.

Resume of Game.

It is the consensus of the football world that Navy's generalship, quick thinking

and alertness were the three factors that defeated Penn State. The first period was a fight to a standstill with Navy concealing her real purpose in the use of the forward pass. Then, as the second period advanced both teams opened with passes, but Navy held her attack until within striking distance, when a sudden well-timed aerial offensive carried for forty yards to the first touchdown. The suddenness and good execution of passes during this crisis completely bewildered the Lions.

The second touchdown was due entirely to Navy's alertness and hard charging attack. Though the two lines were nearly equal in defensive strength Penn State soon abandoned attempts against the Navy line and risked forward passes all along the field of play, whereas Navy continued her fight against State's line, being satisfied with small but certain gains, and opening up into a brilliant passing attack when the strategic time arrived. A statistic summary follows: First downs: Penn State 9, Navy 5. Completed passes: Navy 3, State 15; uncompleted passes Navy 8, State 17. Penalties: Navy 110 yards, State 35 yards.

Navy now has about three weeks, with but one light game with St. Xavier intervening, to prepare for the Army-Navy contest. A light rest and final keying-up should put Navy in ideal condition after her hard schedule, for the closing event with Army.

The line-up:

Navy.	Position.	Penn State.
*Parr	.....L.E.	McCoy
*Bolles	.....L.T.	Logue
*Carney	.....L.G.	Hamilton
Mathews	.....C.	*Bentz (Capt.)
Lents	.....R.G.	*Bedek
Walker	.....R.T.	*McMahon
*Taylor, W. S.	.....R.B.	*Hafford
*Conroy (Capt.)	.....Q.B.	Palm
McKee	.....L.H.	*Wilson
Cullen	.....R.H.	Kratz
*Barchet	.....F.B.	Lafferty

Score by periods—15 minutes:

Navy	.....	0	7	7	0—14
Penn State	.....	0	0	0	0—0

Touchdowns—Cullen (2). Referee—McCarthy (Holy Cross). Umpire—O'Brien (Tufts). Line—Taggart (Rochester). Field judge—Crowell (Swarthmore).

*In line-up last year.

ARMY SWAMPS ST. BONAVENTURE.

The St. Bonaventure College football team put up a very weak defense against the cadets last Saturday, and was overwhelmingly defeated on the West Point plains by the score of 53 to 0.

Major Daly started a second team against the courageous little team from Pennsylvania. The scrubs were held scoreless during the first quarter. This was due to the many fumbles of the cadet backfield, and the stubborn resistance of their smaller opponents.

When the first team went in at the start of the second quarter, it had an easy task of it.

Just before the end of the half, the most spectacular play of the game was made. Wood, receiving a punt on his own 45-yard line, ran brilliantly through the whole St. Bonaventure team for a score. It was the cleverest piece of broken field running seen on the West Point gridiron this season.

After playing one quarter, the regulars were sent to the showers. They all left the game in good condition.

The scrubs started the second half, and succeeded in piling up thirty-two points. The only first downs the Pennsylvania College was able to make were made on a clever deceiving short forward pass, which the cadets failed to stop until the fourth quarter.

The St. Bonaventure team was out-weighted and hopelessly outplayed, but fought gamely from start to finish. It was only its "never say die" spirit which kept the score as low as it was.

ARMY-NAVY GAME STATISTICS.

(By a Navy Doposter.)

As a result of Army's holding Yale to a 7 to 7 tie on Oct. 28, and the Navy's defeating Penn State 14 to 0 on Nov. 3, both Service teams have played off their hardest games before the final Army-Navy contest on Nov. 25, at Philadelphia. Army shows uniform increase in strength over last year, while Navy has rounded out its various branches of football, with a particular improvement in kicking.

From end to end the Army team which tied Yale weighs 1,322 pounds, and the Navy team that overcame Penn State tips the scale at 1,319 pounds. Thus, if the Army eleven of the Yale game should line up against Navy's Penn State victors the difference in weight would favor the Army in the line by three pounds. In the backfield Army weighs 697 pounds to Navy's 653 pounds, an Army advantage of twenty-six pounds.

The total Army weight is 2,001 pounds and Navy 1,972 pounds, twenty-nine pounds under the Army estimate. For all practical purposes the two teams are equal in weight, since equipment on either side might easily balance the scales.

Given in detail the two teams would face each other as follows: The * denotes

ACCOMMODATIONS FOR ARMY-NAVY GAME.

The 103d Cavalry, 32d and Lancaster avenues, Philadelphia, Pa., extends to all Cavalry officers of the Army of the United States a cordial invitation to use the armory as their headquarters during the Friday, Saturday, Sunday and Monday preceding and succeeding the Army and Navy football game on Nov. 25.

The armory is situated within one square of the West Philadelphia station of the Pennsylvania Railroad and within four blocks of the Stadium on Franklin Field.

For those officers who wish to spend the night at the armory a cot and two blankets apiece will be issued on application; no charge will be made.

Breakfast can be obtained in the armory by giving notice the day before. This will be charged for at cost.

Reservations should be sent to the adjutant, 103d Cavalry, so as to reach him at least one week before the game.

that the player is a veteran of last season's game.

Navy.	Wgt.	Pos.	Wgt.	Army.
*Parr	182	End	170	*White
*Bolles	186	Tackle	210	*Goodman
*Carney	215	Guard	186	Farwick
Mathews	186	Center	185	*Garbisch
Lents	210	Guard	215	*Bredister
Walker	170	Tackle	200	*Mulligan
*Taylor, W. S.	170	End	156	*Myers
*Conroy (C.)	169	Quarter	162	*Smythe
*McKee	162	Half	176	*Timberlake
Cullen	170	Half	169	*Lawrence
*Barchet	152	Back	172	*Wood

Total 1,972 2,001

Schedules to Date.

Army.	Navy.
12 Lebanon Valley. 0	71 Western Reserve. 0
35 Springfield 0	14 Bucknell 7
18 Kansas 0	13 Georgia Tech.... 0
19 Auburn 6	7 Pennsylvania... 13
33 N.H. State 0	14 Penn State 0
7 Yale 7	
53 St. Bonaventure. 0	

ARMY'S SUPPLY OF FOOTBALL TICKETS TAKEN.

Announcement was made on Nov. 7 by Capt. M. B. Ridgway, graduate manager of athletics, at West Point, that the Army's supply of tickets for the Army-Navy game at Franklin Field, Philadelphia, Nov. 25, was exhausted, and there are no more to be had from the Army representative.

REDUCED RAILROAD FARES FOR ARMY-NAVY GAME.

In connection with the Army-Navy football game to be held at Franklin Field, Philadelphia, Nov. 25, special arrangements have been made by the Quartermaster General with the Pennsylvania and the Baltimore and Ohio railroads with reference to special fares and special service.

There will be a special rate of \$7 for the round trip from Washington, tickets to be good on all trains going Nov. 24, both on the B. & O. and the Pennsylvania, and on regular trains leaving up to and including 10 a.m. Nov. 25. These tickets will be good for return journey on all trains up to midnight, Nov. 27.

From Baltimore the round trip fare will be \$5, good going on all trains Nov. 24 and up to 11 a.m. Nov. 25, good for return on all trains until Nov. 27, inclusive.

For midshipmen the fare will be \$5 from Annapolis to Philadelphia and return, tickets to be limited to special train going Nov. 25 and to special train returning Nov. 26. For general public the fare will be \$6.40 for the round trip from Annapolis.

From West Point there will be a special rate of \$5 to Philadelphia and return, good only on special trains. These special trains will be operated on Nov. 25.

There will be no special rates from New York.

In addition to regular schedule the following special trains will be operated Nov. 25:

Pennsylvania R.R.

Train A, leave Washington 8.20 a.m., arrive at Philadelphia 11.30 a.m.

Train B, leave Washington 9.05 a.m., arrive at Franklin Field 12.02 p.m.

Train C, leave Washington at 9.10 a.m., arrive at Franklin Field at 12.08 p.m.

Trains B and C will be made up of parlor cars, coaches and ample dining car facilities; will be operated direct to Franklin Field, to be parked there, and will return from that point as soon as possible after conclusion of the game. Luncheon will be served en route and after arrival at Franklin Field and dinner returning.

B. and O. R.R.

The B. & O. R.R. will operate two special trains leaving between 9 a.m. and 9.30 a.m., Nov. 25, and arriving at Philadelphia between 12 noon and 12.30 p.m. Returning, these special trains will leave as soon as possible after the game. Ample dining facilities will be on these trains, serving luncheons prior to arrival at Philadelphia and dinner on return trip. Equipment will consist of parlor cars and coaches in addition to dining car equipment.

In order that the railroads may be able to furnish proper amount of equipment

Military and Naval Clubs and Societies

THE ARMY AND NAVY CLUB OF AMERICA.

Since 1885 a Service club, which has been a center for military activities of a patriotic and social nature, has existed in New York city. Founded originally by thirteen Army and Navy officers and called "The Canteen," it has gradually developed to the point where it is to-day, under the name of the Army and Navy Club of America, one of the most prominent clubs in the city, and known to all officers as one of the most important Service organizations in the country.

Its present position is due to the vision and courage of a few of its members who realized shortly after the end of the late war that the time was ripe for the club to greatly enlarge its scope and facilities, and were not daunted by the difficulties that faced any project in 1920. Counting upon the support of the officers who had served in the war, they launched a campaign intended to increase the membership to a point where it would be possible to finance the purchase or the erection of a modern club house which would not only serve the needs of the living, but be an adequate and permanent memorial to the officers who had died in the Service.

In spite of every obstacle the desired end was slowly attained, and in April, 1921, a contract was entered into for the purchase of the building situated at 112 Central Park South, occupied before the war by the German Club. From April to October, 1921, the club's efforts to provide for its new home were continued, and on Oct. 1 it had removed from its old quarters at 18 Gramercy Park to its present location.

The first year's occupancy of the new quarters has been in a sense experimental, but it is safe to say that it is now clearly demonstrated that with the splendid support of its own membership, and of all officers in every branch of the Service, its mission to serve the living and commemorate the dead is destined to be permanent.

The present membership of the club is about 3,500, of which approximately 1,000 are active or retired officers of the Regular Establishment. The club house is a spacious six-story structure, and in addition to rooming facilities for members contains a large dining room, a lounge, a ladies' reception room, a card room, a library, a grill, a bowling alley, a billiard room, several private dining and reception rooms, etc. Many of the rooms of the club have been furnished in memory of officers who died in the war, and the club has compiled individual histories of deceased officers in approximately 3,000 cases. The Army and Navy Institute, which is affiliated with the club, was organized to assist in carrying into effect the club's plans of a memorial nature, and to spread throughout the country projects of a patriotic and educational nature which it might initiate and adopt.

M.O.L.L.U.S.

A meeting of the District of Columbia Commandery, M.O.L.L.U.S., was held in Washington at the New Willard, Nov. 1.

Rear Admiral George W. Baird, U.S.N., read a paper on certain phases of sectionalism in relation to history. The following new member was elected by inheritance from deceased original companion, Tower Wadsworth King, Engineer Division, U.S. Air Service.

ARMY AND NAVY CLUB OF CHICAGO HONORS GEN. MOSELEY.

The Army and Navy Club of Chicago has arranged a formal dinner dance and reception on Armistice Day, Nov. 11, in honor of Brig. Gen. George Van Horn Moseley, U.S.A., at the club house.

SOJOURNERS' CLUB MEMBERS TO VISIT BALTIMORE NOV. 18.

Washington Chapter No. 3 of the Sojourners' Club, of which Brig. Gen. A. A. Fries, U.S.A., is president, will visit Baltimore Nov. 18, leaving Washington by special cars at 5:30 p.m. Baltimore Sojourners will meet the Washingtonians and assist in organizing Baltimore Chapter No. 7. Dinner will be served at seven p.m. The return home will be made at 10:30 p.m. Camp Meade Chapter, Sojourners at Edgewood Arsenal, Camp Holabird, Fort Howard and elsewhere will be present.

Brigadier General Sawyer made an address, Nov. 8, at the Colonial to the Washington Chapter.

and ample accommodations for all they request, it is recommended that those taking advantage of the special fare on regular trains or special service, make their wants known as early as possible to Mr. W. V. Shipley, division passenger agent, B. & O., Room 323, Homer Building, 13th and F streets, N.W., Washington, D.C., or to Mr. Thomas L. Lipsett, district representative (passenger) Pennsylvania System, Homer Building, 13th and F streets, N.W., Washington, D.C.

General Service Schools In Full Operation

The 1922-1923 session of the General Service Schools at Fort Leavenworth, Kas., the fourth session since the reopening of the schools after the termination of the World War, is now in full operation. The General Staff School course is being pursued by 111 officers, and 154 officers are taking the command and General Staff School course, which replaces the former course of the School of the Line—a name so familiar to the Service at large.

In accordance with recommendations of a board convened last winter to co-ordinate and eliminate duplication of effort in the system of instruction given at the different Special Service Schools and the General Staff School (the Army War College, the General Staff School, the School of the Line), the Leavenworth course hereafter will cover a period of one year. Upon completion of this period, officers will be ordered to other duty for two years. Then, a certain percentage of the graduates of the Command and General Staff School will be ordered to the War College.

With the graduation of the members of the present staff class, the General Staff School, as heretofore known, will cease to exist.

This year the General Service Schools prepare and conduct the correspondence courses for the commissioned personnel of the National Guard, Organized Reserves, and selected civilians.

The 1922-1923 Correspondence Course D includes military organization, tactics and technique of the separate branches, field engineering, solution of problems, combat orders, and tactical principles and decisions, and covers 171 hours of study. It is limited to approved voluntary applications from the following classes of officers: (a) Officers now on the initial General Staff eligible list, other than those of the Regular Army. (b) Officers of the National Guard and Organized Reserves who have satisfactorily completed Course C (prepared by the chiefs of branches and conducted by corps area commanders). (c) Officers of the National Guard and the Organized Reserves above the grade of major, and civilians who served in the World War in grades above that of major.

HOSPITAL BADLY NEEDED AT FORT BENNING.

At Fort Benning, the home of the Infantry School, where activities are carried on the year round, there is yet to be constructed a hospital. At the present time thirteen wooden barracks are being utilized as a hospital and those are built so close together that they constitute a veritable fire trap. Besides, these barracks are urgently needed to house the troops on duty at this post, as a great number of them yet are being quartered in tents.

The Surgeon General has expressed himself that a military post like Fort Benning warrants a modern medical institution which will fill the demands which may be made upon it. It is understood that an appropriation of \$275,000 will create sufficient construction to satisfy the present needs at Benning, and that later additions can be erected according to the requirements of the post. The War Department is anxious to start this construction, as it is so urgently needed, and it is hoped that Congress will authorize an appropriation which will at least partially relieve this congested condition at Fort Benning.

COMMANDER ELLYSON ASSIGNED TO BRAZILIAN COMMISSION.

Comdr. T. G. Ellyson, U.S.N., has been designated as the aviation member of the naval commission which will co-operate in the reorganization of the Brazilian navy. Commander Ellyson was the first officer in the Navy to qualify as a pilot of aircraft, having received his early training under the Wright brothers and Glenn Curtiss in 1911.

He has been actively identified with the organization and development of naval aviation in this country since its beginning and was the first pilot to be launched from a catapult in an airplane. Since the establishment of the Bureau of Aeronautics under the Navy Department, Commander Ellyson has been in charge of the plans division of the bureau and will relinquish this post to go to Brazil early in December.

TWO ARMY EXHIBITIONS HELD IN WASHINGTON.

The Field Artillery and Infantry arms of the Service gave exhibitions in Washington, D.C., on Nov. 8 and 10, respectively, before a great throng of spectators.

On Nov. 8, the exhibition was given by the 2d Battalion of the 2d Field Artillery, stationed at Fort Myer, and under command of Maj. C. P. George, U.S.A. The battalion first appeared in review and performed some smart drilling.

The 3d Battalion of the 12th Infantry, stationed at Fort Washington, Md., and under the command of Maj. W. F. L. Hartigan, U.S.A., gave an exhibition Nov.

10. Tent pitching, silent manual of arms, scaling a wall nine feet six inches in height and some excellent close order drills were performed.

ADMIRAL WASHINGTON TALKS BY RADIO ON NAVY PERSONNEL.

Rear Admiral Thomas Washington, U. S.N., Chief of the Bureau of Navigation, gave a radio talk on Nov. 9 for the American Merchant Marine Association meeting held at the Grand Central Palace, New York city.

In the course of his talk Admiral Washington said:

"It is men that fight, not ships. To properly man our Navy as authorized by the naval treaty, we require 6,600 officers of the line, and 120,000 enlisted men. We have at present 4,300 officers and 86,000 men. We are, therefore, to-day far behind the actual strength agreed to by the Washington Conference because many of our ships have not the officers or men to make them well drilled fighting units."

"It takes considerable time to make a ship a well drilled, efficient unit of the fleet. At a football game there are no doubt many persons in the grandstand who know and understand football, and who are physically powerful, but you cannot take eleven such men and put them into the field as a team unless they drill together beforehand, so that co-ordination of effort may be obtained."

ARMY FIELD CLERKS FORM NEW CLUB IN WASHINGTON.

Following the example of the warrant officers of the Army in organizing an association, the members of the Army Field Clerk corps on duty in the various headquarters throughout Washington, D.C., met Oct. 30 in the office of the Chief Chaplain of the Army and organized the Army Field Clerk Club.

Of the twenty Army field clerks on duty in Washington fifteen attended the meeting in person. The other five have signified their intention of enrolling. Army Field Clerk A. S. Bonano, Chief of Chaplain's office, was elected president of the new organization; Army Field Clerk W. G. Semmig, Chief of Infantry office, vice president; Army Field Clerk Charles H. Collins, Chief of Staff office, secretary; Army Field Clerk Joseph Richards, General of the Armies office, treasurer, and Army Field Clerk M. F. J. Brunow, Board of Allied Supplies, counsel.

Promotion of the social and economic welfare of the entire Army Field Clerk corps is the announced purpose of the new association and a membership drive is to be started immediately to enlist as many of the 245 Army field clerks now in service as can be secured. The need of a representative organization among the Army field clerks has been pointed out numerous times during the past three years by staff officers on duty in the War Department, and the lack of such a representative organization has resulted in practically no recognition being shown the corps since the termination of the World War.

At the close of the war the corps consisted of approximately 2,000 clerks. To-day that number has been slashed to less than 250 and the permanency of even the present corps is more or less of an open question. War Department officials without exception have praise for the Army field clerks on duty in Washington, and last year splendid recommendations were sent to the military committees of Congress by bureau chiefs advocating retention of the corps.

Although the Army Field Clerk corps

was created in 1916, it never to date has received the benefits of retirement and longevity, notwithstanding both these privileges were recently granted to the Warrant Officer corps. The injustice of this condition is evident when it is explained that Army field clerks and warrant officers work side by side in the same headquarters on the same classes of work.

The Army Field Clerk Club officers and members in Washington seek to co-operate with War Department officers in removing this evident discrimination. It has been suggested that legislative aid be sought through War Department channels, combining the Army Field Clerk corps with the Warrant Officer corps, because both organizations have practically the same identity.

In seeking aid from the War Department the Army Field Clerk Club first seeks the sentiment of the rank and file of the entire corps, and with this in view is endeavoring to muster as complete an enrollment of field clerks within the club membership as it is possible to obtain. A personal letter is being forwarded to each field clerk in the Service seeking membership application and individual expression of views as to betterment of the corps. Financial contribution is being stressed as unimportant, it being the opinion in Washington that a representative organization is more important than treasury surplus. No dues are being solicited. Promptness is urged in all field clerks to enroll immediately in the Army Field Clerk Club and communicate their sentiment and vies in regard to the purposes of the club.

Weekly meetings are being held in Room 161, State, War and Navy Building and will continue throughout the winter. Mail should be addressed to that office, care of the secretary.

COURSE OF INSTRUCTION TO BEGIN ENGINEER SCHOOL.

Fourteen enlisted men have been ordered to take the course of instruction given at the Engineer School, Fort Humphreys, Va., scheduled to begin about Nov. 15. The subjects to be given are surveying and drafting, photography and lithography and are of four months' duration. Upon completion of the course the men will be returned to their respective stations. The following men have been ordered to the school:

Surveying and Drafting.—Pvts. C. W. Craig, 1st Class G. G. Wolfe, T. F. Belasco, W. H. Harding, Corp. R. H. Sproule, Pvt. T. J. Flynn, Pvt. 1st Class J. Kotubey, all 1st Engrs., Fort DuPont, Del.; Pvt. N. M. Winn, 9th Engrs., Fort Riley, Kas.; Corp. F. E. O'Rourke and Pvt. S. W. Jessop, 2d Engrs., Camp Travis, Texas; Sgt. B. M. Sangster, 4th Engrs., Fort Bragg, N.C.

Lithography.—Tech. Sgt. J. F. Stephens, 2d Engrs., Camp Travis, Texas; Pvt. C. C. Zychlinski, 8th Engrs., Fort Bliss, Texas.

Photography.—Pvt. 1st Class Seth A. Burney, 4th Engrs., Fort Bragg, N.C.

DIGEST OF DECISIONS ON THE SAVING CLAUSE.

The War Department will shortly issue either in memorandum or circular form a digest of the rulings of the Comptroller General with respect to the saving clause in the Service Pay bill of June 10. So many cases have hinged upon the interpretation of this feature, together with the fact that the recent decisions of the Comptroller have been so unsatisfactory to those in the Services, that it was felt that a survey of this matter in the near future would be opportune.

POTENTIAL COMMISSIONED STRENGTH OF REGULAR ARMY NOV. 8, 1922.

	Maj. Brig.									
	Gen.	Gen.	Col.	Lt. Col.	Maj.	Capt.	1st Lt.	2d Lt.	Total.	
Generals, colonels and officers on the Single List.....	1	20	41	479	578	1,725	4,231	2,722	118	9,913
Authorized Jan. 1, 1923.....	1	24	46	470	577	1,575	3,450	2,667	1,571	10,381
Medical Department.....	2									3
Medical Corps.....				31	79	433	435	4		932
Dental Corps.....				5	12	46	95	3		161
Veterinary Corps.....				1	6	13	21	85	3	127
Medical Administrative Corps.....							41	9	84	134
Total.....	2	37	97	492	592	1,992	5,186	3,483	199	13,356
Chaplains.....				5	5	57	63			130
Military Storekeeper.....						1				1
Professors, U.S.M.A.....				4	3					7
Total.....				4	8	6	57	63		138
Aggregate.....	1	20	43	518	600	2,001	5,243	3,546	202	13,494
Aggregate.....	1	20	43	518	603	2,223	4,880	2,884	155	11,407
Aggregate.....										19,000

*Authorized Jan. 1, 1923. In the non-promotion list there is no distribution by grades provided in the bill. This depends upon length of service so that surplus is determined entirely by the total number of officers in each branch.

ACTUAL SEPARATIONS FROM ACTIVE LIST, REGULAR ARMY, NOV. 2-9, 1922.

Col. E. M. Blake, O.A.C., retired Nov. 5; N. K. Averill, Cav., retired Nov. 3; W. H. McCormack, P.D., retired Nov. 6; M. McFarland, Inf., retired Nov. 7; J. K. Miller, A.G., died Nov. 3; J. A. Moss, Q.M.C., retired Oct. 3; L. T. Richardson, Inf., retired Nov. 7; E. E. Winslow, Engrs., retired Nov. 1.

Lt. Col. R. O. Caldwell, Cav., retired Nov. 1; F. Goedecke, Inf., retired Nov. 1; C. F. Herr, Inf., retired Nov. 6; A. P. S. Hyde, O.A.C., retired Oct. 31.

Majs. W. F. Baker, F.D., retired Nov. 3; A. H. Barkley, Q.M.C., retired Oct. 31; O. B. Eckels, Q.M.C., retired Nov. 3.

First Lt. R. C. Milyard, A.S., died Nov. 4; L. Schneider, Cav., retired Nov. 7.

U.S.S. Pittsburgh Sails For Constantinople

The U.S. cruiser Pittsburgh, flagship of Vice Admiral Andrew T. Long, commanding the U.S. Naval Forces in European waters, sailed from Gibraltar, Nov. 8, for Constantinople, Turkey, to look out for American interests.

There are quite a number of Americans in and around Constantinople whose lives may be in danger if the Turks continue further their present aggressive course.

In addition to the Pittsburgh, there are twenty destroyers at and near Constantinople, which can readily reinforce her if necessary, and back up any demands made by Rear Admiral Mark L. Bristol, U.S.N., the American High Commissioner, for the protection of Americans ashore.

The aggregate complement of the personnel should approximate 2,860 if the ships have their normal complement.

3D FIELD ARTILLERY MARCH ON CHANGE OF STATION.

In compliance with orders for permanent change of station, the 1st Battalion, 3d Field Art., left Camp Knox, Ky., Oct. 16, and with Capt. W. M. Wiener commanding, proceeded in eight marching days to station at Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind., arriving there on Oct. 24. Camps were made en route, the daily mileage being as follows: 11.8, 16.2, 17.5, 21.7, 23.5, 23.6, 29.8; total 171.5; average per day 21.4.

Excellent weather conditions prevailed. The officers on duty with the command were Capt. W. M. Wiener, commanding; Capt. H. N. Blue, adjutant; 1st Lieut. J. L. Shea, commanding Battery A; 1st Lieut. J. P. Boland, commanding Battery B; 1st Lieut. M. H. Meeks, Jr., commanding Battery C; 1st Lieut. H. P. Adams, commanding Hqs. Det. and Combat Train; 1st Lieut. S. Y. McGiffert, commanding Service Section, and 1st Lieut. F. H. Canlett, B. M. James, K. W. Higen, H. F. Conrey, P. A. Berkeley, R. D. Waring, L. W. Kinney, C. H. Studebaker, W. J. Klepinger and J. M. Callicutt. Chaplain W. R. Bradley was with the column, also Capt. R. F. Annis, M.C., and 1st Lieut. J. E. Noonan, V.C. Lieutenant Berkeley acted as advance agent, Lieutenant McGiffert as battalion supply officer and agent officer.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT OPEN TO DISCHARGE M.A.C. OFFICERS.

The Surgeon General has announced a policy with respect to the re-enlistment in the Medical Department of the discharged Medical Administrative Corps officers. The issuing of warrants to these men, however, is contingent upon the reduction process which must be consummated by Dec. 31, 1922, if no remedial legislation is enacted by Congress. Opportunity will be given to a certain class of these men to qualify for the grade of master sergeant. Below is printed the policy which will be adhered to in this matter:

1. Medical Administrative Corps officers discharged under the provisions of the act of June 30, 1922, who re-enlist in the Medical Department will be listed for re-warrant in the highest permanent grade held by them in the order of their former relative standing, or in the absence of relative standing then in the order of their length of enlisted service.

2. Warrants will be issued to the men on these lists in the order of standing as vacancies occur after demotees, contingent upon reduction in the Army December 31, 1922, have been restored to their grades; with this exception—that a non-commissioned officer whose period of active service is approaching termination through retirement will be advanced on the list of his grade for that reason.

3. Former Medical Administrative Corps officers who did not hold permanent warrant in the master grade will be given an opportunity to qualify for that grade and their standing on examination will give them places on the single eligible list maintained by the Surgeon General in accordance with the marks so attained. Appointments from this single eligible list will be made by roster with the one exception cited in Paragraph 2.

AIR SERVICE ACTIVITIES IN THE PHILIPPINE DEPARTMENT.

With the recent arrival of 92 casuals at Clark Field, Pampanga, P.I., the reorganization of the 28th Squadron (Bomber) is rapidly being completed. First Lieuts. R. A. Hicks and J. R. Drum, both Air Service officers from Corregidor, have been assigned to this squadron.

The recent arrival of some 225 men from the United States at Camp Nichols, Rizal, P.I., means the realization of the plans drawn up at this field to improve the facilities for carrying out the Air Service activities. With these additional men the erection of hangars and warehouses will shortly begin.

Recently a formation of seven airplanes left this station to escort the U.S.A.T. Thomas down the bay on its return trip to the United States. Maj. Gen. W. M. Wright, U.S.A., who has recently been relieved from command of the Philippine Department, was a passenger on the transport.

E D I T O R I A L

Free and loyal discussion is necessary in order to conquer the truth.—Camille Flammarion.

Spurs for the Dove of Peace

GENERAL HARBORD has recently called attention to a pacifist inconsistency in instituting a "No More War Day" and almost immediately afterwards bitterly complaining because this Government has not stopped the victorious Turk from re-entering Europe, from which he was expelled by force of arms during the recent war.

Inconsistency on the part of pacifists is as natural and as much to be expected as the inconsistency and hysteria which flow from many pulpits in this country every Sunday morning.

The noise made by such people is tremendous. The effect on some Congressmen, while considerable, can be easily counteracted by the influence of the bigger business men in their districts.

The greatest danger to adequate national defense comes from the indifferent business man, or the business man like Frank A. Munsey, New York newspaper publisher, who can see no further than the end of his nose, and is, apparently, only interested in doing anything which will cut down national expenditures for the moment, regardless of the effect on the future. One man of the Munsey type can do more harm than a thousand Hamilton Holts, or several thousand inconsistent, ignorant ministers of the gospel who have not learned the fundamental teaching of Christ, that good can only come from obedience to, and understanding of, the laws of God, which, after all, are synonymous with the laws of nature.

Such business men as Mr. Munsey either forget or are entirely ignorant of the great constructive influence of armed force.

They forget the debacle in Boston but a few years ago when the city police went on strike. If there is any place in this country that represents the center of our civilization, it is Boston. If anywhere civilization has advanced to the point where a background of force can be dispensed with, it should be Boston. Yet in Boston, within a few hours of the removal of the restraining force of police, civilization turned back its page more than two thousand years, and the chaos of theft, murder and arson was experienced. When police forces were again established the chaos ceased.

A Constructive Force

They forget that often even police forces are unequal to the task of preserving law and order. They need the influence and frequently the physical help of federal armed forces. They needed it in West Virginia but a few months ago, and have needed it many times before.

They forget that American armed forces have saved many more lives than they have taken. The restoration of stable government in the Philippines, Cuba, Haiti, and in many smaller places has resulted in the saving of many thousands of lives. The sanitation work of our forces in those places and in Panama has probably saved millions of lives.

They forget the rescue of lives and property effected by our federal forces during great catastrophes. The Smyrna fire, where many hundreds of Americans were saved from slaughter or burning, was a recent example. The San Francisco earthquake and fire, the Martinique eruption, are among many hundreds of examples that could be cited. At the present moment American Marines are ashore in Vladivostok to protect American lives and property.

America Never Fully Armed

They forget that our elementary histories demonstrate that no war in which America has ever engaged has been caused by armament, but the reverse. In every case our armament preceding the war was much too small to conduct that war. They forget our experience in disarming subsequent to the Revolution. The aggression of England, France and Algiers made it imperative that we arm again.

They forget or turn their backs on the fact that each of these hasty periods of armament has necessitated great waste which inevitably has greatly increased the financial burden to be borne.

They seem incapable of understanding the profound influence of armed forces upon the economic welfare of the nation and of its individual citizens. The measure of our prosperity is the volume of our export trade. That trade would be dwarfed to inconsiderable proportions without a Navy to find new markets, protect our foreign agencies of trade and insure safe transit across the seas.

Anyone who has seen the difference between Mr. Madden when addressing solid phalanxes of the negro voters of which his district is largely composed and Mr. Madden of Illinois, hat in hand, in the private

office of a bank official well known throughout the United States for his vigorous utterances; anyone who has seen the difference between Mr. Anthony of Kansas telling the parents of his district how he is saving their sons from the brutal militarism of the War Department and Mr. Anthony when pursuing the dollars necessary to build bridges across the Missouri river where the traffic does not really demand it, or a national motor repair base for Fort Leavenworth, or any other little object which will require the spending of dollars in his district, knows that in the final analysis the responsibility for adequate, economical national defense in this country rests primarily upon the attitude of its business men towards this most important subject.

Theirs is the responsibility before a war, just as theirs is the part of paying the largest share after a war of the money wasted through their failure to recognize their responsibilities.

As General Harbord aptly remarked, "The dove of peace cannot yet dispense with a set of spurs."

British Realize Peace Value of Navy

THE decision of Great Britain to proceed with the construction of two great battleships, as permitted her under the Naval Limitation Treaty, is of more than passing interest. Evidently the British have little faith in the "No More War" or the "New State of Mind" doctrines as insurance to British interests during the present period of world unrest. Since it is only against the United States that such a great accession to her already preponderant navy could be required, manifestly we are not excluded from their general estimate of fundamental world conditions. This seems especially significant in view of the great cost of the new ships and the critical state of Britain's finances, though doubtless the question of conservation of her battleship building industry was an important element in the British decision.

There is no occasion for our questioning Britain's right to take advantage of the privileges given her by the Naval Treaty. On the other hand, we should understand the true import of such actions. This country has generally accepted the view of the American delegates to the conference as expressed in their official report, that in its general effects the limitation treaty "absolutely stops the competitive race in naval armaments . . . a wasteful production of unnecessary armament has been ended," and that the whole series of treaties creates "a new state of mind" substantially reducing the probability of war, and hence the need for armaments.

Neglecting Our Treaty Rights

On the basis of the supposed spirit of the treaties, rather than their letter, we have refrained from taking full advantage of our rights under them. We have been cutting down naval expenditure and naval strength with a ruthless hand. Our present personnel is more than thirty per cent. below the minimum peace requirements for maintaining the treaty Navy. More than half of our first line destroyers are included in an aggregate of over 300 naval vessels tied up at docks out of commission for lack of personnel.

That other nations do not interpret the spirit of the Washington treaties in the same sense as we seem to do is manifested by the imposing program recently adopted by Japan for new cruiser, destroyer and submarine tonnage, and by the British decision to build two new dreadnought battleships. Britain does not require such ships to maintain overwhelming naval preponderance in Europe. Even the combined fleets of France and Italy can muster less than a ratio of strength of 3.5 relative to 5 for England. Neither France nor Italy contemplates new capital ship construction in the near future. In the Orient British interests are secure by a safe margin. The conclusion is unavoidable that it was principally the United States that entered into British calculations when decision was reached to build her new battleships.

One of the principal reasons given by Japan for her new naval program was the need of finding employment for her shipbuilding artisans and thus conserving the industry. Doubtless England was moved somewhat by the same considerations. We alone are neglecting this feature of industrial preparedness by allowing the art of building naval types of ships to be lost in America.

British Measure of Superiority

The inference that Britain's wish to be superior to us on the water originates in any intention of war or belief that war

between us is probable is not necessary. Fleets have their uses in peace, no less than in war, in furthering the economic interests of a nation. President Cleveland could succeed in preventing British aggression in Venezuela only because of a strong balance against British sea power existing in the navies of other countries in Europe. He would not be so successful to-day with no substantial balance in Europe, unless our own fleet was capable of backing up his policy.

So important does England regard her fleet in relation to her economic welfare that notwithstanding an existing margin of strength over us, great industrial depression, huge debts and back-breaking taxes, she is still willing to spend upwards of \$70,000,000 on new battleships. Meantime, with all our wealth and prosperity and much smaller taxation, we talk of not being able to afford our comparatively small naval budget.

British to Stick to Battleships

IT is significant of British opinion regarding the relative naval merits of battleships and airplanes that the next two great ships to be laid down in England are not plane carriers, but battleships. Their view evidently coincides with the great body of naval officers in this country, that the role of aircraft in naval warfare will be as an integral part of the fleet, and not as a substitute for that fleet. However erroneous this may prove in the remote future, there is no question that under present realities the attempt to use air power as a substitute for naval power would involve extremely dangerous chances that no person in a highly responsible position would be justified in accepting.

The British decision contains no element of snap judgment. To their extensive war experience in bombing have been added many valuable experiments. Moreover, the press controversy instigated by Admiral Percy Scott and other prominent naval officers has led to widespread discussion and thought upon the relation between air force and sea force. The resulting official opinion probably comes as near to the correct one in the light of present conditions and development in the near future on the water and in the air as it is possible to reach.

The substance of such British opinion, as nearly as it can be estimated from the evidence of their decisions and their public discussions, may be summarized as follows: That air power and sea power are co-ordinate, and air craft must take their place with battleships, cruisers, destroyers, submarines, mine layers, etc., as elements of a homogeneous force; and that the protection, aerial and constructional, that can be given to battleships against bomber and torpedoplane is deemed sufficient to warrant the perpetuation of the battleship type, so indispensable from a purely naval point of view.

This is substantially the same view held by the great majority of the best professional judges in the United States. But merely because the battleship is to remain is no reason for slackening up in the development of air craft, nor in equipping the fleet with them. These air measures should go forward as energetically here as they are sure to do in Great Britain, for undoubtedly the aerial role is of tremendous and increasing importance in relation to sea power.

Time to Balance Our Navy

A RECENT article in the Baltimore Sun by H. C. Bywater, the eminent British authority on naval affairs, makes an interesting analysis of the striking deficiencies of the American building program of future ships for the Navy. He rightly emphasizes that the treaty status quo in auxiliary fighting ships "is as imperative to maintain as the battleship ratio if the limitation treaty is to be renewed on the same lines at some future date"; and also that owing to our lack of proper bases in the Pacific "the American fleet would require in war a very numerous force of cruisers to guard its communications and hunt down enemy raiders, while it would also need very many long range submarines for scouting, blockade and patrol duties. At present it has neither the one nor the other."

Japan Stronger in Cruisers

Under present conditions our ratio of strength in cruisers, relative to Japan, is as 1 to 3 instead of 5 to 3. This includes ships built, building and projected. There are no modern cruisers in commission in our Navy. All of them are too antiquated to be of any use in a future war. Our en-

tire cruiser strength is contained in ten now under construction and scheduled for completion the next year. Since the summer of 1918 Japan has completed eight modern cruisers. About ten other are under construction, of which four are nearly finished, and her new program provides for eleven additional cruisers. There is thus indicated a total of twenty-nine new cruisers compared with our ten. In order to maintain a 5-3 ratio with Japan, in accordance with the spirit of the Washington treaty, we need to build about forty new cruisers in the near future.

In submarine strength the United States is nearly as badly off. Instead of a 5-3 ratio there is a 5-6.5 ratio against us in those types of submarines suitable for modern long range warfare.

We Need More Ships

Our apparent unwillingness to keep pace with new Japanese construction in a 5 to 3 proportion is all the more deplorable because, as Mr. Bywater points out, we really need a greater ratio. He says: "As a matter of fact, a proportion of 5 to 3 in fast cruisers and long-range submarines would be utterly inadequate for the United States if she found herself at war with Japan. To achieve any decisive result at sea a preponderance of at least 2 to 1 would be indispensable." This follows from our great deficiency in naval bases in the Pacific and from the great dimensions of that ocean.

Ever since the conference American inclination has been to reduce our naval forces below the proportions fixed by the treaties. No new construction has been projected by us. Our naval personnel has been reduced 42 per cent. below our proportionate share as measured by the personnel that Japan has retained in active service. Hundreds of our ships are rotting at the docks for lack of men. All this seems to have been done in the hope that if we set the pace the other powers would reduce forces even below their treaty allowances and refrain from new building. This hope has proved vain.

All the other parties to the conference have kept their personnel well up to the needs of their treaty navies. Britain and Japan have gone even farther. Since the conference they have projected powerful additions in new ships. Manifestly, it is time for us to balance up our fleet also.

A Just Responsibility Gladly Accepted

GETTING something for nothing is the favorite occupation of numerous persons in the United States of America. It is the prevalent idea of too many citizens of both sexes that they are entitled to protection and the many other benefits accruing from living in this country without having any responsibility towards the government.

This attitude shows itself in thousands of ways. Many business concerns show it in their unwillingness to accept any of the burden having to do with national defense. They don't want a large Regular Army because it costs too much money; they want a large part of our Army to be made up of National Guardsmen and Reservists. On the other hand, they don't want any of their employees to join any of these forces because this will necessarily mean absences at various times which may interfere with the concern's getting the maximum amount of work out of the individual or individuals in question.

Nevertheless, in time of disorders the firms who have forbidden or otherwise discouraged their employees from entering the National Guard or Reserve forces are among the first to demand protection.

The question of employees' joining our Reserve forces has recently been put up squarely to the Standard Oil Company by the chief of staff of the 101st Infantry Division.

The company fairly, squarely and honestly recognizes and accepts its responsibility towards the Government in return for the protection which the Government gives. This attitude should be carefully considered and emulated by every employer, by every man responsible for property, by every citizen of the United States.

The complaint is constantly heard from employers that large numbers of employees, while gladly accepting the benefits of employment of their concern, shy off from the responsibilities which go with it. The same accusation can be made, with just as much truth, with respect to the large number of employers in this country who gladly accept, more claim as a right, protection from external and internal enemies, but who wish to dodge the responsibilities incident to proper national defense.

The National Guard Situation a Serious One

The War Department published on Nov. 10 a statement covering the instructions of the Secretary of War to the conference of General Staff and National Guard officers to convene in Washington on that date. This conference will consider many of the various problems that have presented themselves in the organization of that service during the past two years.

The Secretary of War's statement invites the attention of the conference to the sequence of events which made the calling of the conference advisable and he lays before that body the following points to be considered in approaching the problem of what, if any, change should be made in the prescribed strength of the National Guard:

- Is the present National Guard program essential to our scheme of defense, or may a part of it be transferred to the Organized Reserves?
- Is it practicable to raise and maintain in peace time the prescribed quota of 800 men per Senator or Representative?
- If essential and practicable, how are the men and the funds to be obtained?
- If either non-essential or non-practicable, how shall the present program be modified?
- Do we need a National Guard reserve? If so, should it be included in the legal quota? What steps are needed to organize it?

The instructions continue with a clause indicating that if the committee recommends a change in the present prescribed strength, a draft of necessary changes in the law should be submitted and also recommendations as to policies that should govern in carrying into effect the proposed changes should they be enacted into law.

Points to be Considered.

To assist the committee in writing up recommendations as to changes in the prescribed strength of the National Guard, the following points are indicated as being of sufficient importance to be considered by that body:

- Arrangements for maintaining a balanced force as required by law.
 - Provision for non-divisional units that may be needed in connection with certain special mobilization plans to meet situations that are not "national emergencies expressly declared by Congress."
 - Non-disturbance of present allotments without the consent of interested states.
 - Maintenance of divisions intact in the National Guard, or transfer of certain National Guard divisional units to the Organized Reserves.
 - Dispositions of "special allotment" units. (Units not included in requirements for six field army plan.)
 - Disposition of existing units that are now scheduled to be transformed into some other kind of troops.
 - Available effective man power in each state and corps area.
 - Placing of Arkansas in 4th Corps Area, and reconstruction of the 31st Division.
- As the foregoing instructions to the committee are studied the clearer does it become that this group of officers is in a position to affect profoundly the development of the National Guard in this country. Assuming that the committee's recommendations to the Secretary of War are adopted, it is evident that National Guard circles will follow with the most intense interest whatever they may have to say on the problem assigned to them for solution.

Solution Looked For.

Without entering into a discussion of what might be the effects of drastic changes in the present National Guard project, it is reasonable to express the hope that the conference will be able to find a satisfactory solution to the problem under consideration and to find this solution quickly.

This is said because the National Guard service shows signs of stagnation that are causing no little concern. The conclusion is inevitable that in many states National Guard organization has come to a halt largely because of uncertainty as to what course the committee will recommend in regard to that service.

This is only natural, since no one wishes to waste labor, and it is genuine labor to organize and maintain an effective National Guard unit.

Certain other factors affecting the National Guard development enter into the present situation. In some states the winter is regarded as a period during which no active recruiting efforts need be made. This policy is believed to be a mistake and has been discouraged by the Militia Bureau, but the fact remains that in these states membership drives are limited to the spring season, when the approaching summer encampment provides a good talking point with which to approach eligible men.

It is not believed, however, that any great amount of inertia in National Guard circles can be justly attributed to the winter spirit of inactivity.

There is another factor though that may be charged, equally with apprehension as to the committee's course, with responsibility for the present stagnation.

In many states it is clear that the "saturation point" in National Guard organization has been reached. That is, the states have organized up to their present armory capacity, and unfortunately their state legislatures are not displaying a willingness to increase the appropriations in order to meet the additional state obli-

gations to the National Guard that are essential if the large force allotted to the National Guard is to be raised and maintained.

Adjutants general of various states have indicated that while they believe it possible to raise the entire quota of National Guard allotted to them, they are very certain that the state legislature will not provide the additional funds required. Other adjutants general express a decided doubt as to the possibility of any increase in the generosity of their local legislatures. The point is repeatedly made, that the National Guard allotment now includes organizations which cannot be of service to a state in any emergency within her own borders and the support of these units, therefore, makes no particular appeal to the agency that controls the state pocket-book.

Campaign of Education.

Here is where a campaign of education is greatly needed. It is curious to note in this attitude the outcropping of the old idea of states' rights. In days gone by the states were jealous of their prerogatives and objected to surrendering to the Federal powers the privilege of organizing troops, whereas in these days of centralized government the component commonwealths of our Union are objecting to, or at least are failing to provide for, the organization of troops required under a well-digested scheme for national defense.

It is to be hoped that instead of deferring to such sentiment on the part of state legislatures by reducing the present National Guard allotments, the committee will find it possible to recommend some method of making it clear to the state legislatures how necessary it is that provision be made for the organizations allotted to the state regardless of the state's probable military needs in time of emergency. If the facts are studied it will become evident that the organization of the Infantry component alone of the eighteen National Guard divisions will provide at least thirty out of the forty-eight states with a greater military strength than they will ever have occasion to call upon to maintain order within their own borders.

GUARD AND RESERVE OFFICERS AT INFANTRY SCHOOL.

Following is the roster of National Guard and Reserve officers ordered to Fort Benning, Ga., as students of the Infantry School from Nov. 1 to Jan. 31, 1923:

National Guard Officers.

Captains.

Allen, H. M., Mo.	Miller, G. N., Md.
Anderson, C. E., N.D.	Miner, R. B., Vt.
Anderson, J. S., Pa.	Newton, B. E., Ark.
Ansberry, J. T., Ohio.	O'Meara, J. T., Mass.
Ballet, A. F., Mass.	Perrina, N. S., Texas.
Bateman, H. E., Md.	Pond, F. L., Pa.
Bloodworth, G. C., Jr., Ga.	Quinn, T. J., Mass.
Brown, L. E., Mo.	Raine, O. O., Jr., Mo.
Christensen, W. B., Ohio.	Rhodes, B. S., Mich.
Coltz, G. K., Mich.	Roden, P. M., Wis.
Copeland, W. V., N.C.	Ross, G. O., Hawaiian.
Cress, H. B., Ariz.	Schlesinger, J. S., Mo.
Edwards, R. L., N.D.	Schloemer, J. S., Ind.
Goad, E. F., Calif.	Seiscose, W. M., Ind.
Hendricks, P. E., Ore.	Seytreid, R. J., Colo.
Herzberg, A. O., Ala.	Stang, H. J., Mich.
Hobbs, O. N., Fla.	Steen, M. D., Texas.
Howard, G. S., Texas.	Thornson, H. E., Ill.
Jones, L. E., Neb.	Turner, F. W., Va.
Kleifman, W., Ind.	Varola, M., Porto Rico.
McQueen, J., Okla.	Vermilyea, H. C., Wis.
Mainord, H. I., Tenn.	Warden, C. E., W. Va.
Malton, K. A., Kas.	
Meyer, S. P., Kas.	

Lieutenants.

Adams, W. W., Miss.	Jyle, C. E., Pa.
Althouse, J. L., Ia.	McGowan, D. W., N.J.
Barkley, C. L., Mich.	Maxwell, W. J., Conn.
Bishop, J. E., Ark.	Mitchell, M. S., Mich.
Brown, J. G., Ohio.	Morrison, D. H., Ia.
Brown, F. G., Pa.	Norton, R. H., N.Y.
Butler, H. M., Ga.	Oats, C. S., Jr., Minn.
Crawford, G. D., Ia.	Pentland, J., Conn.
Cross, R. M., Calif.	Powell, G. W., N.J.
Cruckshank, J. A., Vt.	Reeder, O. L., Ind.
Daly, L. F., Ill.	Reinhardt, J. G., Wash.
Dickway, G. L., Jr., Mass.	Rice, C. C., Ohio.
Dolan, J. C., Mass.	Rose, C. A., Texas.
Easley, J. W., Jr., Va.	Rushon, C. H., N.Y.
Gilchrist, E. J., N.Y.	Singletary, J. H., Ala.
Goldfeder, M., Okla.	Thorpe, J. W., Minn.
Hall, R. L., N.Y.	Verhage, R. H., Ohio.
Hinkleman, R. F., N.Y.	Wagner, E. R., Ill.
Howell, C. E., Mo.	Waite, R. J., N.Y.
Jones, E. S., Va.	York, M. O., Neb.

Infantry Reserve Officers.

Captains.

Carey, J. H.	McCord, W. A.
Cooper, J. R.	Matter, B.
Gordon, S. L.	Stover, E. C.
Lee, N. B.	Wilkes, B. C.

Lieutenants.

Anderson, C. H.	Jyle, G. R.
Campbell, F. H.	Langenback, J. W.
Homan, J. A.	Pearson, D. M.
Hopf, E. A.	Robinson, J. S.
Johns, L. E.	Triay, A. T.

WISCONSIN NATIONAL GUARD CAVALRY FEDERALIZED.

Issue of three-year service stripes to a number of troopers in the Milwaukee squadron of the 105th Cavalry, Wisconsin National Guard, marks a turning point in the development of the new National Guard. The re-enlistment of these men provides a nucleus of veterans which is the best assurance of the permanent and future development of their organizations. These service stripes, so proudly worn by the veterans of Troop A and Headquarters

Troop, are the first issued in Wisconsin and among the first in the entire United States.

Troop A was the first Wisconsin unit to reorganize after the World War and was federally recognized on Oct. 24, 1919. Wisconsin's 105th Cavalry claims to be the first Cavalry regiment of the new Guard to be federally recognized in the United States.

Two Wisconsin Cavalry officers are taking the National Guard course at Fort Riley. They are 1st Lieuts. Paul L. Johnson, 105th Cavalry, Milwaukee, and Robert A. Allen, 22d Cavalry Division, Madison. Both officers wrote enthusiastically on the instruction given them at the Cavalry School.

Weekly games of polo on the Cavalry armory grounds are developing much civilian interest in the game among Milwaukeeans. There is intense rivalry between the Post team captained by Lieut. Col. C. F. Sammond and the 1st Squadron team headed by Maj. Charles S. Mercein. Both teams have won an equal number of games to date. Five units of the 105th Cavalry are stationed in Milwaukee and a number of good polo mounts are being developed from among the Government horses in the squadron stables.

NATIONAL GUARD OFFICERS MAKE ENDURANCE RIDE.

An endurance ride by officers of National Guard Cavalry from Providence, R.I., to Boston on Oct. 31, proved highly successful in every respect and gave those who participated a valuable experience.

Maj. Samuel A. Hall, Capt. Earl W. Chandler, Capt. Leighton Bohl, Lieut. John D. Jones, Lieut. John E. Baird and Lieut. Milton H. Price participated in the ride.

The party left the Armory of Mounted Commands, North Main street, Providence, at eight o'clock and five hours and twenty minutes later Major Hall and Lieutenant Baird reported at the 110th Cavalry Armory on Commonwealth avenue, Boston. Sixteen minutes later the other members of the detail reached the rendezvous. After an examination of the mounts, the riders and consideration of time, first honors were awarded to Lieut. J. D. Jones.

The officers reached their destination in time to attend the matinee showing of the Horse Show and Society Circus, being held that week in the Commonwealth Armory, to raise funds to pay for the subsistence of Cavalry horses, the Government having failed to make adequate provision.

WYOMING N.G. FORMING

A SERVICE TROOP.

Maj. Clyde V. Simpson, Cav., U.S.A., the senior instructor on duty with the Wyoming National Guard, has been at Wheatland recently assisting Capt. Paul R. Holtz to reorganize Troop B, into a service troop for the regiment, and it is hoped within the next few weeks to have one of the finest National Guard organizations in the entire state.

The minimum strength of the troop is sixty-five enlisted men, all of whom are armed with .45-caliber Colts automatic pistols and many with sabers and rifles. There are four officers, and one warrant officer, who is the band leader, and many high ranking non-commissioned officers and enlisted specialists, so that all draw a good substantial rate of pay for drills and encampments attended. When equipped for field service a service troop has about 200 horses and mules and about forty-five wagons.

IDAHO NATIONAL GUARD TROOPS TAKE UP POLO.

A round robin practice polo tournament was held at Boise, Idaho, Oct. 13, 14 and 15, in which the members of the 116th Cavalry of the Idaho National Guard took an active part. The Boise Polo Club acted as hosts to the teams from the Headquarters Troop and Troop A of the 116th Cavalry. Another team composed of Regular Army officers also took part. The various teams were massed against each other, not so much with the idea of securing fast contests, but more with the idea of learning the game for the purpose of instruction. Representatives of Troop B, which is located at Weiser, Idaho, were also present. They plan to form a team in that organization.

Headquarters Troop of Boise has been playing the game during the past summer and is getting well equipped to make polo a permanent part of its sports program. Troop A of Gooding has built a good field, secured equipment and some private horses and expects to get at least two full teams out of the organization. Members of Squadron Headquarters Detachment, also located at Gooding, is planning to take up the game. The action of the Boise polo team in sponsoring a practice tournament of this kind is highly appreciated by members of the various National Guard organizations.

During the spring of 1923 it is planned to stage the annual northwest polo tournament at Boise and the 116th Cavalry will probably be represented by at least two good teams.

National Guard Hurt by Comptroller's Decisions

The Comptroller General has recently ruled that National Guard student officers attending Army Service schools are not entitled to the rental allowance in case quarters in kind are not furnished them. The point on which the decision turns is that National Guard officers do not possess permanent stations within the meaning of the law providing for the rental allowance, inasmuch as their homes do not constitute military stations, and absence from home for the purpose of attending Service schools is not absence from a permanent station. Hence, the provision that the rental allowance "shall accrue while an officer is on temporary duty away from a permanent station" is held to act as a bar to the payment of this allowance to National Guard student personnel.

Another point which has caused the Militia Bureau much concern is a Comptroller's ruling of some months past under which a National Guard company officer cannot qualify for armory drill pay for the period that his unit happens to enroll fewer enlisted men than the prescribed recognition strength, regardless of the enlisted strength actually present at the drill, although the number present may be equal to or greater than 60 per cent. of the recognition figure.

The Militia Bureau will recommend legislation to nullify these decisions.

PAY TO N.G. OFFICERS DENIED UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS.

Under a decision of Oct. 17, 1922, recently printed in this paper, the Comptroller General has ruled that a National Guard officer to whom federal recognition has been extended in a grade not provided for by the tables of organization for the unit of which he is a member is not entitled to federal pay in such grade.

The specific case presented dealt with the commanding officer of the Machine Gun Battalion, 211th Anti-Aircraft Artillery, Massachusetts National Guard, who was appointed by the Governor in the grade of lieutenant colonel, while the Regular Army tables of organization prescribe that this position shall be held by a major.

In this connection it may be well to add that the Comptroller's office has informally approved the practice of recognizing National Guard officers in grades lower than those prescribed by the tables of organization in all cases where the state authorities did not feel justified in appointing the officer in the higher grade at the time. Thus one or two cases have been authorized where the machine gun officer of an Infantry regiment was recognized in the grade of captain, although the tables authorized this position to be held by a major.

This was done in order to meet the particular requirements of a case where the candidate, while technically qualified, was so young as to have caused some embarrassment to the state authorities if he had been appointed to a grade higher than some of the senior captains of the regiment. The Militia Bureau does not understand that the Comptroller's ruling above quoted makes it necessary to discontinue this practice.

MAJ. G. W. EASTERDAY, C.A.C., ASSIGNED TO MILITIA BUREAU.

Maj. C. O. Schudt, C.A., who has had general supervision of Coast Artillery matters in the training section of the Militia Bureau for some time, will shortly be relieved by Maj. George W. Easterday, C.A.C., who has been on duty as instructor of the Connecticut National Guard. Major Schudt will go on a month's leave and is scheduled to go to Fort Monroe, Va., where he will take a course of study, which will probably last until May or June. On the completion of this, it is stated, that he will probably be assigned to duty in the summer training.

STATE ACTIVITIES OF THE NATIONAL GUARD.

Col. Arthur W. Little, 369th Inf., N.Y. N.G., is designated to present the State Conspicuous Service Cross on behalf of the state of New York to the following officers of the armies of France: General Gouraud, commanding 4th Armee; Gen. Hely Oissel, commanding 8th Corps d'Armee; General Le Gallais, commanding 16th Division, French army; General Le Bouc, commanding 161st Division, French army; Capt. André de Fonquiere, general staff, 8th Corps of d'Armee; Lieutenant Hessler, French military mission with the American Army.

Brig. Gen. George R. Dyer, N.Y.N.G., will review the 14th Infantry, N.Y.N.G., in its armory in Brooklyn Saturday night, Nov. 25.

A review of the 165th Infantry (69th N.Y.N.G.), Col. John J. Phelan, by Brig. Gen. George R. Dyer, commanding the 87th Brigade, will be held in the armory, 68 Lexington avenue, New York city, Wednesday night, Nov. 15.

2d Corps Reservists Organize Chapter

The 2d Corps Area Chapter of the Reserve Officers' Association of the United States met at the armory of the 212th Artillery, N.Y.N.G., New York city, Nov. 6, the armory having been placed at its disposal through the courtesy of Col. Nelson B. Burr, commanding the 212th. Col. John Ross Delafield presided.

The report of the committee on organization was read by its chairman, Col. Charles S. Bryan. The charter was adopted.

Officers were elected as follows: Col. John Ross Delafield, president; Lieut. Col. Robert P. McDowell, 98th Division, vice president; Lieut. Col. Archibald G. Thacher, second vice president; Maj. Philip B. Paul, 61st Cav., secretary; Maj. George A. Mount, 78th Division, treasurer.

The following were elected as an advisory council: Maj. Dudley Davis, 77th Division; Lieut. Col. H. H. Burdick, 78th Division; Maj. Weston Jenkins, 98th Division; Lieut. Col. Thomas B. Clark, 61st Cav.; Maj. Joseph A. Lawson, 78th Division; and Col. Charles S. Bryan, non-divisional.

Among other business, a brief memorandum received from Brig. Gen. Henry J. Reilly, O.R.C., president of the national body, was read, showing the budget allowances and the actual appropriations made for the National Guard, the Reserve Officers' Training Corps, the Citizens' Military Training Camps, and for Reserve officers, and also showing the budget provisions for the river and harbor work, and the actual appropriations in that matter. General Reilly's memorandum pointed out that all of the budget figures for the military work of the organizations above stated had been cut down in ratios varying from fifteen per cent. to seventy-six per cent., while the rivers and harbors budget amount had been increased in the actual appropriations sixty-one per cent. General Reilly in his memorandum also emphasized the immediate need for the Reserve Officers' Association to endeavor to overcome this situation so threatening to the organizations in question.

Maj. Gen. Robert Lee Bullard, U.S.A., commander of the 2d Corps Area, and Brig. Gen. William Weigel, U.S.A., in charge of the Reserve activities of the 2d Corps Area, and Col. Willis Uline, U.S.A., chief of staff, 98th Division, made brief and interesting remarks.

The following resolution was adopted: "That the 2d Corps Area Chapter of the Reserve Officers' Association of the United States at its first meeting demands that the Congress of the United States, at its coming session, make the necessary and proper appropriations to carry out the provisions of the National Defense act as it now stands, and be it further resolved, that this resolution be forwarded to the National Council of this Association with the request that it be transmitted to all the Senators and Representatives in Congress."

After the meeting adjourned steps were taken for the early organization of state associations in New York and New Jersey.

DESPEDIDA TO COL. MORROW, U.S.A., BY 78TH DIVISION, O.R.

As an expression of the appreciation of the successful effort made and the enthusiasm shown by Col. William M. Morrow, Inf., U.S.A., chief of staff, 78th Division, O.R., in organizing and carrying on the work of the division, as well as an expression of their regret at his departure, the officers of the division tendered him a "despedida" at the Essex Club in Newark, N.J., Oct. 21.

Unit commanders, their staffs and many other officers of the division were present and everyone of the party was given an opportunity to express his feelings of gratitude toward Colonel Morrow for his consistent kindness to the officers of the division, the get-together spirit which Colonel Morrow had engendered in the division, and to voice regret at his loss from the division.

At the outset of the proceedings Colonel Morrow was presented on behalf of the officers with a gold wrist watch, beautifully engraved with the insignia of the division, and a statement of the presentation. The party was loath to see its first chief of staff go and each man present renewed his pledge that he would carry on the work for the division with the same spirit with which he had been imbued by Colonel Morrow.

LIEUT. F. C. WATKINS, O.R.C., CITED FOR GALLANTRY IN ACTION.

First Lieut. Ferre C. Watkins, Inf. O.R.C., Bloomington, Ill., has been cited for gallantry in action near Beaumont, France, Nov. 10, 1918, while serving as a first lieutenant, 356th Infantry, 89th Division.

The official citation says: "At the crossing of the Meuse river when his company commander was struck down by a high explosive shell, Lieutenant Watkins, unhesitatingly assumed command of the company, led it forward in the assault were against terrific shell fire, which caused the loss of half the enlisted personnel and all except four of the officers, gained the objective and consolidated his position."

These columns are open to all members of the National Guard and Reserve forces. The Army and Navy Journal will be glad to publish communications, answer questions and help solve problems confronting men in the Service. News items of local activities will be especially welcomed.

Officers' Reserve Corps Commissions Accepted

The following acceptances of commissions in the Officers' Reserve Corps, in the sections indicated, were announced on the dates noted:

Accepted Appointments Oct. 28.

Bigelow, W. F., Capt., Inf., Natick, Mass.
Pearl, R. H., Capt., Inf., Casa Grande, Ariz.
Thacher, E. S., Col., F.A., Columbus, Ohio.

Accepted Appointments Nov. 1.

Ballantyne, L. B., Col., Cav., Newark, N.J.
Cleveland, L. L., Capt., Inf., Springfield, Mass.
Cusack, C. F., Maj., Cav., Denver, Colo.
Deadrich, E. Z., 1st Lt., Q.M., Ponca City, Okla.
Donahoe, F. F., 1st Lt., Dent, Lowell, Mass.
Faulds, J. W., 1st Lt., Fin., San Antonio, Tex.
Goodale, R. E., 1st Lt., Inf., Tipton, Ia.
Hamilton, E. C., 2d Lt., A.S., Sigourney, Ia.
Harmon, K. M., 2d Lt., Cav., Houston, Texas.
Herrold, R. D., Capt., Med., Chicago, Ill.
Thornley, F. R., 2d Lt., F.A., Cashton, Wis.
Olson, J. T., 2d Lt., Inf., Walla Walla, Wash.
Phillips, F. H., 2d Lt., Q.M., Fort Wayne, Ind.
Sahr, W. L., 1st Lt., Dent, South Hutchinson, Minn.

Seay, W. M., 2d Lt., Inf., Marion, Ala.
Shaw, E. E., 1st Lt., Cav., Oklahoma City, Okla.
Stoker, E. D., 2d Lt., Inf., Winnetka, Ill.
Stone, H. F., Maj., Q.M., Lawrence, L.I., N.Y.
Sullivan, R. J., 2d Lt., Fin., Eau Claire, Wis.
Tanner, W. P., Capt., Q.M., New York, N.Y.
Thornley, F. R., 2d Lt., F.A., Cashton, Wis.
Timmons, G. L., 1st Lt., F.A., Chickasha, Okla.
Varley, J. B., 2d Lt., Vet., Ithaca, N.Y.
Wiard, S., 1st Lt., Ord., Stratford, Conn.

Accepted Appointments Nov. 2.

Reeves, E. H., Maj., F.A., New Haven, Conn.
Whitman, E. A., Capt., Inf., Springfield, Ohio.
Vandervoort, A. D., Capt., F.A., Lansing, Mich.

Accepted Appointments Nov. 3.

Askew, W. B., 2d Lt., Inf., Oklahoma City, Okla.
Bach, R. P., Capt., Engr., Newton Highlands, Mass.
Closson, E. R., 1st Lt., Inf., Southboro, Mass.
Connolly, G. F., Col., C.A., San Francisco, Calif.
Forberg, O. W., 1st Lt., Inf., Fitchburg, Mass.
Goree, J. D., 2d Lt., A.S., Calexico, Calif.
Hammond, T. H., Lt. Col., C.A., Providence, R.I.
Heggen, J. M., 2d Lt., Inf., Longmont, Colo.
Heisner, G. W., 2d Lt., Inf., New York city.
Hendrickson, G. W., 2d Lt., Cav., Springfield, Mass.
Leyden, T. A., Capt., Med., Annapolis, Md.
McNeese, T. J., 2d Lt., Inf., Fargo, N.D.
Manico, W. DeF., Capt., Cav., Old Westbury, L.I., N.Y.
Martin, P. E., 2d Lt., Inf., Camp Meade, Md.
Mixon, N. A., 2d Lt., Cav., Louisville, Ky.
Morris, E. H., 1st Lt., Med., Austin, Minn.
Powell, H. K., 1st Lt., Q.M., Houston, Tex.
Rall, S. E., 2d Lt., Inf., Cedar Rapids, Ia.
Roote, J. B., Lt. Col., Inf., Seattle, Wash.
Sleeper, H. R., 2d Lt., Engr., Brooklyn, N.Y.
Smith, R. B., 1st Lt., F.A., Palmyra, N.J.
Solinski, W. J., 2d Lt., Inf., Camp Dix, N.J.
Thomas, R. N., 1st Lt., Inf., Cleveland, Ohio.
Thompson, C. A., Maj., Med., Muskogee, Okla.
Wahl, J. T., 2d Lt., Q.M., Louisville, Ky.
Wever, J. M., 2d Lt., Inf., New York city.
Wingorier, E. G., Capt., Inf., Erie, Pa.
Winternits, D. H., Capt., Med., Colorado Springs, Colo.
Wyatt, W. F., 2d Lt., Inf., Easley, S.C.

Accepted Appointments Nov. 4.

Ashley, R. C., 2d Lt., M.P., San Antonio, Tex.
Ball, A. Van V., 2d Lt., Inf., Schenectady, N.Y.
Bail, W. G., 2d Lt., C.A., New York, N.Y.
Beane, W. Y., 2d Lt., Inf., Chicago, Ill.
Branson, M. A., 2d Lt., Cav., Lawrence, Kas.
Buckley, H. H., 1st Lt., Inf., Hayti, Mo.
Campbell, C. O., 2d Lt., F.A., Salem, Ore.
Campbell, J. B., Capt., M.I., Chicago, Ill.
Carraway, B. H., 1st Lt., Q.M., High Point, N.C.
Curl, H. D., 2d Lt., Inf., Fort Dodge, Ia.
Eaton, R. S., 2d Lt., Inf., Alton, Ill.
Fitzgerald, J. A., 1st Lt., F.A., Dell Rapids, S.D.
Gall, E. A., 2d Lt., Inf., Menno, S.D.
Grimes, G. H., Capt., Inf., Winchester, Va.
Heerlein, C. E., Jr., 2d Lt., C.A., Peekskill, N.Y.
Holley, J. M., Maj., Fin., Lacrosse, Wis.
Johnson, M. R., 1st Lt., Inf., Chicago, Ill.
Jones, E. L., 2d Lt., Q.M., Mitchell, S.D.
Keese, G. M., Maj., Inf., Brooklyn, N.Y.
Kerr, O. P., 2d Lt., Cav., Dallas, Tex.
Landolt, H. L., Capt., Inf., Washington, D.C.
Leonard, F. S., 1st Lt., Med., Cascade, Ia.
Lieber, J. H., 2d Lt., F.A., Muskogee, Okla.
MacDonough, W. F., 2d Lt., Inf., Fort Hancock, N.J.
McDonough, J. E., Capt., Inf., Raleigh, N.C.
Martinez, A. D., Capt., Inf., Cabo Rojo, P.R.
Meriwether, W. A., 2d Lt., M.P., San Antonio, Tex.
Morton, H. A., 2d Lt., F.A., Fort Sill, Okla.
Norton, M. F., 1st Lt., Sig., New York, N.Y.
Norton, P. J., Col., Inf., Springfield, Mass.
Pancoast, D. F., Maj., Engr., Lakewood, Ohio.
Rabinoff, L. G., 2d Lt., Fin., Washington, D.C.
Rose, G. S., 2d Lt., A.S., Carthage, Mo.
Sabaria, R., 2d Lt., Inf., Sabana Grande, P.R.
Scott, J. H., Capt., F.A., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Skipper, J. R., 2d Lt., F.A., Stenleville, Ohio.
Smith, F. LeF., Maj., Med., Rochester, Minn.
Summerville, A. M., 2d Lt., Inf., Mitchell Field, L.I., N.Y.
Swanson, W. E., Col., Inf., Chicago, Ill.
Taylor, M. C., Capt., F.A., Concord, Mass.
Thaisen, G. D., 2d Lt., Inf., Chicago, Ill.
Tuttle, G. B., 2d Lt., M.I., Newark, N.J.
Walker, F. B., Lt. Col., Med., Detroit, Mich.
Wilson, C. H., Maj., Inf., Daytona, Fla.
Wilson, L. G., Maj., S.S., Washington, D.C.
Wood, C. G., Capt., Q.M., Muncie, Ind.

Accepted Appointments Nov. 6.

Aberde, G. F., 1st Lt., Inf., Philadelphia, Pa.
Bardwell, R. D., Capt., Ord., Pittsfield, Mass.
Blalock, E. H., 2d Lt., A.S., Jacksonville, Tex.
Bryant, A. A., Jr., 2d Lt., Inf., Coffeeville, Miss.
Capen, E. A., 1st Lt., Cav., Troup, Tex.

Castle, J. G., 1st Lt., F.A., Buffalo, N.Y.
Collins, T. J., Capt., F.A., College Park, Ga.
Converse, F. L., Lt. Col., Inf., Boston, Mass.
Cooke, E. F., Maj., Med., Houston, Tex.
Cooper, W. J., Capt., Inf., San Antonio, Tex.
Crothers, H. D., 1st Lt., Inf., Grand Rapids, Mich.
Culbertson, R. R., Capt., Inf., Maud, Okla.
Davis, H. C., 1st Lt., Engr., Cranford, N.J.
Dunne, F. P., 2d Lt., Cav., Lexington, Ky.
Dyer, L. B., Capt., C.A., Vinalhaven, Me.
Elliott, S. LeG., 1st Lt., Dent, Pipestone, Minn.
Farnham, G. W., Capt., C.A., Lynbrook, L.I., N.Y.
Fowler, W. C., 2d Lt., Q.M., Brooklyn, N.Y.
Francis, H. Van P., 2d Lt., Inf., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Howell, R. L., Capt., Inf., Muskogee, Okla.
Hummels, A. P., 1st Lt., Inf., Bogota, N.J.
Johnston, W. H., 1st Lt., Inf., Washington, D.C.
Leonard, G. R., 2d Lt., Engr., Roseland, N.J.
Lockhart, J. W., Capt., F.A., East Norwalk, Conn.
McDonald, J. A., 2d Lt., Inf., Valley City, N.D.
McNaughton, W. H., 1st Lt., F.A., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Madison, E. A., 1st Lt., Inf., Phoenix, Va.
Mason, H. A., 1st Lt., A.S., Washington, D.C.
Middleton, W. S., 2d Lt., Inf., Morgantown, W.Va.
Miller, R. B., 2d Lt., Inf., Laramie, Wyo.
Morris, J. B., 2d Lt., F.A., Beaumont, Texas.
Mulling, A. L., 2d Lt., Inf., New York city.
Nelson, B. H. L., 2d Lt., F.A., Chicago, Ill.
Noyes, H. C., 2d Lt., Inf., New Haven, Conn.
Poire, A. E., Col., Engr., Highland Park, Ill.
Pitts, A. F., Capt., Inf., Chicago, Ill.
Roarke, O. A., Capt., C.A., Providence, R.I.
Seymour, R. J., Capt., Inf., Fort Collins, Colo.
Smith, B. B., 2d Lt., Inf., Oklahoma City, Okla.
Urban, W. P., Capt., Cav., Buffalo, N.Y.
Van Heest, W. F., 2d Lt., Inf., Passaic, N.J.
Verbeck, K., 2d Lt., Inf., Manlius, N.Y.
Whitney, B. E., 2d Lt., Inf., Hartford, Conn.

65TH CAVALRY DIVISION O.E. HAS DESIGNED AN INSIGNIA.

A proposed insignia for the 65th Cavalry Division, Organized Reserves, for use as a shoulder patch has been submitted to The Adjutant General of the Army for approval. In the insignia submitted the silhouette of a horse and rider is black on a yellow background, with the arm of the Service designated by a border of the color authorized for such arm, viz.: red for Artillery, black for Division Headquarters, buff for Quartermaster, etc. The Cavalry combat units are designated by a plain yellow background without a border. The outlines of the rider and the equipment are brought out by the use of yellow thread.

The headquarters of the 65th Cavalry Division are at Chicago, Ill., and the first number of an official bulletin has just been issued, which contains news of value to the division.

A division directory giving the assignment and attachment of all Reserve officers to units of the division, also a list of addresses of these officers, will be issued by these headquarters about Jan. 1, 1923. This will be in addition to the monthly bulletin. Maj. W. C. Christy is the acting chief of staff of the division.

Reserve Officer Program Under Budget Allowance

The War Department will shortly send to the corps area commanders the program for the Reserve officers under the budget allowance. This will be some time in December, so as to give the corps area commanders an opportunity to get in touch with Reserve officers and arrange for the detail of Reservists to Service schools, and make arrangements for next summer's training activities.

Under the requirements of the Budget Bureau, the pay for Reserve officers on active duty was reduced to \$1,746.700. The recommendation of the War Department, it is understood, calls for an expenditure of over \$2,000,000 for this purpose. As the budget estimates are being worked out, there will be nineteen Reserve officers on active duty with the General Staff. One general officer of the Reserves, Brigadier General Sawyer, will be continued on duty at the White House. There will be allowance for 150 Reserve officers who will be authorized to go on active duty for three months to take a course at the Service schools. As was the case last year, 900 Reserve officers will be on duty for forty-five days in connection with the citizens' training camps. These 900 officers will be selected from those who take the regular fifteen days' training.

According to the estimates that are being prepared, the budget allowance provides for a fifteen days' training period for 15,000 officers. Owing to the necessity of having a number of Reserve officers on active duty for a longer period, the number of Reservists who will be on active duty will be reduced below 15,000.

The War Department is anxious to have the tentative program in the hands of the corps area commanders at the earliest possible date so that the Reserve officers will be given as long a time as possible to arrange their affairs. With this tentative program in hand, the corps area commander can modify it to fit the appropriations that are made by Congress. It is believed that a good deal of time can be saved by this arrangement, which will be of great value to Reserve officers who desire to apply for active duty.



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Army Heraldry

By a General Staff Officer

11TH ANTI-AIRCRAFT ARTILLERY,
MASSACHUSETTS NATIONAL GUARD.



Crest.—That for the regiments of the Massachusetts National Guard: On a wreath argent and gules a dexter arm clothed and ruffed proper grasping a broad sword argent pommel and hilted or.

Shield.—Azure a bend gules fimbriated argent between in chief a pine tree proper and in base a cross pomme of the second fimbriated of the third. On a canton gules fimbriated or a pierced mullet of six points of the last surmounted by a cross of the same, environed with an annulet azure.

Motto.—Monstrat Viam.

Name.—211th—1st Corps Cadets, Massachusetts—Artillery.

The "1st Corps Cadet" is the first National Guard regiment in New England to complete its coat of arms, and it is fitting that this should be, for the 211th, in spite of this very modern designation, is one of our oldest military organizations, having marched under the King's colors of Old England and under the Pine Tree Revolutionary flag of New England before the Stars and Stripes had been devised.

The "Independent Company of Cadets" was organized in 1741 as the body guard to the Governor of the Province of Massachusetts Bay. It had three officers ranking as field officers, the captain ranking as lieutenant colonel, this in conformity with the "household troops" of the British army. The first captain was Lieut. Col. Benjamin Pollard, whose commission dated Oct. 16, 1741, signed by Governor William Shirley, is still in the possession of the corps and is regarded as its charter.

In 1774 John Hancock was the commander and as such escorted General Gage from Long Wharf to the Council Chamber in the State House (note the names of the two men and the dates when the new governor landed in Boston. The lion and the unicorn are still on the old State House and the cadets still escort the governor, but the red coats with the white cross belts were replaced in 1786 by white coats with red facings in honor of the white uniforms of our French allies.

The crest is one of the oldest and most characteristic of the state devices. Under the charter of 1623 the "Governor and Company of Massachusetts Bay" were granted a seal, the elements of which persist in the present seal of the state. Under James II this seal was changed and in 1689 the royal arms of the English sovereign formed the basis of the design. The Revolutionary Government of 1775 discarded this and devised a new one, displaying a warlike colonial holding a sword in one hand, defending a scroll marked "Magna Charta" in the other. This device furnished the inspiration for the very well known Massachusetts crest which was adopted in 1780, the arm with ruffed coat sleeve brandishing the sword.

The shield is blue, indicating the Infantry service of the "Corps" in all its wars, save the last one, and across the blue field is the red and white bordered band indicating the Engineer service in the World War. Above is the Pine Tree of the Bunker Hill flag and below the cross with trefoil ends, the badge of the 18th Corps in the Civil War. In the canton is the old badge of the "Cadets," which first appeared on the colors presented in 1786 by Governor Bowdoin. The motto, "It points the way," appears on the star when the latter is used as a badge either on the uniform or on company plate and stationery.

The Governor, royal, colonial and state, has always been the honorary colonel of the cadets, and the company as such took no part in the Revolution until after the British had evacuated Boston. As individuals, however, they seem to have been busy enough to satisfy the most exacting. After this event, however, the cadets as an organization, in spite of their many absences in other units, served through the war in New England and with particularly trying service in the Rhode Island campaign. In the trying times of the post-revolutionary period the cadets did good service in "Shay's Rebellion." The corps served in the War of 1812 and contributed personnel to the Mexican War.

On the outbreak of the Civil War it was called into service at Fort Warren. The quality of its personnel was such that the men on its first muster rolls became officers, mostly in Massachusetts regiments, of course, almost to a man. The greater portion of the officers of the 2d Massachusetts Infantry, called by high authority outside the state "the best officered regiment of volunteers in the Army," were Cadets. The officers of the 20th and 24th

Regiments were largely former Cadets and those of the 45th Massachusetts were nearly all from the Corps.

For the greater portion of the first century and a half of the life of the Corps its armory was Faneuil Hall, but of late years the Cadets have occupied their own armory. The title to this building and to the Camp Ground at Hingham is held by the alumni of the Corps, its Veteran Association.

ARMY MEDICAL

CORRESPONDENCE COURSES.

The object of Army Correspondence Courses is that of providing military training and education by correspondence school methods for the personnel of the Officers' Reserve Corps, and for civilians who may volunteer for such courses. National Guard officers may also apply for these courses, but such application should be made in good faith with a view to completing the course after enrollment.

Applications for enrollment for the Medical, Dental or Veterinary Correspondence Course should be made to commanding general of corps area in which applicant resides.

Under direction of the Surgeon General there have been prepared two courses which are a part of the Army Correspondence Course. These are divided into short instruction units, or subcourses, and the scope of each course is made flexible in order to meet the needs of the individual student. Students are permitted to progress as rapidly or as slowly as their time and interest dictate, the only requirement being that to maintain his enrollment the student must complete a full instruction year, which requires approximately thirty-nine hours of work. Experienced officers with one or more years of service during the World War should be able readily to complete this work within the prescribed time.

The number of text-books available for issue without charge is limited because of deficient appropriations. It is, however, believed that many officers will find they possess certain of the books needed in the courses. Charges for books will be kept at a minimum, and each course will show the list required for study.

The following are courses prepared for officers of the Medical Department:

Medical Corps Course "A."

The purpose of this course is to give the student a knowledge of the duties every Army medical officer may be called upon to perform soon after his entry upon active service. It deals with early post duties, organization and tactical employment of line troops, service with the medical regiment, hospitalization, sanitary devices, first-aid and military law. The course requires 195 hours of work.

Subcourse I. Early Post Duties.

Military correspondence, customs and courtesies, relations as staff officer to other officers of the Service, pay and mileage, routine reports and returns, instruction, clothing and pay of a detachment, sick call. Thirty-nine hours.

Subcourse II. Post Duties (continued).

Procurement and accounting for Government property; routine administrative duties as detachment commander; post exchange councils and councils of administration; control of infectious and communicable diseases; water, milk and food supplies. Thirty-nine hours.

Subcourse III. Organization and Tactical Employment of Line Troops.

Organization of units of the line, their power, limitations; tactical employment of medical units attached to line organizations; map reading and sketching. Thirty-nine hours.

Subcourse IV. Service with the Medical Regiment.

Organization, administration, equipment and tactical employment; tent pitching, care of animals and of motor transportation; conduct of motor convoys; disposition of medical troops on march; hygiene of march, selection of camp sites, hygiene of billets, trenches and battlefields. Thirty-nine hours.

Subcourse V. Hospitalization.

General provisions governing Medical Department management of hospital wards, pharmacies and messes; preparation of sick and wounded reports, statistical reports and other Medical Department reports and returns; management of hospital ships and trains, and hygiene of troop ships and trains. Seventeen hours.

Subcourse VI. Sanitary Devices, First Aid, Military Law.

These have been grouped together in one subcourse not because of their inter-relationship, but because they are essential subjects for the basic course and could not be included elsewhere without interrupting the unity of the subcourse.

Course "B."

Advanced Tactics and Technique.

Subcourse I. Special Subjects.
Logistics, supply, commercial law, principles of statistical computation, duties of division, corps and Army surgeons and sanitary inspectors, doctrines, principles and methods; organization of the General Staff; organization of the theater of operations, of the sanitary service in the field; estimate of the situation; casualty estimates; tactical problems. Thirty-nine hours.

The Office of the Surgeon General has recently sent out to the various corps area headquarters all of the Medical, Dental and Veterinary Course "A." Subcourse I, and all of the Course "B" in Advanced Tactics and Technique. The other subcourses of Course "A" are being mailed as rapidly as mimeographed.

Promotions and Retirements

Col. William Chamberlaine, Gen. Staff (Coast Art. Corps), U.S.A., upon his own application is retired from active service to take effect Dec. 31, 1922, after more than thirty-four years' service. During the World War he served as a temporary brigadier general and was awarded the D. S.M. for exceptionally meritorious and distinguished services. As commanding

general of the Railway Artillery Reserve, he rendered valuable services to the American Expeditionary Forces in the operations of the Railway Artillery units during the Meuse-Argonne offensive.

Colonel Chamberlaine was born in Virginia March 1, 1871, and was graduated from the U.S.M.A., in the class of 1892, and was assigned to the 2d Artillery. Among other duties he served as an instructor at West Point in chemistry, mineralogy and geology, was assistant to the Chief of Artillery, and a member of the Artillery Board, and of the General Staff. He also served as assistant chief of staff in the Philippines Division, was C.O. at Fort Warren, Mass., and Director of Artillery at Coast Artillery School, Fort Monroe. He organized the 6th, afterward the 51st Provisional Regiment of Coast Artillery in 1917, at Fort Adams, R.I., and sailed for France Aug. 14, 1917, where he was among other duties commandant of the General Reserve of Heavy Artillery.

Colonel Chamberlaine was later in command of the 2d Brigade of Field Artillery, 2d Division, May 11 to June 26, 1918, and of the Railway Artillery, 1st Army, A.E.F., June 29 to Oct. 23, 1918, and was in command of the Railway Artillery of the A.E.F., Oct. 23, 1918, to Jan. 7, 1919. He participated in the battle of Chemin des Dames and Verdun, was at Bois de Belleau, in the St. Mihiel and Argonne-Meuse offensives.

Col. William B. Banister, Med. Corps, U.S.A., who was recently ordered to be retired from active service on Dec. 15, 1922, on his own application after more than thirty-six years' service as was previously briefly noted in the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, was born in Huntsville, Ala., Oct. 14, 1861, was honor graduate of the Hospital College of Medicine, Louisville, Ky.; in 1883 passed the Army Medical Board and was made contract surgeon in 1885. He was commissioned first lieutenant, Med. Corps, U.S.A., Jan. 26, 1886. He served all through Geronimo campaign (Apache Indian), the Wounded Knee campaign (Sioux Indians) and the Santiago campaign, Spanish-American War. Colonel Banister was recommended for brevet lieutenant colonelcy for attending wounded under fire in the San Juan Hill engagement. Sailing for Manila in November, 1890, he was brigade surgeon of General Hall's brigade, holding the line of defense of Manila until June, 1900, when he was sent as chief surgeon on the China Relief Expedition, against the Boxers. He was again recommended for brevet promotion for attending wounded under fire at the battle of Tientsin, and was officially commended in a report to the War Department by General Chaffee for later work of that campaign as chief surgeon on General Chaffee's staff.

Colonel Banister organized the Medical Department of the 2d Division and was its chief surgeon at Texas City and Galveston for two and one-half years at the time of our Mexican trouble. He trained and took to France Base Hospital No. 28 during the World War, organizing and commanding a hospital center at Limoges, France, which successfully cared for 23,000 sick and wounded. Colonel Banister was made an officer of the Legion of Honor by the French government in recognition of his work at Limoges.

Col. E. Eveleth Winslow, Corps of Engrs., U.S.A., who was retired from active service Nov. 1, 1922, for disability incident thereto, served as a temporary brigadier general during the World War and was awarded the D.S.M., for exceptionally meritorious and conspicuous service. The citation said: "While in charge of the military section of the office of the Chief of Engineers, during the early period of the war, his services were marked by the energy, zeal and good judgment which were essential to the procurement of personnel and equipment, and the organization and training of engineer organizations for overseas service." Other services of Colonel Winslow included charge of various river and harbor and fortification work in Tennessee, Wilmington, N.C., Norfolk, Honolulu, San Francisco and Panama Canal Zone, and other places.

Lieut. Col. Arthur P. S. Hyde, Coast Art., U.S.A., was retired from active service Oct. 31, 1922, for disability incident to the service. He was born in Newark, N.J., Oct. 17, 1875, and was graduated from the U.S.M.A., in the class of 1900, when he was assigned to the 15th Infantry. He was transferred to the Artillery the following July.

Colonel Hyde, who is a distinguished graduate of the Artillery School, has received the following official commendations:

By The Adjutant General, State of Washington, in his bi-ennial report to the Governor for 1917-18, in which he said: "During his four years' tour with the state, Captain Hyde served with devotion and marked efficiency and the state of Washington owes him much."

By Chief of Artillery, A.E.F., for manner of handling a delicate diplomatic matter with the French authorities in connection with the Tractor Artillery School at Dourdan, France.

By the Director of P.S. and T. on a material saving made in the purchase of certain real estate.

Recommended August, 1919, for promotion to grade of brigadier general.

By department commanders on organization and conduct of educational, recrea-

tional and moral training activities in the Canal Zone.

Colonel Hyde, in addition to serving at posts in the United States and Canal Zone, served during the World War with the A.E.F., as lieutenant colonel of 63d Coast Artillery. He was in command of American Section, Tractor Artillery School No. T.M. 1401 at Dourdan. At front in St. Mihiel sector for tour of observation and instruction. Returned to United States to join 39th Field Artillery, 13th Division, Camp Lewis, Wash. Arrived one week before armistice. He was assigned to command of Field Artillery Replacement Division, Camp Taylor, Ky., and was later assigned to duty with the P.S. and T. Division of the General Staff in Washington, as Chief of the Procurement Branch of the Real Estate Service. He was married in 1907 to Miss Lena Ralston Viole of New York, and has three children.

Lieut. Col. Frederick Goedecke, Inf., U.S.A., was retired from active service Nov. 21, 1922, for disability incident thereto. He was born in Iowa March 21, 1873, and served during the war with Spain as a captain in the 60th Iowa Infantry, and in the 34th U.S. Volunteer Infantry, his service including duty in Philippine campaigns. He entered the Regular Army as a first lieutenant, 15th Infantry, in June, 1901. He was later assigned to duty as an officer of the 26th, 17th, 15th, 17th, 55th and 10th Regiments of Infantry.

Lieut. Col. Ralph C. Caldwell, Cav., U.S.A., who was retired from active service Nov. 21 for disability incident thereto, was born in Ohio Sept. 27, 1876. During the war with Spain he enlisted in the 41st U.S. Volunteer Infantry and served with it in Philippine campaigns, rising to the rank of second lieutenant in the organization. He accepted a commission in the Regular Army as a second lieutenant, 11th Cavalry, in March, 1902, and later served in the 7th, 6th and 4th Cavalry.

Major Albert H. Barkley, Q.M. Corps, U.S.A., was retired from active service Oct. 31, 1922, for disability incident to the service. He was born in New York Sept. 16, 1881, and was graduated from the U.S.M.A., in the class of 1904, when he was assigned to the Artillery Corps. Colonel Barkley, among other duties served in the Philippines, and in the Army Mine Planter Service and with the A.E.F. during the World War. For a time he was C.O. at Cherbourg, was at Brest as acting adjutant, Base Section No. 5, assistant Q.M., 2d Corps, and assistant inspector general, S.O.S. On returning to the United States he was assigned to duty in Washington. He was last on duty at Paris, France.

Maj. Wallace F. Baker, Fin. Dept., U.S.A., was retired from active service Nov. 3, 1922, upon his own application after more than thirty-three years' service. He was born in Illinois Dec. 25, 1868, and entered the Regular Army as a second lieutenant, Q.M. Corps, in July, 1916.

After more than twenty-eight years' honorable and faithful service, Master Sergt. Joseph Omlor, Q.M.C., was placed on the retired list, Oct. 28, 1922. Master Sergeant Omlor first enlisted in Troop H, 2d Cav., U.S. Army, July 12, 1892, and re-enlisted in 1897 in the same regiment. Subsequent re-enlistments were in the 6th Cavalry and 14th Cavalry, Q.M.C. and School for Bakers and Cooks. He served in Cuba, the Philippines and China as well as other places.

In announcing his retirement in G.O. 16, Fort Hamilton, N.Y., the post commander says:

"Master Sergeant Omlor has served fifteen years in the Cavalry and thirteen years in the Quartermaster Corps. The record of his services in the Army is highly commendable, he has not had a day's absence without leave during his whole service in the Army, neither has he lost a day from duty through his own misconduct. Through his retirement the Service will lose a valuable member, one who has always had its interest at heart, and who served it well. The post commander voiced the expression of the entire command in wishing Master Sergeant Omlor many happy and prosperous years in civil life."

Upon completion of thirty years and forty-nine days' active service, 1st Sergt. Charles A. Neil, 5th Inf., U.S.A., was placed on the retired list at Fort Williams, Portland, Me., Oct. 19, 1922. Lieut. Col. Reuben Smith, commanding at Fort Williams, under date of Oct. 18, in general orders announcing the retirement of 1st Sergeant Neil says:

"First Sergeant Neil's services have been honorable and faithful throughout his entire career and his example is worthy of recognition by all soldiers of this regiment. The best wishes of all officers and enlisted men of the regiment will follow Sergeant Neil in his well earned retirement, and as a fitting tribute for his faithful service a review will be held in his honor at Fort McKinley, Me., Thursday, Oct. 19, 1922, at ten o'clock a.m." He first enlisted Nov. 22, 1899, in Co. H, 41st Inf., and was discharged as a musician with the character of excellent. His subsequent enlistments were in the 27th, 16th, 60th and 5th Infantry, and he received seven discharges with "character excellent."

During his service 1st Sergeant Neil served in four engagements in the Phil-

ippines, served in Alaska and with the A.E.F., France, from July 15, 1918, to Aug. 4, 1919. He took part in the St. Mihiel offensive, Meuse-Argonne offensive, Anzoult sector and St. Die sector. He was wounded in action Oct. 12, 1918, and was gassed Oct. 13. G.O. No. 17, Hqs. 9th Brigade, Dec. 13, 1918, cited him for distinguished conduct in action in the Meuse-Argonne offensive. He was recommended for commission. A review of the troops at Fort McKinley was held for him on Oct. 19, at which time the C.O., Lieut. Col. Reuben Smith, read the general order which announced his retirement.

Obituaries

Obituary notices must be signed by sender.

ARMSTRONG.

Lieut. Roger F. Armstrong, U.S.N., of the Air Service, who was killed instantly in making a test flight at Hampton Roads, Oct. 26, was born in Knoxville, Tenn., Sept. 8, 1894. He was graduated from the Naval Academy in 1917, and after the World War was stationed at Coronado, Calif., where he was in command of a destroyer with the Pacific Fleet, and later was transferred to the Naval Air Service in Pensacola, Fla. For eighteen months prior to his death he was with the Torpedoplane Squadron No. 1 at Hampton Roads. Lieutenant Armstrong is survived by his wife, who was Bonnie Marie Baker of New Rochelle, a year old son and his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Franklin Armstrong, now living in Rochester, N.Y. Lieutenant Armstrong's uncle and aunt, Maj. and Mrs. P. B. Peyton of Shattuck School, Faribault, Minn., attended the funeral at Arlington.

BARBOUR.

Brig. Gen. Lucius A. Barbour, late Adjutant General of Connecticut, seventy-six, prominent for many years in the Connecticut National Guard, died suddenly at his home in Hartford, Conn., Nov. 6, of a heart attack. For many years he was president of the Charter Oak National Bank, which later was merged with the Phoenix National Bank. He was born in Madison, Ind.

BLAKELY.

Mr. John Blakely, Civil War veteran and publisher of the Evening Star of Philadelphia, died at the age of ninety years at his home in Westmont, N.J., Nov. 2. He was the father of Col. George Blakely, I.G. Dept., U.S.A.; Capt. John Russell Young Blakely, U.S.N., and Maj. Charles S. Blakely, Field Art., U.S.A.

COFFEY.

Capt. Edgar N. Coffey, U.S.A., retired, died at Birmingham, Ala., Nov. 2, 1922. He was born in Mississippi May 14, 1869, and entered the Regular Army as a second lieutenant in March, 1902. He had previously served in the 1st Mississippi Volunteers during the war with Spain as a captain, and also as a first lieutenant and captain in the 33d U.S. Volunteer Infantry in Philippine campaigns. After becoming an officer of the Regular Army he served at posts in Texas and Kansas, and went to the Philippines in 1904. He subsequently, among other duties, served in San Francisco and Montana and was retired for disability incident to the service in 1916. As a retired officer of the Army he has been in active service with organized militia of Mississippi at Jackson on general recruiting service, Salt Lake City, Utah; acting quartermaster at Fort George Wright, Wash., July, 1916, to March, 1919; on general recruiting service at Fort Thomas, Ky., from October, 1919, to July, 1920; at Spokane, Wash., Jan. 5, 1921, to June 27, 1921; professor of military science at Birmingham High School, Birmingham, Ala., from March, 1922, to date of death.

DELLY.

Mrs. Isabella Delly, wife of William H. Delly and mother of Mrs. John E. Haywood, wife of Capt. John E. Haywood, Inf., U.S.A., died at Davenport, Iowa, Oct. 15.

COOKE.

Eleanor Mae Cooke, seventeen years of age, died suddenly Sept. 25 at the home of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Drees, Carroll, Iowa. She was a niece of Dr. T. Bates Cooke, Pasadena, Calif.; Delos W. Cooke, associate director of the Cunard Steamship Line, New York city, and Mrs. James, wife of Comdr. A. J. James, U.S.N., whom she visited frequently, and was well known in the younger Navy set.

EDGERLY.

James Bartlett Edgerly, esq., brother of Brig. Gen. W. S. Edgerly, U.S.A., died at Farmington, N.H., Nov. 1, 1922.

HERSEY.

Mark L. Hersey, age two years three months, son of Lieut. Comdr. Mark L. Hersey, jr., U.S.N., and Caroline S. Hersey; grandson of Brig. Gen. Mark L. Hersey, U.S.A., and Elizabeth N. Hersey; and also of Mrs. Augusta Sutherland Stone, died at Washington, D.C., Nov. 3.

HUTTER.

Leo A. Hutter, youngest son of Warrent Officer Frank Hutter, U.S.A., and Mrs. Hutter, died of heart trouble on

Nov. 4 in his sixteenth year at his home, Fort Hamilton, N.Y. He was born in Cleveland, Ohio, Aug. 23, 1906, and the interment was at San Francisco. He is survived by his father, mother, one brother and sister.

MAYNARD.

Harry Lee Maynard, father of Maj. Edwin B. Maynard, Med. Corps, U.S.A.; Maj. John B. Maynard, Coast Art. Corps; Capt. Harry Lee Maynard, jr., Lieut. George C. Maynard and Mr. William G. Maynard. Mr. Maynard, who was an ex-Congressman from the 2d District, Virginia, for ten years, died suddenly at the post hospital, Fort Totten, N.Y., Oct. 23, 1922. He was born in Portsmouth, Va., June 8, 1861. During the World War all of Mr. Maynard's five sons were in the Service, three of them in the Army and two in the Navy.

McNARNEY.

Mrs. Rebecca McNarney, mother of Lieut. Col. Frank T. McNarney, 7th Cav., U.S.A., and grandmother of Maj. Joseph T. McNarney, Air Ser., U.S.A., died at the home of her son, James P. McNarney, at Emporium, Pa., Oct. 28. Mrs. McNarney would have been ninety-one years of age on Nov. 4.

MILLER.

Col. John K. Miller, Adjutant General's Department, died at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D.C., Nov. 3. He was born in Pennsylvania, March 19, 1869, and was graduated from the U.S.M.A. in the class of 1892, when he was assigned to the 8th Infantry. Among other duties he served with his regiment in the Cuban campaign of 1898, and later in the Philippines and on the Mexican border. He also served in France with the A.E.F., and was at Langres, France, instructor and director, Army School of the Line, Feb. 1, 1918, to Jan. 3, 1919; commanding 326th Infantry, Jan. 3, to June 6, 1919 (returned to U.S. May 29, 1919). He was on duty in The Adjutant General's office, Washington, D.C., to date of death.

MILYARD.

First Lieut. Raymond C. Milyard, Air Ser., U.S.A., who was killed Nov. 4 while landing an airplane near Vinton, La., was born in Kansas, Aug. 22, 1890, and entered the Army June 2, 1917, as sergeant in the Q.M. Corps. During the World War he served as a second lieutenant in the Air Service of the National Army. He entered the Air Service of the Regular Army July 1, 1920, as a second lieutenant.

SCHUBERT.

Sergt. Ott J. Schubert, G.S.I., Fort Slocum, N.Y., died on Nov. 2 at U.S. Army and Navy General Hospital, Hot Springs, Ark.

SMALL.

Mrs. Emma Butterfield Small, wife of F. H. G. Small, died at her home in Los Angeles, Calif., on Oct. 29. She was the mother of Lieut. Commander Small, U.S.N., stationed at the Naval Academy; Alfred B. Small of Boston, Mass., and Philip H. Small, San Francisco, Calif.

SMITH.

Col. Thomas L. Smith, U.S.A., retired, according to a newspaper dispatch, dropped dead Oct. 30, in Columbus, Ind., while on a visit to his mother. He was born in Indiana Nov. 12, 1871, and was graduated from the U.S.M.A., in the class of 1893, when he was assigned to the 17th Infantry. Later promotions and assignments made him an officer of the 28th, 17th and 14th Regiments of Infantry and of the Q.M. Corps. He was retired Dec. 5, 1915, for disability in the line of duty. During the World War he was assigned to active duty in the Q.M. Corps and served at the Port of Embarkation, Newport News, Va., and at Washington in the office of the Director of Purchase, Storage and Traffic. His previous service included service in Philippines during the insurrection, and on later tours. He also served in Cuba, 1906-9.

SCHWERTFEGGER.

The late Sergt. Henry Schwertfegger, 28th Infantry Band, a notice of whose death has just been received at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, July 16, enlisted in the Army at the outbreak of the war with Spain in 1898. He had an excellent record as a soldier.

SYKES.

Mrs. Maude C. Sykes, wife of Lieut. Col. Horace F. Sykes, A.G. Dept., U.S.A., died at Chicago, Ill., Oct. 30.

WRIGHT.

Mrs. Pattie Rodman Wright, wife of Col. Walter K. Wright, U.S.A., retired, died at Westfield, N.J., on Nov. 9, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Arthur R. Rule. Mrs. Wright was a sister of Rear Admiral Hugh Rodman, U.S.N.

Service Weddings

Wedding notices must be signed by sender.

BRIMMER—HERO.

Miss Jacklyn Hero, daughter of Col. Andrew Hero, U.S.A., and Mrs. Hero, and granddaughter of the late Brig. Gen. John

M. K. Davis, was married in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, New York city, Oct. 30, to Lieut. Howard Waite Brimmer, 11th Inf., U.S.A., who is stationed at Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind. The ceremony was performed by Bishop Herbert Shipman. The bride was attended by her only sister, Miss Elinor Kelso Hero, who was maid of honor. Mr. Henry E. Sage of Hartford, Conn., was best man. Because Colonel Hero and his family are sailing Nov. 1 for the Philippines only near relatives and intimate friends of the two families attended the ceremony. The guests included Col. and Mrs. Willoughby Walke, Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Cox, Mr. and Mrs. Lynden Hero, Miss Polly Morton, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Nixon, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Henry Wands, Col. and Mrs. Charles Hine, Mr. and Mrs. Prentice Sanger, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. K. Davis and Maj. and Mrs. Henry W. Stovall. Colonel Hero, father of the bride, is a well known Coast Artillery officer and commanded a brigade in France during the war. In the Philippines he will be the commanding officer of Corregidor. For the last year he has been stationed at Fort Totten.

GRAHAM—CARTER.

Capt. and Mrs. Howard Standish Thomas announce the marriage of their sister, Miss Eloise Champe Carter, to Mr. Richard Malcolm Graham, on Tuesday, Nov. 7, at Shrewsbury, N.J. Mrs. Carter is the youngest daughter of the late Lieut. Col. Edward C. Carter, M.C., U.S.A. Mr. Graham served in the Air Service during the World War.

McCURDY—McMANUS.

The marriage of Miss Sarah Catharine McManus, daughter of Col. George H. McManus, Gen. Staff, U.S.A., and Mrs. McManus, to Mr. Horace Winslow McCurdy, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. G. McCurdy of Seattle, Wash., took place Oct. 14 at the home of the bride's uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lee Bushing, Charlestown, V. Va. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Mary Alice McManus, and Sarah De Cunius Bushing acted as flower girl, while Billy Wagner was the ringbearer. The bride received her education at the University of Washington in Seattle, and later studied voice at the New England Conservatory of Music in Boston. Mr. McCurdy is a graduate of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. During the World War he served as an ensign in the United States Navy in the transport fleet. He is now one of the engineers constructing the irrigation dam on the Wichita river in northern Texas, where Mr. and Mrs. McCurdy will reside temporarily.

PAGE—BONZANO.

Mr. Percival Stevens Page of London, England, and Miss Laura Jaspersen Bonzano, daughter of Mrs. Maximilian Y. Bonzano, and granddaughter of the late Gen. John W. Geary, Governor of Pennsylvania, were married Oct. 28 at Guilford, Conn. Mr. and Mrs. Page are sailing immediately for their future home, Manila, P.I. Mrs. Page is well known in Army circles, being a sister of Mrs. Frank E. Harris, wife of Colonel Harris, at present inspector general in the Canal Zone, Panama.

SIMPSON—GRAHAM.

Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm Graham announce the marriage of their daughter, Sarah Aylette, to Lieut. Frank W. T. Simpson, U.S.A., Nov. 4. At home, Brooks Field, San Antonio, Texas.

WILEY—MITCHELL.

A charming house wedding was that solemnized Oct. 28 in Buffalo, N.Y., at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Paulding F. Sellers in Norwood avenue when Miss Henrietta Ingraham Mitchell, daughter of Mrs. David D. Mitchell and the late Col. D. D. Mitchell, U.S.A., was united in marriage to Burnett Pearson Wiley of Buffalo. The officiating clergyman was the Rev. Dr. Charles A. Jessup of St. Paul's Cathedral. The home was beautifully decorated for the occasion. Mrs. Mitchell entered first with her nephew, Comdr. S. I. M. Major, U.S.N. Then came the little flower maiden, Virginia Sellers and Miss Mitchell. The best man was Mr. Randolph Payson. The bride wore a beautiful costume of rare old blonde lace, an heirloom, arranged in draped effect with silver roses. Her veil of old Mechlin lace was held to the temples with little silver wings, and the effect was completed with silver hose and brocade slippers. Her bouquet was of bride roses showered with lilies of the valley. Mrs. Truman Monroe Dodson, 2d, of Bethlehem, Pa., was matron of honor. A reception and supper followed the ceremony, with music by a string orchestra. Mr. and Mrs. Wiley will be at home at No. 50 Gates Circle after Nov. 15.

Engagements

Engagement notices must be signed by sender.

Lieut. Col. Henry R. Richmond, Cav., U.S.A., and Mrs. Richmond of 2150 Beachwood Drive, Hollywood, Calif., announce the engagement of their daughter, Elisabeth, to 1st Lieut. Ralph Eugene Ireland, 1st Machine Gun Squadron, 1st Cavalry

Division, U.S.A. The wedding will take place at their home early in February.

At a buffet supper dance given by Lieut. and Mrs. Harry Montgomery at the Army air post at Arcadia, Calif., recently, announcement was made of the engagement of Capt. Garth Haddock and Mrs. Florence Farke Day of Los Angeles, Calif.

Mrs. Reeves Smith of New York city announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Cornelia L. Smith, to Maj. Harrison W. Stuckey, Med. Corps, U.S.A. Miss Smith is a niece of Brig. Gen. A. L. Smith, retired.

Births

Birth notices must be signed by sender.

BLEDSCOE.

Lieut. A. M. Bledsoe, U.S.N., and Mrs. Bledsoe announce the birth of a son, Albert Stewart, at Long Beach, Calif., Oct. 26.

CAMPBELL.

Second Mate Richard Campbell, A.M. P.S., and Mrs. Campbell announce the birth of a daughter, Mary Jane, on Oct. 27, at Port Townsend, Wash.

DANIELS.

Capt. Morris S. Daniels, jr., U.S.A., and Mrs. Daniels announce the birth of a daughter, Martha Jane, Oct. 27, at the Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D.C. Captain Daniels is stationed at Fort Myer, Va.

DAVIS.

Lieut. Comdr. C. H. Davis, U.S.N., and Mrs. Davis announce the birth of a son, Constant Freeman, on Oct. 24, at Washington, D.C.

DAWLEY.

Maj. Ernest J. Dawley, Field Art., U.S.A., and Mrs. Dawley announce the birth of a daughter, Gail Webster, at Providence, R.I., Oct. 26.

DEVERY.

A daughter, Jean Marie, was born to Capt. J. J. Devery, Air Ser., U.S.A., and Mrs. Devery at Chanute Field, Ill., Oct. 15.

DOUGHERTY.

Capt. Joseph S. Dougherty, Inf. D.O.L., and Mrs. Dougherty announce the birth of a son, Kenneth Delaney, at Berwyn, Md., on Nov. 2.

ELIOT.

A cable of Oct. 31 announced the birth of a son, Amory Sigdon, to Capt. Amory V. Eliot (D.S.C.), 42d Inf., U.S.A., and Mrs. Eliot at Camp Gaillard, C.Z., on Sept. 28.

ENCKHAUSEN.

Capt. F. H. Enckhausen, 33d Inf., U.S.A., and Mrs. Enckhausen announce the birth of a son, Frederick Harry, jr., at Ancon, Panama, C.Z., Oct. 18.

EPPS.

Lieut. Grady David Epps, Inf., U.S.A., and Mrs. Epps announce the birth of a daughter, Mary Barbara, Sept. 16, at Camp Lewis, Wash.

GOODALE.

The birth of a son is announced to Col. G. S. Goodale, 29th Inf., U.S.A., and Mrs. Goodale, Oct. 30, at Fort Benning, Ga.

LAFFERTY.

Capt. Frederick R. Lafferty, Cav., U.S.A., and Mrs. Lafferty announce the birth of a daughter, Dorothy Ann, Sept. 19 at Manila, P.I.

LEMLEY.

Comdr. F. H. Lemley (S.C.), U.S.N. R.F.-1, and Mrs. Lemley announce the birth of a daughter, Oct. 29, at Columbus Hospital, Washington, D.C.

LORSHBOUGH.

The birth of a daughter, Margaret, is announced to Mr. and Mrs. Walter W. Lorchbough, who are spending the winter at the Hotel Canterbury, Boston. Mr. Lorchbough, formerly a commander in the Navy, resigned his commission two years ago.

MacMULLIN.

A son, Robert John, was born at Columbus, Ga., on Oct. 31, to Capt. George M. MacMullin, Inf., U.S.A., and Mrs. MacMullin.

PARKER.

Capt. Gilbert Everhard Parker, Inf., U.S.A., and Mrs. Parker announce the birth of a daughter, Virginia Sturtevant, at Walter Reed General Hospital, Sept. 20.

ROGERS.

Capt. Pleas Blair Rogers, U.S.A., and Mrs. Rogers, Fort Benning, Ga., an-

Army Mutual Aid

A strictly co-operative insurance association that has been providing Army officers with cheap and safe insurance for forty-three years. When war is imminent and during hostilities no insurance is written. With the increase of regular officers following the World War, the Association began again to accept new members and has gained sixty-six per cent. since. Total membership now 2,500. All active commissioned officers under forty-five are eligible. Every member has one and only one vote in the election of officers and management of the association. No paid agents are employed and the expenses of the association average only about \$2 per year per member. Practically all of each premium goes to the payment of benefit and increasing the reserve which is \$650,000.00. One half of benefit is paid by telegraph or cable upon receipt of death notice. All policies are for one amount, i.e., \$3,000. This is positively the cheapest and best insurance for Army officers. Write. Ask questions. Clear up your doubts. Address, Army Mutual Aid Association, War Department, Washington.

announce the birth of a daughter, Blair Louise Rogers, Oct. 11.

TURNER.

Capt. William K. Turner, U.S.A., and Mrs. Turner announce the birth of a daughter, Betty Jane, at Fort McKinley, Me., Oct. 19.

TYCHSEN.

Capt. Andrew C. Tychsen, Inf., U.S.A., and Mrs. Tychsen announce the birth of a son, Charles Ernest, at Minneapolis, Minn., Oct. 28.

VORDTRIEDE.

Master Sergt. Gustave Vordtriede, U.S.A., and Mrs. Vordtriede announce the birth of a daughter on Oct. 29 at Post Hospital, Fort Omaha, Nebr.

WHITELEGG.

Capt. Rudolph F. Whitelegg, U.S.A., and Mrs. Whitelegg announce the birth of a son, Douglas Vincent, Oct. 28, at Newburgh, N.Y.

WILDRICK.

Maj. Meade Wildrick, Coast Art. Corps, U.S.A., and Mrs. Wildrick announce the birth of a son, Meade, Jr., on Sept. 18, at Tripler General Hospital, Honolulu.

Personals

Personal items must be signed by sender.

Mrs. Walter H. Chatfield is visiting Col. and Mrs. Dashiell at their home, Maplewood, Peachtree road, Atlanta, Ga.

Rear Admiral Willard H. Brownson, U.S.N., and Mrs. Brownson have taken apartments at the Lafayette in Washington. Admiral and Mrs. Brownson have recently returned from abroad.

Brig. Gen. Harry Taylor, U.S.A., and Mrs. Taylor entertained at dinner in Washington at the Chevy Chase Club on Nov. 4 in honor of Comdr. W. W. Galbraith, U.S.N., and Mrs. Galbraith of New York, who are the guests of Capt. Luke McNamee, U.S.N., and Mrs. McNamee.

Lieut. James A. Halpin, U.S.N., and Mrs. Halpin have returned to Washington from an extended trip to New York, Key West, Galveston and Houston, Texas. Lieutenant Halpin, who has been attached to the Naval Dispensary for some time, has been transferred to the Naval Hospital for duty.

Col. Edwin Bricker, U.S.A., and Mrs. Bricker entertained at dinner in Washington Nov. 4, taking their guests later to the Chevy Chase Club for dancing. Their guests included Col. Morris Ernest Locke, U.S.A., and Mrs. Locke, Col. F. C. Jewell, U.S.A., and Mrs. Jewell and Col. T. Q. Donaldson, U.S.A., and Mrs. Donaldson.

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Mrs. Scott of Norfolk, wife of Capt. W. Pitt Scott, U.S.N., is the guest of her mother, Mrs. T. DeWitt Talmage, at the Willard in Washington.

Capt. and Mrs. Thomas C. Harry have returned to Washington after a two months' visit in Texas and will be at home, after Nov. 15, at the Wardman Park Annex.

Col. William E. Horton, U.S.A., entertained at dinner at the Chevy Chase Club in Washington on Nov. 4. The guests included Gen. H. H. Bandholtz, U.S.A., and Mrs. Bandholtz.

Comdr. Lee Warren, U.S.N., and Mrs. Warren entertained at tea in Washington Nov. 5 in honor of Comdr. W. W. Galbraith, U.S.N., and Mrs. Galbraith, guests of Capt. Luke McNamee, U.S.N., and Mrs. McNamee.

Col. George T. Langhorne, U.S.A., chief of staff, 62d Cavalry Division, and Maj. Howard R. Smalley, U.S.A., executive officer, 305th Cavalry, attended the meet of the Radnor Hunt Club on Tuesday, near Radnor, Pa.

The 10th U.S. Infantry, Col. Joseph F. Gohn, is now on duty at Fort Thomas, Ky., and is busy recruiting up to a strength of 800 men. Mrs. Gohn, wife of the colonel, will be prominent in the winter activities of the fort, which is to become a social center again.

Rear Admiral A. P. Niblack, U.S.N., and Mrs. Niblack are the guests of Mrs. Frederick Chapin in Washington. Admiral Niblack is on leave from his post as commandant of the navy yard at Charleston, S.C., and will remain in Washington until the middle of November.

Maj. H. E. Mann, Cav., U.S.A., wife and daughter have just returned from a two years' tour of foreign duty with the 9th Cavalry at Camp Stotsenburg, P.I., and are now spending a leave of absence with relatives in New York city. Their present address is Hotel Hargrave, 72d street and Columbus avenue.

Maj. Charles Keller, U.S.A., and Mrs. Keller entertained at the dinner dance given by the officers of the Washington Barracks Club, Oct. 27, for Gen. H. H. Bandholtz and Mrs. Bandholtz, Gen. Briant H. Wells, Mrs. Wells and Miss Jane Wells, Col. W. H. Waldron and Mrs. Waldron, Maj. J. A. Atkins and Mrs. Atkins and Col. Joseph W. Beacham.

Col. J. D. Heysinger, U.S.A., Mrs. Heysinger and Miss Frances Heysinger were the dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Campbell of Indianapolis. Other guests included Mr. and Mrs. C. Bowman, Mr. Smith Bowman, Mr. and Mrs. Metsie, Miss Campbell. After dinner the guests were entertained by the violinist, Albert Spalding of the Cincinnati Symphony Orchestra.

Mrs. Galbraith, wife of Comdr. W. W. Galbraith, U.S.N., who is the guest of Capt. Luke McNamee, U.S.N., and Mrs. McNamee in Washington, was the guest of honor at luncheon Nov. 4 of Mrs. George Dunlop at her home in Chevy Chase. The other guests included Mrs. McNamee, Mrs. Reeve Lewis, Mrs. William Littlefield, Mrs. D. Buchanan Merryman, Mrs. Johnson and Mrs. Harry Taylor.

Mrs. Theodore A. Baldwin, Jr., wife of Colonel Baldwin, U.S.A., who has been commandant of Ross Field, Arcadia, Calif., recently ordered abandoned, has left the Pacific coast for Washington, D. C., to remain until she joins her husband at his new post, Scott Field, Ill. A farewell buffet supper dance in honor of Col. and Mrs. Baldwin was given at the post in Arcadia by Lieut. and Mrs. Harry Montgomery.

The officers of the U.S. Army of the 6th Corps Area have issued invitations to a farewell reception, dinner and dance to be given Maj. Gen. and Mrs. George Bell, Jr., in the Red Room of the La Salle Hotel, Chicago, at 7:30, Monday, Nov. 20, in honor of General Bell's retirement from active service. Admission will be \$5 a plate. Tickets may be obtained upon application to the adjutant, 6th Corps Area, to whom check should be sent.

Captain Cevalieri, who has been inspecting the various naval stations on our coast, was the guest of Capt. W. S. Croley, U.S.N., and Mrs. Croley at the Key West Naval Station. The Everglades with its host Col. R. M. Thompson and his distinguished visitors, Lord and Lady Louis Mountbatten, and Lieut. and Mrs. Neilson dropped anchor at the Key West Station. A fishing party was arranged for the following day at American Shoals. The guests at luncheon on the Everglades included Captain Cevalieri, Capt. and Mrs. W. S. Croley and Mrs. H. E. Welte.

A group of woman friends at Fort Benning, Ga., who have recently returned from China, where their husbands were on duty, have formed a bridge club, which will be known as the China Club. Mrs. F. C. Harding, wife of Captain Harding, was hostess of the club at her home recently. The tea served was brought direct from China as a gift to Mrs. Harding. Those who enjoyed Mrs. Harding's hospitality were: Mrs. Nobel Wiley, Mrs. Robert Ransom, Mrs. Russell Ketchum, Mrs. Grady Hutchinson, Mrs. Alfred Wright, Mrs. John W. Thompson, Mrs. Delaplane, Mrs. J. W. Thompson, wife of Capt. J. W. Thompson, student at Fort Benning, Ga., entertained the club at her home, 1716 Wildwood Drive, Columbus, Ga., Oct. 24.

Mrs. George Dewey, widow of Admiral Dewey, has returned to Washington and reopened her home for the winter.

Mrs. Claude Fay Doyen, widow of General Doyen, U.S.M.C., who recently returned from a trip to the Orient, is now at her home in Annapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. Haller Belt of 3731 Jenifer street, Washington, have as their house guest their niece, Miss Alton Mai Johns of Nashville, Tenn.

Commodore Ten Eyck DeWitt Veeder, U.S.N., Mrs. Veeder and Miss Mary Veeder have returned to Washington and opened their house for the winter.

Comdr. W. W. Galbraith, U.S.N., and Mrs. Galbraith of New York are the guests in Washington of Capt. Luke McNamee, U.S.N., and Mrs. McNamee.

Maj. Gen. William P. Biddle, U.S.M.C., and Mrs. Biddle, who have been visiting in London, have returned to Paris and are again at the Hotel France-et-Choiseul.

Mrs. Caperton and Miss Marguerite Caperton, wife and daughter of Rear Admiral William B. Caperton, U.S.N., have gone to New York from Newport and are guests at the Hotel Vanderbilt.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry T. Church of Miami, Fla., are visiting Mrs. Church's sister, Mrs. Ruttenutter, and Lieut. Col. Brady G. Ruttenutter, U.S.A., at their home, the Elmhurst, State street, Springfield, Mass.

Capt. Howard N. Frissell, Inf., D.O.L., and Mrs. Frissell have taken the home of Lieut. Henry P. Merrill, U.S.N., in Mountain View Park, Cape Elizabeth, Me. Captain Frissell is an instructor of the Maine National Guard with offices in Portland.

Mrs. Robison, wife of Rear Admiral John K. Robison, U.S.N., entertained at bridge followed by tea in Washington Nov. 1, in honor of Mrs. George Canfield of Detroit, who is visiting her niece, Mrs. Edwin Denby, wife of the Secretary of the Navy.

Lieut. Col. Thomas P. Bernard, U.S.A., and Mrs. Bernard will be the guests of Col. and Mrs. W. C. Babcock at the Soldiers' Home, Washington, D.C., for a few days after Nov. 14 and will later visit Lieut. Col. and Mrs. W. R. Taylor at Hagerstown, Md.

Rear Admiral C. S. Williams, U.S.N., and Mrs. Williams have arrived in Newport, where Admiral Williams will be in command of the Naval War College. Admiral and Mrs. Williams are the guests of Capt. Franck Taylor Evans, U.S.N., and Mrs. Evans until their home is ready for them.

The Fort Monroe Review, which was given at the Liberty Theater on the evening of Nov. 4, was one of the best amateur shows which has ever been given at Fort Monroe. The costumes and lighting effects were particularly good, and every one is to be congratulated, especially Mrs. Myer, who produced and staged the affair.

Mrs. Ruttenutter, wife of Lieut. Col. Brady G. Ruttenutter, Inf., U.S.A., has become a member of the D.A.R. on the nomination of Mrs. Perkins, state regent of Indianapolis. Mrs. Ruttenutter is a granddaughter of the late William Stuart Appleton of Boston, and a great granddaughter of the late William Bealls, founder of the Boston Post, and is related to many other prominent families.

Mrs. Coontz, wife of Admiral Robert E. Coontz, U.S.N., entertained at bridge in Washington Nov. 2 in honor of Mrs. George Canfield of Detroit, who is the guest of her nephew and niece, the Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Denby. There were four tables of bridge and a few additional guests came in later for tea. Mrs. Stott, wife of Comdr. Arthur Stott, U.S.N., presided at the tea table.

Miss Mary Stitt, a debutante of last season, and Miss Emma Stitt, who will be presented to society this winter, daughters of Surg. Gen. Edward R. Stitt, U.S.N., and Mrs. Stitt, entertained at a large bridge party followed by tea in Washington Oct. 30 at the Washington Club. Mrs. Agnew, wife of Lieut. W. J. C. Agnew, U.S.N., and Mrs. Stitt, mother of the hostess, presided at the tea table.

The officers of Scott Field, Belleville, Ill., gave a masquerade dance at the club Oct. 27, which was enjoyed by about 100 officers and their guests. Prizes for the most effective costumes were awarded to Maj. John A. Paegelow and to Miss Henrietta Hall. The flying cadet detachment at Scott Field gave an informal Hal-loween dance on Tuesday night, Oct. 31. Refreshments were served and the dance was enjoyed by all present.

Maj. Welton M. Modisette, U.S. Cav., on duty with the 61st Cavalry Division of Organized Reserves, addressed the Kiwanis Club at Buffalo, N.Y., Nov. 1, at its luncheon at the Hotel Statler, speaking on the subject of National Defense and the Responsibility of the Citizen. He declared his belief that had an adequate defense plan been in existence in 1914, when the World War started, the war undoubtedly could have been halted by this country. "This country's greatest insurance for peace," said Major Modisette, in part, "is an adequate defense. By proper appropriations adequate to carry out the defense act of 1920, the great expense involved in our late unpleasantness would be avoided in any future emergency and the proper insurance against war would be effected."

Maj. C. F. von dem Bussche, U.S.A., and Mrs. von dem Bussche are at the Iroquois Hotel, 49 West 44th street, New York city.

Mrs. J. F. Merry, widow of Rear Admiral J. F. Merry, U.S.N., is staying at the Waldorf-Astoria, New York, for a few days.

Miss Elinor F. Williams, daughter of the late Col. and Mrs. James M. Williams, has taken an apartment at 412 South Perry street, Montgomery, Ala. Mrs. H. L. Nelson is with her.

Maj. W. A. McCulloch, U.S.A., and Mrs. McCulloch have taken an apartment at Dimon Court, Columbus, Ga., for the winter while Major McCulloch is a student at the Infantry School, Fort Benning.

Mrs. Raymond G. Lehman and baby, who have been visiting Capt. and Mrs. George C. Parkhurst in Baltimore, Md., have left to join Captain Lehman, who is attending the Infantry School, Fort Benning, Ga.

Mrs. Winterhalter, widow of Rear Admiral Albert G. Winterhalter, U.S.N., of Washington, D.C., is at the Hotel Astor to remain for two weeks before going for a visit with Admiral and Mrs. Philip Andrews at Norfolk, Va.

Maj. Gen. Eli A. Helmick, Inspector General of the Army, Col. and Mrs. A. Hugnet, Col. and Mrs. Benjamin R. Wade and Mrs. Sanford were entertained at dinner Oct. 24 by Capt. and Mrs. Thomas G. Poland, Fort Porter, Buffalo, N.Y.

Col. John M. Field, U.S.A., is at the Burlington while Mrs. Field is under treatment at Walter Reed General Hospital. Mrs. Field has been quite ill for the last month, but her condition is now beginning to improve, and it is hoped she will be able to leave the hospital within the next month.

Mrs. Henry L. Kinnison is the guest of her sister, Miss Grace Danforth, at Miss Danforth's home, 105 Danforth street, Charleston, Mo. Later Mrs. Kinnison will join Colonel Kinnison at his station, Fort McDowell, Calif. Miss Kinnison is visiting her brother, Lieut. H. L. Kinnison, Jr., at Fort Snelling, Minn.

Mrs. Schulz, wife of Maj. John W. N. Schulz, C.E., and Mrs. Rideout, wife of Chaplain F. C. Rideout, U.S.A., entertained with a tea at the officers' club, Fort Leavenworth, on Oct. 19. Meses. H. E. Ely, Lytle Brown and E. E. Booth presided at the tea table. Assisting were Meses. J. V. Axton, J. C. Bennett, E. P. Denson, L. B. Ely, A. M. Ferguson, H. B. Grant, A. G. Gutensohn, E. Hunt, B. Lentz, D. McCoach, Jr., and W. C. Miller and Miss Ruth Burt.

Lieut. Col. Arthur L. Fuller, U.S.A., Mrs. Fuller and family are now located at 705 Brazee street, Portland, Ore., where Colonel Fuller is on duty with the U.S. Spruce Production Corporation. Miss Virginia Fuller has entered the freshman class at Reed College, having graduated from Western High in Washington, D.C., last June. Mrs. Fuller's father, Rear Admiral W. C. Wise, U.S.N., retired, has just left Portland, to spend the winter at the Hotel Virginia, Long Beach, Calif.

Mrs. Carolina Mitchell, wife of Brig. Gen. William E. Mitchell, U.S.A., was granted a divorce in the Milwaukee Circuit Court on Sept. 27, it was revealed on Nov. 3, on the ground of desertion. The custody of the three children was awarded to the mother, and General Mitchell agreed to pay \$150 a month each for the support of Elizabeth, sixteen, and Harriet, twelve, and \$100 a month for John, two and one-half, until each reaches the age of twenty-one. No alimony was awarded. Mrs. Mitchell having a separate estate, either in possession or expectancy, of the value of about \$250,000.

Maj. Charles E. MacDonald, Med. Corps, U.S.A., who has been granted a three months' leave with permission to go abroad, sails for a tour of Europe with Mrs. MacDonald Nov. 11 in the steamer Argentina from Brooklyn, N.Y. The major, who has been on duty in Buffalo with the 98th Division Organized Reserves, has planned a very interesting trip. The first stop will be Trieste, Austria, and then to Vienna. The major has a large acquaintance there, having been on duty with the Red Cross in 1914, caring for the wounded at Budapest. He was also surgeon of the Army transport America, which took the Czechoslovak troops from Vladivostok to Trieste. From Vienna Maj. and Mrs. MacDonald will visit Italy, Egypt, Paris and London and other places.

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AWARDS OF DECORATIONS AND CITATIONS.

G.O. 88, Sept. 13, 1922, W.D.

This order announces awards of the Distinguished Service Cross and Distinguished Service Medals and also publishes citations for gallantry in action.

Distinguished Service Cross.

The Distinguished Service Cross is awarded to the following officers for extraordinary heroism in action at the places noted:

Lt. Col. H. S. Duell, F.A.O.R.C., Binarville, France.
Lt. Col. W. L. Marlin, I.O.R.C., Heurne, Belgium.

Maj. F. A. Aul, I.O.R.C., Meuse-Argonne.
Maj. A. S. Rowan, U.S.A., Cuba, in 1898.
Lt. E. J. Rusch, I.O.R.C., Meuse-Argonne.

Distinguished Service Medal.

The Distinguished Service Medal is awarded for exceptionally meritorious and distinguished services during the World War to the following officers:

Maj. Gen. H. C. Hale, U.S.A.
Maj. Gen. G. C. Rickards, Chf. Mil. Bureau.
Maj. B. K. Ashford, M.C.
Col. W. H. Bishop, Med. O.R.C.
Col. W. E. Cole, O.A.C.
Col. A. C. Dalton, Q.M.C.
Col. J. H. Ford, M.C.
Col. L. Hardeman, U.S.A., ret.
Col. F. C. Marshall, Cav.
Col. Andrew Moser, F.A.
Col. G. A. Skinner, M.C.
Col. H. S. Sternberger, Q.M.O.R.C.
Col. W. S. Wood, Q.M.C.
Lt. Col. W. G. Ball, Q.M.C.
Lt. Col. A. J. Bruff, O.D.
Lt. Col. H. M. Byllesby, S.O.
Lt. Col. F. W. Clark, G.S.C.
Lt. Col. R. Glendinning, A.S.
Lt. Col. A. M. Graham, Q.O.C.
Lt. Col. S. A. Hagerling, S.O.R.C.
Lt. Col. G. E. Kumpke, S.C.
Lt. Col. C. P. Mudgett, A.G.D.
Lt. Col. F. T. Pusey, Q.M.C.
Lt. Col. H. A. Toulmin, A.S.
Lt. Col. B. H. Warburton, M.I.O.R.C.
Maj. J. H. Adams, M.C.
Maj. S. J. Chamberlin, Inf.
Maj. C. F. Daly, Q.M.C.
Maj. W. H. Dodds, Jr., G.S.C.
Maj. C. B. Eckels, Q.M.C.
Maj. R. L. Foster, M.C.
Maj. R. E. De R. Hoyle, F.A.
Maj. R. E. Lee, F.A.
Maj. W. B. Malone, M.C.
Maj. G. V. Strong, J.A.G.D.
Maj. F. C. Wallace, F.A.
Maj. J. L. Walsh, O.D.
Maj. F. B. Wilby, C.E.

Posthumous Award of D.S.M.

Col. F. C. Hodgson, Q.M.C.
Col. T. C. Janeway, M.C.

Citations for Gallantry in Action.

Col. W. R. Grove, Q.M.C.
Maj. G. J. Newgarden, ret. (Med. Corps).
Maj. A. S. Rowan, ret. (Philippines, 1900).

Citation, Posthumous, for Gallantry in Action.

Maj. W. P. Kitts, U.S.A., during capture of hqrs. of Morong Insurgent Battalion, Philippines, 1900.

G.O. 40, OCT. 7, 1922, W.D.

I—Announces change of name of Camp A. Humphreys to Fort Humphreys.

II—Wearing of the fourragere.—Subpar. 1, Par. 1 Sec. III, G.O. 24, W.D., 1922, is amended to read as follows:

(2) The fourragere is an individual decoration in the case of individuals who have received the requisite number of citations for this decoration and such individuals have the same rights and privileges with respect to this decoration as pertain to other individual decorations.

The citation of an organization for the fourragere extends to all members of the organization who were present on any occasion for which it was cited, and in determining the right of an individual to the fourragere as an individual decoration all such citations in whatever organization received will be counted.

It will be worn as an individual decoration only by those who have received official notification from the Adjutant General of the Army that they are authorized to wear the decoration. When worn by an individual as an individual decoration the fourragere will bear a distinctive mark as prescribed in Par. 24b, A.R. 600-35, showing the designation of the organization of which he was a member when he received his last citation.

III—Announces that Fort Schuyler is discontinued as a subpost of Fort Totten, N.Y., and will hereafter be administered as a separate post.

IV—So much of par. 2 (Branch Reserve depots—Ordnance Dept.) as designates the "Middletown Ordnance Reserve Depot, Middletown, Pa." is rescinded, effective this date.

V—Relates to replenishment of spare parts and repair materials.

VI—Relates to subdivision of Edgewood Arsenal and establishment of Fort Hoyle.

G.O. 39, SEPT. 30, 1922, W.D.

Refers to the following subjects: Change of name of Camp Bragg to Fort Bragg; designation of airmen; announcement of permanent military posts; designation of Air Service units.

GENERAL STAFF SCHOOL, TRAVEL PAY FOR ENLISTED MEN, ETC.

Cir. 200, Oct. 20, 1922, W.D.

I—Announces that officers detailed to take the course at the Command and General Staff School should be familiar with the organization of the division and included units, should have a knowledge of the methods of solving tactical problems and of the form and expression of field orders, and should have such grasp of the tactics and technique of the separate arms as will properly enable them, after a brief review of the reinforced brigade, to pass to the solution of problems involving a division.

II—Refers to specifications adopted by the Federal Specifications Board—amendment to Cir. 83, W.D., 1922.

III—Travel Pay of Enlisted Men.—This section announces that the omission of any mention of travel pay to enlisted men to bona fide home the act of Congress approved Sept. 23, 1922, effectually repeals the provision therefor in the act of Feb. 28, 1919, and payment of travel pay will hereafter be made to the place of acceptance for enlistment only.

In the case of discharge of a minor upon request of parent or guardian no travel pay or transportation in kind only being authorized.

ARMY ORDERS

Commander-in-Chief—Warren G. Harding, President.

Secretary of War—John W. Weeks.

Assistant Secretary of War—J. Mayhew Wainwright.

General of the Armies—Gen. John J. Pershing, Chief of Staff.

Deputy Chief of Staff—Major Gen. James G. Harbord.

IV—Relates to the issue of white coats and white trousers in hospitals to enlisted men of the Medical Department.

V—Adjustment of Pay, Under Saving Clause, Act of June 4, 1920.—This section publishes instructions relative to the carrying out of the act of Congress approved Sept. 22, 1922, providing relief in case of payments made under the saving clause of the act of June 4, 1920.

All officers in command of organizations or detachments will take appropriate action toward ascertaining whether there are any men in their commands who have been subjected to stoppage of pay on account of the saving clause cited and, if still serving in the same enlistment in which deduction was made, will enter proper credit on pay rolls in order that repayment may be made prior to discharge.

Soldiers who have been discharged since deductions were made from their pay on account of alleged overpayments of the character in question, even though now in the Service by reason of re-enlistment, will be directed to file claim with the General Accounting Office, War Dept. Div., Washington, D.C.

MILITARY HORSE SHOW.

Cir. 49, Oct. 18, 1922, Panama Canal Dept.

A military horse show will be held at the Athletic Field, Balboa, commencing Dec. 25. The horse show will open at 4 p.m. and continue daily from 4 p.m. to 6 p.m. until completion. Weather conditions permitting, two days should be sufficient for the completion of the program.

The object of the event is to stimulate interest in the care, management and performance of the military type of animal.

The weighting of the various events will be so adjusted as to stress the proper adjustment of harness, saddles, bridles, bits, loads and performance of the animals.

The performance of the animals will show whether correct methods have been used in their training, i.e.: (1) Obey quietly and quickly all indications received from the aide; (2) show no fear from the application of the aids; (3) show no fear from any necessary handling.

The events are as follows: Grand parade of all contestants in columns as follows: Ladies' saddle class, officers' saddle class, enlisted men's saddle class, polo pony class, sections of pack train class (with grain loads), buckboard class, machine gun cart class, escort wagon class.

The horse show committee will be Lt. Col. J. Totten, A.G.; Lt. Col. W. P. Enns, G.S.; Maj. R. B. Woodruff, G.S.; Capt. J. M. Hite, Inf. (D.O.L.).

G.O. 39, AUG. 17, 1922, HAWAIIAN DEPT.

Col. W. Kelly, Jr., A.G., having reported at these headquarters, is announced as adjutant, Hawaiian Dept., vice Col. J. F. Janda, A.G., relieved.

Lt. Col. R. P. Reeder, Gen. Staff, having reported at these headquarters this date, is announced as Assistant Chief of Staff, G-4.

G.O. 47, OCT. 7, 1922, HAWAIIAN DEPT.

Capt. P. E. Peabody, Inf., having reported at these headquarters, is announced as aid to Maj. Gen. C. P. Summerall, U.S. Army.

G.O. 43, NOV. 1, 1922, 5TH CORPS AREA.

Col. T. E. Merrill, G.S., these headquarters, is announced as acting chief of staff, 5th Corps Area, in addition to his other duties.

By command of Maj. Gen. McRae:
T. E. MERRILL, Acting Chief of Staff.

G.O. 28, NOV. 1, 1922, 6TH CORPS AREA.

Maj. J. H. Carruth, O.E., having reported this date, is assigned to duty as Corps Area Engineer, with station in Chicago, Ill.

GENERAL STAFF CORPS.

GEN. J. J. PERSHING, G. OF A., C. OF S.

Lt. Col. H. C. Dickinson, G.S., is detailed as a member of the board of officers appointed for the purpose of recommending individuals who should be awarded decorations as authorized by the act of Congress approved July 9, 1918, and amendatory acts, vice Col. O. C. Chambers, Inf., relieved. (Nov. 6, W.D.)

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

MAJ. GEN. R. C. DAVIS, THE A.G.

Lt. Col. R. K. Cravens, A.G., from duties in Philippines and is assigned to duty at hqrs. 6th Corps Area, Chicago, Ill. (Nov. 3, W.D.)

Lt. Col. J. B. Wilson, A.G., to San Francisco and sail about Feb. 17 to Manila for duty. (Nov. 3, W.D.)

QUARTERMASTER CORPS.

MAJ. GEN. W. H. HART, Q.M.G.

Col. G. G. Bailey, Q.M.C., to his home and await retirement. (Nov. 2, W.D.)

Leave 1 month and 28 days to Capt. J. J. McManus, Q.M.C., to terminate Dec. 31. (Nov. 2, W.D.)

Capt. C. Perfect, Q.M.C., to San Francisco and sail about Jan. 12 to Honolulu for duty. (Nov. 2, W.D.)

Capt. F. Morell, Q.M.C., from Hawaiian Department and is assigned to duty at Marfa, Tex. (Nov. 2, W.D.)

The following captains of Q.M.C. to San Francisco and sail about Feb. 17 to Philippines for duty: J. G. Hutcheson and J. A. King. (Nov. 2, W.D.)

Lt. Lt. J. F. Connell, Q.M.C., Nov. 15 to Fort Howard, Md., for duty. (Nov. 2, W.D.)

The following captains of Q.M.C. are relieved from duties in Philippines and are assigned to duty at stations indicated: O. L. Bernau to Fort Rosecrans, Calif.; E. W. Fallon to 1st Cavalry Division, Fort Bliss, Tex. (Nov. 2, W.D.)

Fid. Clk. F. C. Connolly, Q.M.C., to Washington, D.C., to duty with Q.M. supply officer. (Nov. 2, W.D.)

Capt. F. I. Madala, Q.M.C., will report to Q.M. Intermediate Depot, Boston, Mass., for duty. (Nov. 4, W.D.)

Capt. H. H. Cheal, Q.M.C., from duties in Panama Canal Department and will return by transport leaving Panama about Dec. 2 to U.S. and proceed to Washington, D.C., to Q.M.G. for duty in his office. (Nov. 4, W.D.)

Sgt. J. F. Franke, Q.M.C., will be placed upon retired list at Fort Warren, Mass., and sent home. (Nov. 4, W.D.)

Fid. Clk. R. F. Lyman, Q.M.C., will report to 7th Corps Area, Omaha, Nebr., for duty. (Nov. 6, W.D.)

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

MAJ. GEN. M. W. IRELAND, S.G.

MEDICAL CORPS.

Leave 1 month to Maj. W. Denison, M.C., upon his arrival in U.S. (Nov. 1, W.D.)

Maj. J. M. Hewitt, M.C., will take station in New York city and continue on duty as professor at Cornell University Medical School. (Nov. 1, W.D.)

The name of Capt. G. J. Schirch, M.C., is placed on D.O.L. (Nov. 3, W.D.)

Capt. O. T. Kirksay, M.C., to station at Fort Omaha, Nebr. (Nov. 3, W.D.)

Maj. R. P. Williams, M.C., to Vancouver Barracks, Wash., for duty. (Nov. 3, W.D.)

Capt. G. J. Schirch, M.C., to New York city and sail about Nov. 23 for Panama C.Z. for duty. (Nov. 6, W.D.)

Leave 3 months and 14 days to Maj. H. H. Johnson, M.C. (Nov. 6, W.D.)

Maj. E. H. Brown, M.C., to Walter Reed General Hospital for treatment. (Nov. 6, W.D.)

MEDICAL ADMINISTRATIVE CORPS.

2d Lt. B. D. Gill, M.A.C., Walter Reed General Hospital, will proceed to his home and await retirement. (Nov. 2, W.D.)

2d Lt. S. A. Weir, M.A.C., Regular Army, is honorably discharged, at his station, from the office he now holds, to take effect Nov. 9, 1922, and his appointment, at his own request, as a warrant officer is authorized, he having had less than 10 years' commissioned service but more than 20 years' service accredited toward retirement and for increased pay for length of service and having been recommended by the board of general officers convened under the said acts for separation from the active list of officers of the Army. (Nov. 4, W.D.)

2d Lt. J. O. Brown, M.A.C., Regular Army, is honorably discharged, at his station, from the office he now holds, to take effect Dec. 11, 1922, and his appointment, at his own request, as a warrant officer is authorized, he having had less than 10 years' commissioned service but more than 20 years' service accredited toward retirement and for increased pay for length of service and having been recommended by the board of general officers convened for separation from the active list of officers of the Army. (Nov. 4, W.D.)

Capt. B. E. Irving, M.A.C., Regular Army, is honorably discharged, at his station, from the office he now holds, to take effect Dec. 15, 1922, and his appointment, at his own request, as a warrant officer is authorized, he having had less than 10 years' commissioned service but more than 20 years' service accredited toward retirement and for increased pay for length of service and having been recommended by the board of general officers convened for separation from the active list of officers of the Army. (Nov. 4, W.D.)

ENLISTED MEN, MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Sgt. H. Williams, M.D., Veterinary Service, will be placed upon retired list at Fort Huachuca, Ariz., and sent home. (Nov. 4, W.D.)

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

BRIG. GEN. K. W. WALKER, C. OF F.

Col. R. S. Smith, F.D., from present duties at Honolulu and upon arrival in U.S. will report by telegraph to The A.G. of the Army for assignment. (Nov. 2, W.D.)

Lt. Col. T. Schultz, F.D., to Washington, D.C., to the Chief, Militia Bureau, for duty as finance officer in his office. (Nov. 2, W.D.)

Leave 1 month and 17 days to Maj. W. J. Lisle, F.D., to terminate Dec. 31. (Nov. 3, W.D.)

CORPS OF ENGINEERS.

MAJ. GEN. L. H. BRACH, C. OF E.

Capt. L. W. Cummings, C.E., is assigned to 8th Engrs., Fort Bliss, Tex., for duty. (Nov. 2, W.D.)

1st Lt. V. A. Poulson, C.E., to proceed to Panama C.Z. on transport to leave New York about Nov. 23 for duty. (Nov. 2, W.D.)

Capt. F. W. Beck, C.E., will report to Army retiring board at Denver, Colo., for examination. (Nov. 2, W.D.)

The following officers of C.E. are detailed for duty with Organized Reserves of 4th Corps Area in addition to their other duties: Col. E. J. Jadin, Maj. J. N. Hodges, J. J. Loving, E. North and R. Sharrer. (Nov. 4, W.D.)

Mrs. Sgt. L. Ginsburg, 2d Engrs., will be placed upon retired list at Fort Bliss, Tex., and sent home. (Nov. 4, W.D.)

Capt. J. E. Drinkwater, C.E., to Chester, Pa., and take station. He will continue on his present assignment to duty. (Nov. 6, W.D.)

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

MAJ. GEN. C. O. WILLIAMS, C. OF O.

Sick leave 2 months to Maj. S. P. Spalding, O.D. (Nov. 1, W.D.)

Mrs. Sgt. L. Piersaul, O.D., will be placed upon retired list at Fort Douglas, Utah, and sent home. (Nov. 4, W.D.)

SIGNAL CORPS.

MAJ. GEN. G. O. SQUIER, C.S.O.

Capt. F. G. Miller, S.C., to San Francisco and sail about Dec. 5 to Philippines for duty. (Nov. 2, W.D.)

Capt. O. A. Mulkey, S.C., from duties in Philippines and is assigned to duty at Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo. (Nov. 2, W.D.)

1st Lt. J. C. Hamilton, S.C. (Cav.), from detail in Signal Corps, from further treatment at Walter Reed General Hospital and is assigned to 10th Cavalry and to Fort Huachuca, Ariz., for duty. (Nov. 6, W.D.)

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AIR SERVICE.

MAJ. GEN. M. M. PATRICK, C. OF A.S.

The name of Maj. A. E. Christie, A.S., is removed from D.O.L. (Nov. 1, W.D.)

1st Lt. C. S. Moseley, A.S., to duty with Organized Reserves of 9th Corps Area and is assigned as air officer, non-divisional group, 4th District of California, with station at Los Angeles. (Nov. 2, W.D.)

1st Lt. E. B. Wolfe, A.S., to Brooks Field, San Antonio, Tex., for duty. (Nov. 2, W.D.)

1st Lt. M. S. Fairchild, A.S., to Air Service Engineering School, McCook Field, Dayton, Ohio, for pursuing a course of instruction. (Nov. 2, W.D.)

Maj. J. F. Curry, A.S., from duties in Hawaiian Department and is assigned to duty at McCook Field, Dayton, Ohio. (Nov. 3, W.D.)

1st Lt. L. W. Motley, A.S., to duty with 88d Division, O.E., in addition to his present duties. (Nov. 6, W.D.)

Capt. C. P. Dorland, A.S., to Walter Reed General Hospital, Takoma Park, D.C., for treatment. (Nov. 4, W.D.)

1st Lt. L. D. Schulze, A.S., to Selfridge Field, Mt. Clemens, Mich., for duty. (Nov. 4, W.D.)

CHAPLAINS.

CHAPLAIN (COL.) J. T. AXTON, C. OF C.

Chaplain O. R. Rice, now at San Francisco, will proceed to New York city on Chateau-Thierry, to leave Nov. 25, and upon arrival at New York city will proceed to Marion, Ohio, and await further orders. (Nov. 1, W.D.)

Leave 26 days to Chaplain C. A. Maher, Nov. 6, and to terminate at such time as will enable him to sail for Hawaii from San Francisco on Dec. 2. (Nov. 3, W.D.)

Chaplain G. L. Allen to home and await retirement. (Nov. 6, W.D.)

CAVALRY.

MAJ. GEN. W. A. HOLBROOK, C. OF CAV.

Leave 1 month and 28 days to Maj. R. W. Holderness, Cav., to terminate Dec. 31. (Nov. 2, W.D.)

Leave 1 month and 10 days to Col. C. A. Roney, Cav., about Nov. 20. (Nov. 2, W.D.)

The leave granted Maj. R. B. Patterson, Cav., is extended 1 month. (Nov. 4, W.D.)

FIELD ARTILLERY.

MAJ. GEN. W. J. SNOW, C. OF F.A.

Maj. C. P. Hollingsworth, F.A., from treatment at Walter Reed General Hospital and will return to proper station, Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind. (Nov. 2, W.D.)

Maj. H. P. Arent, F.A., Fitzsimons General Hospital, will proceed to his home and await retirement. (Nov. 2, W.D.)

Leave account F.A. sickness for 2 months to Capt. L. Desser, F.A. (Nov. 3, W.D.)

Maj. W. A. Pendleton, 7th F.A., is transferred to 4th F.A. and will proceed at the proper time to New York city and sail about Feb. 15 to Panama C.Z. for duty with regiment to which transferred. (Nov. 6, W.D.)

Maj. W. C. Houghton, 4th F.A., from duty in Panama Canal Department and is transferred to 15th F.A., Camp Travis, Tex. (Nov. 6, W.D.)

Maj. H. Parkhurst, 15th F.A., is transferred to 13th F.A. and will proceed at proper time to San Francisco and sail about Jan. 12 to Hawaiian Islands for duty. (Nov. 6, W.D.)

Maj. K. G. Fitts, 6th F.A., from assignment to 6th F.A. and is detailed as an instructor of F.A., Wisconsin N.G. (Nov. 6, W.D.)

COAST ARTILLERY CORPS.

MAJ. GEN. F. W. COE, C. OF C.A.

Sick leave 4 months to Col. H. J. Hatch, C.A.C., and upon expiration he will report at Walter Reed General Hospital for further treatment. (Nov. 1, W.D.)

Staff Sgt. C. Schmolz, C.A.C., will be placed upon retired list at Fort McDowell, Calif., and sent home. (Nov. 2, W.D.)

Col. C. H. Hilton, C.A.C., to Fort Totten, N.Y., to 82d Art. (C.A.C.) for duty. (Nov. 2, W.D.)

Maj. Le R. Bartlett, C.A.C., Fort Slocum, N.Y., to his home and await retirement. (Nov. 3, W.D.)

Maj. H. W. T. Egin, C.A.C., to duty as recruiting officer, District of Washington. (Nov. 3, W.D.)

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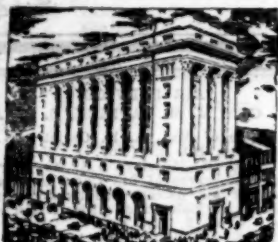
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Col. R. P. Davis, C.A.C., is assigned to command of 22d Infantry Brigade and will proceed to San Francisco and sail about Jan. 12 to the Hawaiian Islands for duty. (Nov. 4, W.D.)

Sgt. J. E. Conley, C.A.C., will be placed upon retired list at Fort Worden, Wash., and sent home. (Nov. 4, W.D.)

N.C.O., ARTILLERY CORPS.

The following N.C.O., C.A.C., will be sent to the stations indicated after their names for assignment to duty:

Mr. Sgts.—S. J. F. Steffey to C.D. of Chesapeake Bay, Fort Monroe, Va.; H. R. Cole to 61st Art. Batln., Fort Monroe, Va.; C. J. Armstrong to C.D. of Sandy Hook, Fort Hancock, N.J.; T. F. Butler to 61st Art. Batln., Fort Monroe, Va.; F. Evans to Coast Art. School Detachment, Fort Monroe, Va.; C. T. Waters to 52d Art., Camp Eustis, Va.; E. C. Athey to Hqs., 4th Coast Art. Dist., Fort McPherson, Ga.; C. Doyle to 51st Art., Camp Eustis, Va.; G. J. Neumann to C.A. School Detachment, Fort Monroe, Va.; N. S. Martin to 60th Art. Batln., Fort Crockett, Tex.; W. F. C. Nagel to 63d Art. Batln., Fort Winfield Scott, Calif.; W. D. Harrison to 60th Art. Batln., Fort Crockett, Tex.

Tech. Sgts.—J. N. Clark to O.D. of Sandy Hook, Fort Hancock, N.J.; M. S. Polkinhorn to F. Smith to 62d Art., Fort Totten, N.Y.; R. L. Hinton to 60th Art. Batln., Fort Crockett, Tex.; A. J. McLarney to C.D. of Savannah, Fort Screven, Ga.; G. W. Hays to 61st Art. Batln., Fort Monroe, Va.; F. M. Huenekins to 60th Art. Batln., Fort Crockett, Tex.; J. A. Wilson to 63d Art. Batln., Fort Winfield Scott, Calif.

Staff Sgts.—J. E. Sheffner to 61st Art. Batln., Fort Monroe, Va.; S. O. Vange to Coast Art. School Detachment, Fort Monroe, Va.; J. C. Palmer to 51st Art., Camp Eustis, Va.; S. H. Hurt to Hqs., 2d Coast Art. Dist., Fort Totten, N.Y.; A. W. Holt to 62d Art., Fort Totten, N.Y.; C. V. Grier to C.D. of E. N.Y., Fort Totten, N.Y.; S. T. Stanley to Hqs., 9th C.A. Dist., Presidio of San Francisco, Calif. (Nov. 2, W.D.)

INFANTRY.

MAJ. GEN. C. S. FARNSWORTH, C. OF I.

Maj. J. C. Fairfax, 25th Inf., from assignment to that regiment and is detailed as an instructor of Infantry, South Carolina N.G. (Nov. 1, W.D.)

The leave granted Maj. O. Skladal, Inf., is extended 2 months. (Nov. 1, W.D.)

The names of the following officers of Infantry are placed on the D.O.L.: Lt. Col. R. C. Humber, Maj. E. Farmer, E. C. Desobry and E. S. Miller. (Nov. 1, W.D.)

Sgt. J. Wright, 25th Inf., will be placed upon retired list at Camp Stephen D. Little, Nogales, Ariz., and sent home. (Nov. 1, W.D.)

Capt. G. S. Synter, 15th Inf., is transferred to 17th Infantry and to Fort Crook, Nebr., for duty. (Nov. 2, W.D.)

Capt. P. Steele, 3d Inf., is transferred to 15th Infantry and to San Francisco and sail about Feb. 17 to Philippines for duty. (Nov. 2, W.D.)

Lt. Col. G. W. Stuart, Inf., is detailed as an instructor of Infantry, N.Y.N.G., and to New York city and take station. (Nov. 3, W.D.)

Lt. Col. O. H. Dockery, Jr., Inf., assigned to 57th Infantry. (Nov. 3, W.D.)

Capt. A. R. C. Sander, 47th Inf., from assignment to that regiment, from attachment to 7th Infantry and is detailed as assistant professor at Agricultural College, Corvallis, Ore. (Nov. 3, W.D.)

The following Infantry officers from duty at the stations specified and are transferred from the regiments indicated to 27th Infantry and will proceed to San Francisco and sail about Jan. 12 to Honolulu for duty: Capt. J. E. Brannan and D. E. Barnett, 6th Inf., Jefferson Barracks, Mo.; J. E. Matthews, 20th Inf., H. F. Teate, 1st Inf., and D. S. Grimm, 46th Inf., Camp Travis, Tex. (Nov. 3, W.D.)

Capt. J. W. Arnold, 8th Inf., is transferred to 17th Infantry and to Fort Crook, Nebr., for duty. (Nov. 3, W.D.)

Capt. W. A. Mack, 8th Inf., upon arrival in U.S. from Germany will proceed to Fort Moultrie, S.C., and join regiment. (Nov. 3, W.D.)

Capt. J. F. Farnsworth, Inf., is assigned to 24th Infantry and will proceed to Fort Benning Dec. 31 for duty. (Nov. 3, W.D.)

1st Lt. R. S. Henderson, Inf., to proceed to the Panama C.Z. on transport to leave New York city about Nov. 23. (Nov. 3, W.D.)

Capt. E. J. Lilly, Jr., 52d Inf., from assignment to that regiment and from attachment to 54th Infantry. (Nov. 3, W.D.)

Capt. T. G. Cherry, 54th Inf., from assignment to that regiment. (Nov. 3, W.D.)

The following Infantry officers are assigned to 42d Infantry and will sail from New York about Jan. 18 to the Panama C.Z. and join regiment: Maj. J. D. Carmody and Capt. G. L. Kraft. (Nov. 3, W.D.)

The following Infantry officers from assignment to regiments indicated after their names, effective upon the completion of their present tour of foreign service, and upon arrival in U.S. will report by telegraph to the A.G. of the Army for assignment: Hawaiian Department—Capt. H. I. T. Creswell, C. H. Hagelstein, R. Hall and W. B. Wilson, 27th Inf., Panama Canal Department—Maj. S. J. Chamberlain, Inf., and Capt. F. A. Green, 33d Inf. (Nov. 3, W.D.)

Leave 2 months, about Nov. 2, to Capt. P. J. McDonnell, Inf., Fort Wayne, Mich. (Oct. 25, 6th C.A.)

Leave 2 months, about Nov. 5, to Col. C. Stacey, Inf., Chicago, Ill. (Oct. 31, 6th C.A.)

Leave 1 month and 10 days to Capt. C. A. Hoss, Inf. (Nov. 4, W.D.)

Leave 1 month and 26 days to Maj. B. B. McCroakey, Inf., to terminate Dec. 31. (Nov. 4, W.D.)

The following officers of Infantry from attachment to 54th Inf. and are transferred from 53d Inf. to 2d Inf. for duty: Capt. R. H. Johnston and L. D. Zech. (Nov. 4, W.D.)

1st Lt. R. L. Renth, 54th Inf., is transferred to 2d Inf. for duty. (Nov. 4, W.D.)

1st Sgt. G. D. Perry, 2d Inf., is detailed to duty with North Carolina N.G. as sergeant-instructor of Infantry. (Nov. 4, W.D.)

Corpl. C. H. Richardson, 13th Inf., will be placed upon retired list at Boston and sent home. (Nov. 4, W.D.)

Capt. R. B. Conner, Inf., from assignment to 26th Inf. and will report to Director of Sales for duty in his office. (Nov. 4, W.D.)

The following officers of Infantry from attachment to 54th Inf. and are assigned to 2d Inf. for duty: Capt. J. V. Stark and 1st Lt. J. James. (Nov. 4, W.D.)

Capt. W. V. Rattan, 15th Inf., from assignment to that regiment and from duty in Philippines and to U.S. and report by telegraph to The A.G. of the Army for assignment. (Nov. 6, W.D.)

1st Sgt. J. C. Pinkston, 24th Inf., will be

placed upon retired list at Fort Benning, Ga., and sent home. (Nov. 6, W.D.)

Capt. J. H. Payne, Inf., to Walter Reed General Hospital for treatment. (Nov. 6, W.D.)

1st Lt. T. W. Williamson, 23d Inf., now on duty with Tank Platoon No. 4, Camp McClellan, Ala., is transferred to that organization. (Nov. 6, W.D.)

The transfer of each of the following 1st Lieutenants of Infantry from the organizations indicated after their names to the 1st Tank Co. is confirmed: P. M. Whitney from 2d Tank Platoon and T. H. Davies from 2d Corps Area Training Center. (Nov. 6, W.D.)

Capt. L. L. Hamilton, Inf., now on duty with Tank Platoon No. 4, Camp McClellan, Ala., is relieved from assignment to 4th Corps Area Training Center and is attached to Tank Platoon No. 4. (Nov. 6, W.D.)

Capt. T. J. Sledge, Inf., is relieved from assignment to Tank Platoon No. 6, Camp Custer, Mich., and is attached to that organization. (Nov. 6, W.D.)

1st Lt. A. E. Cannon, Inf., to proceed to Porto Rico on transport scheduled to leave New York city about Dec. 21. (Nov. 6, W.D.)

The following officers of Inf. are detailed as assistant professors: Capt. P. McC. Vernon, 30th Inf., Long Beach Public High School, Calif., and W. H. Steward, 7th Inf., Oakland Public High Schools, Calif. (Nov. 6, W.D.)

The following Infantry officers are transferred as specified and will proceed at proper time to San Francisco and sail about Feb. 17 to Philippines for duty with regiments to which transferred: Capt. W. C. Phillips, 15th Inf. and 1st Lt. J. B. Howat to 45th Inf. (Nov. 6, W.D.)

Sgt. S. R. Wate, Co. L, 13th Inf., will be placed upon retired list at Fort Andrews, Mass., and sent home. (Nov. 4, W.D.)

PLACED ON D.O.L.

The names of the following officers are placed on D.O.L.: Maj. H. O. McLean, Inf.; R. Talbot, Jr., Cav.; Capt. H. T. Allen, Jr., Cav.; C. R. Breckenridge, Jr., Inf.; R. L. Creed, Cav.; R. O. Snidow, C.A.C.; 1st Lts. J. K. Baker, Cav.; T. Q. Donaldson, Jr., Cav. (Nov. 2, W.D.)

OFFICERS PLACED ON RETIRED LIST.

Maj. W. F. Baker, F.D., upon his own application, is retired from active service Nov. 3, 1922, after more than 33 years' service. (Nov. 3, W.D.)

Lt. Col. C. F. Herr, Inf., having been found incapacitated for active service on account of disability incident thereto, his retirement is announced. (Nov. 6, W.D.)

WARRANT OFFICERS.

Wnt. Ofc. J. M. Gilligan will report to 1st Corps Area for assignment to duty and station. (Nov. 3, W.D.)

ARMY FIELD CLERKS.

Army Fld. Clk. C. C. McAfee to Baltimore, Md., for duty. (Nov. 3, W.D.)

Army Fld. Clk. T. C. Davis to New York city and sail about Nov. 23, 1922, to Panama for duty. (Nov. 3, W.D.)

D.E.M.L.

1st Sgt. J. D. Patton, D.E.M.L., will be placed upon retired list at University of Nebraska, Lincoln, and sent home. (Nov. 4, W.D.)

ARMY G.O.M. CASES.

Capt. Joseph W. Garrett, Med. Corps, U.S.A., was found guilty by a G.O.M. at Fort Benning, Ga., of violation of 61st and 64th Articles of War, and was sentenced "to be dismissed the Service." The sentence was confirmed by President Harding Oct. 10, 1922.

The specifications to the charges of which Capt. Garrett was found guilty involved failure to report for duty at the station hospital at the appointed time, disobedience of orders, using intoxicating liquor, and drunkenness on duty. (G.O.M.O. 44, Oct. 11, W.D., 1922.) Capt. Garrett was a native of Oklahoma and entered the Regular Army in May, 1918.

ORDERS TO RESERVE OFFICERS.

1st Lt. R. C. Light, Inf. O.R.C., is ordered to active duty at Fort Benning, Ga., to arrive Nov. 1 for pursuing a course of instruction. (Nov. 1, W.D.)

The promotion of 1st Lt. A. J. Patrick, Chaplain Officers Reserve Corps, on duty at the Chaplain's School, Fort Wayne, Mich., to captain to date from Nov. 1, 1922, is announced. (Nov. 1, W.D.)

Lt. Col. H. C. Kramer, staff specialist, O.R.C., is ordered to active duty at Washington, D.C., in time to arrive Nov. 15 for duty with Personnel Division. (Nov. 2, W.D.)

Capt. G. V. Henderson, Inf. O.R.C., is ordered to active duty at Camp Meade, Md., to Tank School for pursuing a course of instruction. (Nov. 3, W.D.)

CANDIDATES, U.S. MILITARY ACADEMY.

The following candidates have been designated during the past week for the Military Academy entrance examination to be held beginning on March 6, 1923, with a view to admission to the Academy on July 2, 1923:

Illinois—12th District, Isaac Leslie Wright, Rockford; Laurence Sherar, 1st alt., Rockford; Robert Winthrop Brolin, Rockford; and Chester Theodore Schandelmeyer, 1st alt., Belvidere.

Kentucky—Sen. Stanley, John Ambrose Geary, 2d alt., Lexington.

Louisiana—2d District, Cyril H. McGuire, 1st alt., New Orleans.

LATE ARMY ORDERS.

S.O. 262, NOV. 7, 1922, W.D.

Col. L. T. Richardson, Inf., having been found incapacitated for active service on account of disability incident thereto, his retirement from active service is announced.

The promotion of 2d Lt. P. R. Priestley, Inf. O.R.C., on duty at the Tank School, Camp Meade, Md., to 1st lieutenant from Nov. 7, 1922, is announced.

1st Lt. J. B. Beard, 5th F.A., from assignment to that regiment and will report to commanding general Fort Bragg, N.C., for duty as recruiting officer.

1st Lt. F. E. Coyne Jr., F.A., is assigned to 5th F.A., Fort Bragg, for duty.

Maj. S. S. Underwood, O.D., to Augusta Arsenal, Ga., for duty.

Capt. C. A. Martin, Inf., is detailed as professor of military science and tactics, Tennessee Military Institute, Sweetwater, Tenn.

The following officers of 54th Inf. from attachment to 2d Inf. and are transferred to 17th Inf. and will proceed to Fort Crook, Nebr., for duty: Maj. H. Huston and 1st Lt. H. B. Sheets.

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The following officers of 2d Inf. are transferred to 17th Inf. and will proceed to Fort Crook, Nebr., for duty: Capt. M. F. Shepherd, 1st S. Curtis, R. T. Duke, V. G. Hunsen, 1st Lts. O. E. Haswell and R. G. Howie.

1st Lt. W. H. Collette, Inf., from attachment to 2d Inf., is assigned to 17th Inf. and will proceed to Fort Crook, Nebr., for duty. Leave 2 months and 15 days to Maj. J. A. Warden, Cav.

Leave 2 months to 1st Lt. S. O. Hyndshaw, Air Service.

The following officers of Q.M.C. from duty at Paris, France, to Coblenz, Germany, for duty: Capt. W. R. Buckley and H. W. Boyette.

Col. H. M. Merriam, C.A.C., to Walter Reed General Hospital, Takoma Park, D.C., for treatment.

Wnt. Ofc. C. F. Ludwick, about Dec. 31, is Columbus Barracks, Ohio, for duty.

Staff Sgt. G. Ames, 6th Engrs., will be placed upon retired list at Camp Lewis, Wash., and sent home.

Lt. Col. J. A. Benjamin, Cav., to Fort Reno, Okla., for duty.

Capt. T. D. Weaver, C.E., will take station at Fort Hancock, N.J., and will retain his present assignment and duties.

Maj. W. C. Gullion, A.G., to San Francisco and sail about Feb. 17 for Manila, thence to Tientsin, China, China Expedition, for duty as adjutant.

1st Lt. L. Schneider, Cav., having been found incapacitated for active service on account of disability incident thereto, his retirement is announced.

Army Fld. Clk. M. Michaels to Hot Springs, Ark., Army and Navy General Hospital for treatment.

Sgt. W. T. Cole, Q.M.C., will be placed upon retired list at Coblenz, Germany, and sent home.

Capt. F. E. Shaw, Inf., is assigned to 33d Inf. and will proceed to New York city and sail about Jan. 18 for Panama for duty.

Maj. C. B. Lyman, 3d Inf., from assignment to that regiment and to Fort Riley, Kas., and report in person on Jan. 5 to Cavalry School for duty.

Leave 3 months to Capt. J. W. Arnold, 1st Capt. R. T. Heard, 7th F.A., is detailed as an instructor of F.A., N.Y.N.G., and will take station in New York city.

Capt. E. J. Riordan, Q.M.C., to Walter Reed General Hospital, Takoma Park, D.C., for treatment.

Sgt. D. Turpin, 22d Inf., is detailed to duty with Louisiana N.G. as sergeant-instructor of Inf. and to Shreveport for station.

Sgt. W. Schoffstall, 2d Inf., is detailed to duty with Illinois N.G. as sergeant-instructor of Inf. and to Chicago for station.

Maj. A. R. Christie, A.S., upon completion of temporary duty will proceed to Langley Field, Va.

Sgt. C. M. Hawkins, 22d Inf., is detailed to duty with Louisiana N.G. as sergeant-instructor of Inf. and to La Fayette for station.

Pvt. R. Baker, 25th Inf., will be placed upon the retired list at Camp Furlong, N.M., and will be sent home.

The transfer of 1st Lt. H. T. McCormick, Cav. Kelly Field, Tex., to Air Service on Oct. 21, 1922, with rank from July 2, 1920, is announced.

The following officers of Officers' Reserve Corps are ordered to active duty at Washington, D.C., to arrive on Dec. 8 at Army War College for a course of instruction: Col. L. F. Ayres, Cleveland, Ohio; Lt. Col. R. M. Yerkes, Washington, D.C.; Maj. F. Y. Keeler, New York, N.Y.

Maj. H. A. Musham, Inf., to Walter Reed General Hospital, Takoma Park, D.C., for treatment.

Capt. H. M. Randall, F.A., to home and await retirement.

Capt. F. A. Blesse, M.C., to Omaha, Nebr., for duty.

Leave 1 month and 15 days to Capt. W. C. Munly, M.C.

Capt. J. M. Shelton, 14th Cav., from assignment to that regiment and is detailed as assistant professor at University of Illinois, Urbana.

S.O. 263, NOV. 8, 1922, W.D.

The reappointment for four years, beginning Oct. 30, of Maj. Gen. M. W. Ireland as surgeon general is announced.

Capt. S. E. Ware, Q.M.C., to New York General Intermediate Depot, Brooklyn, N.Y.

Maj. W. Fraser, V.C., to Chicago, Ill., to Veterinary Promotion Board for examination.

Maj. W. A. Sproule, V.O., to San Antonio, and O. H. Jewell, V.O., to Washington, D.C., for examination before promotion board.

Col. R. H. Peck, Inf., to Army Retiring Board, Washington, for examination.
 Maj. R. B. Patterson, Cav., assigned to 9th Cav., Fort Riley, Kas.
 First Lt. R. W. Goodyear, Q.M.C., to Fort Ord, Okla.
 Maj. W. C. Thomas, M.C., to West Point, N.Y.
 Maj. A. W. Kenner and Capt. J. N. Lothrop, M.A.C., to Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D.C., for duty.
 Capt. W. J. Reed, A.S., to Lakehurst, N.J.
 Lt. Col. W. W. Taylor, Jr., Inf., and Capt. O. H. Pinney, M.C., to Walter Reed and Fitzsimons General Hospitals, respectively, for treatment.

Late Navy Orders

Orders to Officers Nov. 7.

Capt. C. T. Owens to nearest receiving ship.
 Ensign C. S. Boardman to a battleship in Pacific Fleet; J. G. Burrows orders canceled, continue duty U.S.S. Young.
 Lt. Cdr. A. F. McCreary (D.O.) to Asiatic Station.
 Gunr. T. F. Cullen to Naval Ammunition Depot, Fort Mifflin, Pa.
 Dispatch from Cdr.-in-Chief Asiatic Station Nov. 2:
 Lt. B. W. Wilson (C.O.) continue duty at Naval Station, Olongapo.
 Lt. (j.g.) W. W. Hastings (C.O.) to navy yard, Mare Island, Calif.
 Cdr. J. S. Arwin, Jr., to U.S.S. Texas; Lt. (j.g.) V. Bailey to U.S.S. Tennessee; Ensign F. G. Wrenn to U.S.S. Prairie; Cdr. D. C. Oather (M.C.) to U.S.S. Mercy.
 Supply Corps—Lts. D. Fisher and W. L. Land, Lt. (j.g.) M. A. Sprengel and G. L. Thomas and Ensign T. W. S. Runyon all to Supply Corps School of Application, Navy Department, Washington, D.C.

8TH INFANTRY, U.S.A., WINS AT INTER-ALLIED SHOOT.

The rifle and machine gun team of the 8th Infantry, U.S.A., on duty at Coblenz, Germany, covered itself with glory and made reputation, not only for itself but for the American Forces in Germany and the United States Army, when it carried away all of the honors in the Inter-Allied competition held by the British Army at Cologne, on Oct. 6. The details of the shoot which have only just been received show that the Americans won all the events by a safe margin.

For all rifle events the rifle in use by each army was allowed. The contestants were allowed to use any position in firing without artificial rests. The sling could not be adjusted. The scores of the contestants in each event follow:

	American	British	French	Belgian
Machine gun	174	120	96	14
Rifle snap shooting	69	51	48	24
Rifle slow fire	84	63	62	32
Rifle rapid fire	183	166	97	78
Totals	510	400	303	148

Prizes awarded for the winning team were a large silver cup to the team, and a silver medal to each individual on the team.

Warrant Officer Meskill, 8th Inf.; Sergeant Zavatsky, Hqs. Det.; Sergeant Hakala, Co. B; Sergeant Rebukowitz, Co. C, and Corporal Shedelbower, Co. K, composed the rifle team for the A.F.G., and Corporal McHugh, Co. M; Corporal Vinderhagen, Co. M, and Private 1st Class Gould, Co. M, the machine gun team.

Capt. F. M. Brannon, 8th Inf., assisted by Lieut. R. T. Foster, 8th Inf., was in charge of the team and of its training before its departure for Cologne. Sergeant Reed, Co. A, and Private Swindler, Co. K, were alternates on the rifle team, and Private Lechleiter, Co. M, was alternate for the machine gunners.

1ST CAVALRY DIVISION, U.S.A., MAKES FINE M.G. RECORD.

Below will be found the results attained in machine gun firing by the 2d Machine Gun Squadron of the 1st Cavalry Division, U.S.A., during the qualification firing in the summer of 1922. This splendid record is most creditable to the officers responsible therefor.

"One of the regiments of the Cavalry Division (the 10th Cavalry) outshot all other regiments of the Army," writes an officer who sent the scores to the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL.

"In machine gun firing, it is believed that the record made by the 2d Machine Gun Squadron of the Cavalry Division will not exceed the record of any other machine gun unit (Infantry or Cavalry), but will establish an Army record."

"In the firing for qualification the squadron qualified 100 per cent. of men firing. All men but three exceeding the requirements for the grade of sharpshooter."

Expert Qualification.

The machine gun expert qualification test is conducted by a board of officers. The test is a difficult one; it is divided into three parts, and failure in one of the three is failure to qualify, and the remaining tests will not be given. The following order of procedure is required: 1. Determination of ranges. 2. Matériel. 3. Individual field firing.

In the determination of ranges, the range to four distant men, from 500 to 1500 meters, must be determined. One record trial only, with a maximum time limit of twenty-five seconds for the estimation of each range. Over fifteen per cent. error or over twenty-five seconds is a failure.

The "matériel" test is exceedingly diffi-

cult and in general consists of making certain tests of the gun mechanism; properly explaining gun stoppages and how to correct same; explaining the functioning of any part of the gun and while blindfolded, to remove, separate and properly assemble the parts of the gun. Less than eighty-five per cent. is failure.

The individual field firing is at three groups of field targets, two F targets representing a machine gun; eight F targets representing a deployed squad and eight E targets representing a squad column. The targets are in position 900 meters from the initial firing position. Each gunner fires from three positions, none of which shall be less than 600 meters from the targets.

For the entire test, the squadron established the following record:

Troops.	Expert.	S.S.	Mksn.	Unqual.
A	25	10	0	0
B	35	5	0	0
C	21	14	3	0
Hqs. Det.	15	12	0	0
Sqdn. totals	96	41	3	0
Per cent. qualified, 67.1.				

For field firing alone:

Troops.	Expert.	S.S.	Mksn.	Unqual.
A	34	1	0	0
B	40	0	0	0
C	32	3	0	0
Hqs. Det.	25	2	0	0
Sqdn. totals	131	6	0	0
Per cent.	93.4	4.4	2.2	0

The officers commanding were as follows: Troop A, Capt. Charles N. Johnson; Troop B, 1st Lieut. James L. Lake; Troop C, Capt. Joseph W. Geer; Hqs. Detach., Capt. Jesse G. Boykin; squadron commander, Maj. Person Menoher.

11TH FIELD ARTILLERY, U.S.A., WINS SILVER CUP.

In the 11th U.S. Field Artillery Brigade transportation competition of Sept. 27, at Schofield Barracks, Honolulu, H.T., the 11th Field Artillery was awarded a cup for first place. It took first place in reconnaissance cars, kitchen trailers, water trailers, guns and caissons; second in Dodge cars, trucks and machine gun trailers. Battery D was awarded special mention.

19TH U.S. INFANTRY WINS SHOOTING CUP.

The California Rifle and Pistol Association on Oct. 15 held its contest for the California Coast Artillery trophy, a cup presented to the association by the local Artillery organizations of the National Guard. There were fourteen teams entered and 100 contestants for the individual cash prizes. The team of the 19th Infantry won with a score of 1,387 out of 1,500 points.

First Sergt. W. F. Lay, 19th Inf., was high man in the individual contest, with the excellent score of 240 out of a possible 250. C. W. Randall, Golden Gate Rifle Club, was second, with 239, and W. L. O'Donnell of the Olympic Club third, with 238.

The team scores were: Nineteenth Infantry, 1,387; Olympic Club, 1,385; U.S. Navy, 1,380; 30th Infantry, 1,363; Oleum Rifle Club, 1,348; Oakland Rifle Club, 1,379; Southern Pacific Rifle Club, 1,318; California Coast Artillery, 1,312; Co. C, 159th Infantry, C.N.G., 1,308; Golden Gate Rifle Club, 1,288; University of California Rifle Club, 1,256; Pacific Telephone Rifle Club, 1,206; 460th Co., C.A.C., C.N.G., 1,195; San Francisco Post, American Legion, 1,110.

TABLET TO U.S.S. CHAUNCEY ERECTED AT GIBRALTAR.

During the visit of the destroyers of Squadron 15 and the Black Hawk of the U.S. Navy to Gibraltar in July last, the sum of \$515 was collected from officers and men for the purpose of erecting a tablet to the memory of the officers and men of the U.S.S. Chauncey, who perished at about one a.m. Nov. 19, 1917, as result of a collision in the Straits of Gibraltar.

Capt. T. T. Craven, U.S.N., then commanding the squadron, who furthered the project in every way possible, announces that the money collected was sent to the Hon. R. S. Sprague, U.S. Consul at Gibraltar, with a request to procure a bronze tablet in memory of the officers and men of the Chauncey and a copy of the inscription for the same was also sent. The tablet is generally similar to that erected in honor of men who were lost in a British torpedo boat in the Straits of Gibraltar during the World War through collision.

The place selected for the erection of the Chauncey tablet, by permission of the British admiral in command at Gibraltar, is alongside the British tablet attached to a wall outside of the gate leading to the ragged staff landing in Gibraltar, in a place where it is seen by all visitors going ashore in that port.

The Chauncey at the time of the fatal collision was under command of Lieut. Comdr. Walter E. Reno, who was lost, together with two other commissioned officers and eighteen men.

Interesting Books

NEW LIGHT ON OLD SUBJECTS.

Many works have been written covering the field of applied military psychology, but few of them have equalled the careful development and clean-cut application which characterizes the most recent work of Lieut. Col. Jennings C. Wise, F.A., U. S.A. His work on "Hegemonics" marks something new in this field, because he has not scrupled to point out the unnoticed but common faults which handicap the modern soldier. In addition he has delineated, with the quick, sure strokes of an artist, two verbal pictures which drive home the application of his principles in a fashion that cannot escape the most careless reader. His two sketches of "The Soldier in Battle" are worth the price of the book from a literary standpoint alone. The author has drawn his principles from his own experiences, derived from service in the Regular Army, both prior to and during the World War. He served with the A.E.F. in France and possesses a splendid war record. With an unprejudiced mind he was able to see both sides of the picture and his work offers a splendid contrast to the one-sided vision of John Dos Passos.

Colonel Wise adopted a new name to denominate a new and rapidly developing science. It is derived from the Greek Hegemon, for leader, and was suggested by the celebrated Greek scholar Gilderleeve. From this word the deduction of Hegemonics—leading, and Hegemonics—scientific leadership, is at once apparent.

MEDICAL SERVICE OF THE THEATER OF OPERATIONS.

An Outline of the Medical Service of the Theater of Operations, by Lieut. Col. M. A. W. Shockley, Med. Corps, U.S.A., has just been issued by P. Blakiston's Son and Co., 1012 Walnut street, Philadelphia, Pa. It is a valuable work of 230 pages in handy size, bound in cloth, and printed in large, readable type.

This work has been rewritten from lectures and conferences given at the General Service Schools, U.S. Army, during the sessions of 1919-21, inclusive, for use as a text or reference book for line, General Staff and medical officers.

The contained matter has been thoroughly revised to conform to the organizational and tactical requirements of the new Army organization and the new medical service nomenclature.

The medical service tactical and administrative doctrine contained has been coordinated with combatant doctrine by actual test at the General Service Schools and conforms to the doctrine of the Surgeon General's office.

WAR SURPLUS.

"War Surplus" is the title of a handy little booklet which gives valuable information of the War Department's sales of its surplus property, and explains clearly what it has for sale, where the supplies are located and how to buy them. The booklet describes in an interesting way the methods of sale resorted to in the disposal of the vast stocks of surplus property in the hands of the War Department, and a loose leaf insert lists the more important sales scheduled for the near future, giving the dates and the places where the sales will be held.

The materials now on sale were purchased by the War Department during the World War, and were the best that money could buy, and the sales offer the business man an unusual opportunity to secure valuable material at very reasonable prices. The sales are made by sealed bids, by auction sales and by sales at fixed prices. Copies of the booklet can be secured from the Office of the Director of Sales, War Department, 2515 Munitions Building, Washington, D.C.

DYKE'S AUTOMOBILE ENCYCLOPEDIA.

The new edition of Dyke's Automobile Encyclopedia is in every sense of the word a new book.

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The book is of great value to officers who operate their own cars and to Army post mechanics.

The author of the book, A. L. Dyke, is known wherever automobiles are known. He was the first in this country to publish a practical book on automobiles.

So great has been the labor of producing the new edition, Mr. Dyke was forced to devote his entire time to that alone. Arrangements were accordingly made for the publication and sale of the book through the publishing house of Goodheart-Wilcox Co., Inc., of Chicago.

The old price is retained: cloth bound, \$6.00; flexible morocco, \$7.50.

Unhealthy gums denoted by tenderness and bleeding

UNHEALTHY soil kills the best of wheat. Unhealthy gums kill the best of teeth. To keep the teeth sound keep the gums well. Wash for tender and bleeding gums. This is a symptom of Pyorrhea which affects four out of five people over forty.

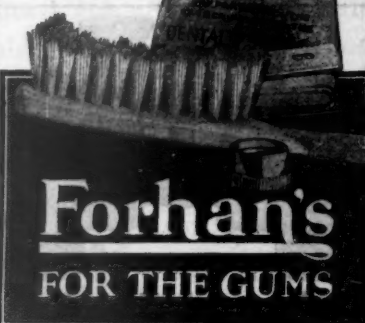
Pyorrhea menaces the body as well as the teeth. Not only do the gums recede and cause the teeth to decay, loosen and fall out, but the infecting Pyorrhea germs lower the body's vitality and cause many serious ills.

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Secretary of the Navy—Edwin Denby.
Assistant Secretary of the Navy—Theodore Roosevelt.
Chief of Naval Operations—Admiral E. E. Connelley.

JUNIOR OFFICERS, NAVY.

Nov. 8, 1922.

The following junior officers have become eligible for promotion in various grades and ranks of the Navy:

Line.		Medical Corps.	
R. Ad. G. T. Vogelgesang	Capt. H. C. Cocke	R. Ad. A. M. D. McCormick	Capt. H. C. Cocke
Cdr. W. S. Farber	Lt. Cdr. J. A. Crutchfield	Capt. H. C. Cocke	Capt. H. C. Cocke
Lt. Cdr. J. A. Crutchfield		Capt. H. C. Cocke	Capt. H. C. Cocke
Dental Corps.		Supply Corps.	
Lt. Cdr. A. G. Lyle		Rear Adm. L. Hunt	Cdr. D. V. Chadwick
		Cdr. J. N. Jordan	Lt. Cdr. J. D. P. Hodapp
Construction Corps.		Civil Engr. Corps.	
R. Adm. D. W. Taylor	Capt. C. M. Simmers	R. Adm. P. R. Harris	Capt. G. A. MacKay
Cdr. H. E. Russell	Lt. Cdr. E. M. Face	Cdr. G. A. Duncan	Lt. Cdr. R. L. Martin

NAVY GAZETTE.

Orders to Officers Nov. 1.

Lt. Cdr. J. M. Deem to Rec. Ship, New York, N.Y.
Lt. W. B. Anderson to Rec. Ship, San Francisco, Calif.; C. B. Burke to Naval Air Station, Pensacola, Fla.
Lts. (j.g.) G. H. Bowman to U.S.S. S-3; J. S. Ives to Submarine Flotilla 3; E. H. Smith to Rec. Ship, San Francisco, Calif.
Ens. C. O. Anderson to U.S.S. K-2; W. Dillman resignation accepted; L. L. Tower to Rec. Ship, Boston, Mass.; J. S. Wier to conn. f.o. U.S.S. Seattle and on board when commissioned.
Lt. Cdr. R. W. McDowell (M.C.) to R. Barracks, Hampton Roads, Va.; Lt. J. D. Boyle (S.C.) to Rec. Ship, New York, N.Y.
Chf. Bsn. A. C. Fraenzel to conn. f.o. U.S.S. Grebe and in command when commissioned; Chf. O. T. Hurdle to home and relieved all active duty Dec. 15; Mach. H. L. Ross to conn. f.o. U.S.S. Grebe and on board when commissioned; Chf. Pharm. R. Martin to navy yard, Washington.

Orders to Officers Nov. 2.

Capt. E. H. Campbell to captain of yard, navy yard, Mare Island, Calif.
Lt. Cdr. F. Cogswell to Naval Proving Ground, Lower Station, Dahlgren, Va.
Lts. W. L. Canney to U.S.S. Arizona; H. B. Grow to Bureau of Aeronautics, Navy Dept., Washington, D.C.; P. L. Meadows to Naval Training Sta., San Francisco, Calif.; B. M. Thompson to U.S.S. Tennessee.
Ens. E. Bastian to wait orders; R. O. Rasche to U.S.S. Utah.
Medical Corps—Cdr. R. E. Hoyt to navy yard, Portsmouth, N.H.; Lt. Cdr. C. W. Carr to Naval Dispensary, Washington, D.C.; Lt. J. F. Hooker to duty with Public Health Service of Haiti.
Lt. E. C. O'Connell (D.C.) to U.S.S. Texas; Lt. A. B. Canham (S.C.) to U.S.S. Rochester as supply officer, reporting Dec. 1, 1922; Lt. J. H. Theis (S.C.) to 11th Naval District; Lt. B. F. Huske (Chaplain C.) to U.S.S. Arizona; Lt. Cdr. H. F. Bruns (C.E.C.) to Bureau Yards and Docks, Navy Dept., Washington, D.C.; Lt. J. T. Mathews (C.E.C.) to navy yard, Boston, Mass.
Chf. Bsn. H. N. Huxford to command U.S.S. Ontario; Bsn. H. Meyers to conn. f.o. U.S.S. Grebe and on board when commissioned; Gunr. W. F. Loughman to U.S.S. Pyro; Gunr. W. J. Meade to U.S.S. Vestal; Mach. O. R. Owen to U.S.S. Sciota; Carp. A. E. Rue to 11th Naval District; Chf. Pay Clk. J. J. S. Fahy to 11th Naval District; Pay Clk. T. J. Bolan to navy yard, Charleston, S.C.; A.P. Clk. G. Boer to 11th Naval Dist.

Dispatch from Cdr.-in-Chief Asiatic Oct. 20: Lt. Cdr. L. W. Comstock to U.S.S. Peary. Lts. J. W. Bettens to Rec. Ship, San Francisco, Calif.; W. Cox to U.S.S. Rial; H. G. Eberhart to Rec. Ship, San Francisco, Calif.; T. N. Vinson to U.S.S. Hulbert; Lt. (j.g.) C. J. Palmer to Rec. Ship, San Francisco, Calif.; Ens. R. C. Warrack to U.S.S. Paul Jones; Lt. (j.g.) L. B. Karelle (S.C.) to Rec. Ship, San Francisco.
Bsn. A. S. Harer to U.S.S. Abarenda; Mach. L. E. Boyer to U.S.S. Ajax; Pay Clk. R. W. Beard to Rec. Ship, San Francisco.
Note—Lt. R. F. Armstrong died at Hampton Roads, Va., Oct. 26; Lt. E. L. Ericson died at Hampton Roads, Va., Oct. 26.

Orders to Officers Nov. 3.

Cdr. L. C. Richardson to Naval Inspector of Machinery, Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Lt. Cdr. G. E. Brandt to U.S.S. Wyoming as navigator; J. C. Jennings to R. Bks., Hampton Roads, Va.
Lts. C. A. Goebel to Destroyer Squadrons, Pacific Fleet; J. A. Hickey to navy yard, Mare Island, Calif.; R. S. H. Venable to Rec. Ship, New York, N.Y.
Lts. (j.g.) B. E. Davenport to Helium Production Plant, Fort Worth, Tex.; P. F. Lee to Destroyer Squadrons, Pac. Flt.
Ens. C. R. Brown to Destroyer Squadrons, Atl. Flt.; J. S. Hawkins to a battleship in Pac. Flt.; C. E. Taylor to a battleship in Pac. Flt.; L. L. Tower resignation accepted.
Lts. W. S. Leavenworth (M.C.) to U.S.S. Quail; L. L. Martin (D.C.) to Marine Bks., Parris Island, S.C.; M. G. Sharrow (S.C.) to Bu. Supplies and Accounts, Navy Dept., Washington, D.C.
Cdr. Le R. N. Taylor (C.C.) to 11th Naval Dist.; Lt. J. B. Earnest (C.C.) to U.S.S. Mercy; Lt. W. T. Holt (C.C.) to conn. f.o. U.S.S. Seattle and on board when commd.
Bsn. C. J. Naumilket to U.S.S. Quail; Chf. Gunr. W. T. McNiff det. U.S.S. California and to Asiatic Station; Gunr. J. L. Marshall to R. Bks., Hampton Roads, Va.; Gunr. M. P. Schaefer to U.S.S. Orizaba; Chf. Mach. J. Hauser to Rec. Ship, New York, N.Y.
Dispatch from Cdr.-in-Chief Asiatic Oct. 29: Lt. H. A. Davis to Rec. Ship, San Francisco, Calif.; H. G. Eberhart continue duty U.S.S. Rial; H. O. Sowell (S.C.) to U.S.S. Newport News; Lt. (j.g.) E. R. Applegate (S.C.) to Naval Station, Cavite, to Dest. Div. 38 as supply ofr.; Lt. (j.g.) T. P. Byram

(S.C.) to Naval Station, Cavite; Chf. Pay Clk. H. F. Bowker continue duty Naval Station, Cavite; A.P. Clk. A. S. Segal to Staff Cdr.-in-Chief Asiatic.

Orders to Officers Nov. 4.

Cdr. W. J. Giles to U.S.S. Utah as ex. ofr.; G. B. Wright to Naval Operations, Navy Dept., Washington, D.C.
Lt. T. O. Latimore to Rec. Ship, Philadelphia, Pa.
Lts. (j.g.) H. C. Flanagan to U.S.S. Chewink; J. H. McTwigg to navy yard, New York, N.Y.
Ens. F. B. Stoddert to U.S.S. Birmingham; C. W. Van Horn to U.S.S. Gold Star; E. A. Whitely to Rec. Ship, San Francisco, Calif.; D. T. Whitmer to U.S.S. Chewink.
Lts. W. O. Bailey (M.C.) to Naval Hospital, Washington, D.C.; J. J. Sale (M.C.) resignation accepted Dec. 2, 1922; F. Ulen, jr. (D.C.), to 11th Naval District.
Supply Corps—Capt. T. S. Jewett to supply officer navy yard, Portsmouth, N.H., reporting Jan. 1; Lts. C. H. Breyer to duty with General Inspector of Supply Corps, East coast; H. F. Hake to navy yard, New York, N.Y.; A. J. McMullen to Train. Atl. Flt.; Lts. (j.g.) S. L. Bates to navy yard, Portsmouth, N.H.; M. T. Betton to Dept. of Agriculture, Washington, D.C.; E. W. Brown to navy yard, Norfolk, Va.; J. W. Cavanagh to navy yard, Norfolk, Va.; L. Dancer to Naval Supply Station, Hampton Roads, Va.; S. R. Edson to navy yard, Portsmouth, N.H.; C. W. Fox to naval Aircraft Factory, navy yard, Philadelphia, Pa.; C. E. Kastenbein to Dept. of Agriculture, Washington, D.C.; C. D. Kirk to navy yard, Boston, Mass.; H. R. Lehmann to Dept. of Agriculture, Washington, D.C.; L. Pittman to navy yard, Washington, D.C.; E. F. Sparks to Dept. of Agriculture, Washington, D.C.; A. W. Urquhart to navy yard, Philadelphia, Pa.
Cdr. A. W. Carmichael (C.O.) to Rec. Ship, New York, N.Y.
Gunr. F. A. Geissert to conn. f.o. U.S.S. Colorado and on board when commissioned.

Orders to Officers Nov. 6.

Cdr. F. H. Poteet continue duty command U.S.S. Rathburne.
Cdr. M. G. Goldsborough, S.C., to treatment Naval Hospital, Washington, D.C.
Supply Corps—Lts. N. E. Diabrow, L. A. Klauer, T. L. Sorrell, L. C. Sowell, G. C. Tasker and J. O. Wood, Lts. (j.g.) A. A. Antrim, H. A. Miller and C. Musil to Supply Corps School of Application, Navy Dept., Washington, D.C.
Ens. W. F. Jones, S.C., to R. Bks., Hampton Roads, Va.
Ens. H. H. Karp, J. M. Lieber and H. E. Wither, all S.C., to Supply Corps School of Application, Navy Dept., Washington, D.C.
Chf. Bsn. A. N. Anderson to conn. f.o. U.S.S. Omaha and on board when commd.
Gunr. W. A. Gerdt to Rec. Ship, New York, N.Y.
Chf. Pay Clerk H. H. Koppang to duty with fleet paymaster, Pacific Fleet.
Dispatch from flagship Pittsburgh, dated Oct. 30:
Lt. Cdr. A. B. Macomb and J. N. Jordan, Lt. A. W. Dunn and Ens. C. B. Arney to U.S.S. Pittsburgh.
Ens. A. F. Dineen and Lt. Cdr. W. Gower, S.C., to U.S.S. Utah.

TENTATIVE SAILINGS, NAVAL TRANSPORTS.

Hampton Roads to Pacific—Sirius, Nov. 21; Henderson, Nov. 23; Argonne, Jan. 9; Chaumont, Feb. 14.
Hampton Roads to West Indies—Kittery, Dec. 8; Beaufort, Dec. 19.
San Francisco to Atlantic—Argonne, Nov. 25; Chaumont, Jan. 9; Argonne, Feb. 14.
San Francisco to Cavite—Vega, Dec. 1.
Cavite to San Francisco—Chaumont, Nov. 25.
Hampton Roads to Europe—Patoka, Dec. 12.

Marine Corps

Major Gen. Commandant J. A. Lejeune.

JUNIOR OFFICERS, MARINE CORPS.

Nov. 8, 1922.

Confirmed. Eligible for promotion.
Col. R. M. Cutts
Lt. Col. E. B. Miller
Maj. G. A. Johnson
Capt. D. E. Fox
1st Lt. H. J. Norton
Capt. R. J. Woodrich
1st Lt. F. C. Biebusch

MARINE CORPS GAZETTE.

NOV. 1—Capt. J. Maguire to Naval Operating Base, Hampton Roads, Va.
1st Lt. C. S. Grove and 2d Lt. H. G. Joeger resignations accepted.
The following officers are honorably discharged from the Marine Corps Reserve: 2d Lt. H. Bower, G. J. Konvalink, S. W. Polk, J. C. Hollis, F. R. Jones, L. B. Stuart, T. B. Tate, M. F. Guthers, J. H. Amen, L. B. Harris.
2d Lt. E. L. Williams, R. S. Harmon, B. M. McDuffie, A. F. Cochran, M. deC. Freeman, P. D. Ash, D. B. Becker, B. W. Atwood, M. C. Boesel, J. C. Caldwell.
NOV. 2—Lt. Col. E. B. Miller to M.B., N.S., Cavite, upon reporting to Commander-in-Chief, Asiatic Fleet.
Maj. E. H. Brainard granted leave for 1 month from Nov. 6.
Capt. W. Mills to M.B., N.S., Cavite, upon reporting to Commander-in-Chief, Asiatic Fleet.
Capt. P. W. Guilfoyle to Naval Hospital, Mare Island, Calif.
1st Lt. W. E. Bilbilly to U.S.S. Asheville upon reporting to Commander-in-Chief, Asiatic Fleet.
NOV. 9—Lt. Col. H. D. South granted leave for 21 days.
Capt. T. F. Joyce present leave extended 20 days.
1st Lt. L. S. Swindler present leave extended 40 days.
2d Lt. P. Foxworthy and L. H. Garrison honorably discharged from Marine Corps Reserve.
2d Lt. P. B. Watson granted leave for 1 month; E. A. Pollock to M.B., Parris Island.

NOV. 4—Maj. R. E. Messersmith authorized delay reporting to Commanding General, Quantico, Va., until Nov. 8.
Maj. R. B. Creecy to special temporary duty at navy yard, Boston, Mass.
Capt. G. W. Martin to special temporary duty at M.B., Parris Island, S.C.
2d Lt. A. D. Higgins honorably discharged from Marine Corps Reserve.

Coast Guard

Secretary of Treasury, A. W. Mellon.
Assistant Secretary, Col. Edward Clifford.
Captain Commandant, W. E. Reynolds.

COAST GUARD GAZETTE.

OCT. 25—Bsn. (L) J. D. Meade to Station No. 86 as officer in charge.
Bsn. (L) G. S. Weyant to Station No. 94 as officer in charge.
OCT. 26—Bsn. (L) L. Smith to Station No. 124 as officer in charge.
OCT. 31—Bsn. (L) J. DeGroot to Station No. 41 as officer in charge.
Act. Pay Clerk G. A. Scott to Tallapoosa.
Act. Pay Clerk W. Lidenfeld to Comanche.
NOV. 1—Lt. (j.g.) J. E. Whitebeck to Gresham.

NORFOLK NAVY YARD.

Norfolk, Va., Oct. 31, 1922.
Col. R. C. Berkeley, U.S.M.C., and Mrs. Berkeley had a dinner Oct. 27 for Col. and Mrs. J. T. Walker, Lt. and Mrs. Greer, Mrs. Harold Hines and Miss Eleanor Hines of Montclair, N.J., and Capt. George H. Rock, U.S.N.
Mrs. John F. Marshall, jr., was hostess at a bridge tea Oct. 25 for her mother, Mrs. Edward T. Wilson of New York, who is her guest.
Mrs. Monroe Kelly, Miss Mattie Lamb and Mrs. L. W. Lane, who have been spending several months traveling in England and on the continent, arrived in New York Oct. 22, and Mrs. Kelly has returned to her home, Williamsburg, Va.
Col. James P. Jervey, U.S.A., retired, and Mrs. Jervey had a tea in Portsmouth Oct. 25 for Rt. Rev. and Mrs. A. O. Thomson, Rear Adm. Philip Andrews, Col. and Mrs. R. C. Berkeley, Capt. G. H. Rock, U.S.N., and others.
Lt. and Mrs. E. J. Farrell had a card party Oct. 30 for Col. and Mrs. R. C. Berkeley, Capt. and Mrs. J. H. McDonald, Lts. and Mrs. B. G. Jones, J. M. Greer, H. V. Hughes and Otto Salzmann, Mrs. Harold Hines and Miss Eleanor Hines of Montclair, N.J., Capt. Gaines Moseley and Lt. E. A. Bemis.
Lt. Cdr. and Mrs. George Calver entertained Saturday evening at a supper for Col. and Mrs. Berkeley, Lt. Cdr. and Mrs. Ross, Lt. J. F. Crouse and Harold Cornett.

FORT SAM HOUSTON.

Fort Sam Houston, Texas, Oct. 31, 1922.
Gen. Pershing on his recent inspection of the 2d Division troops was the guest of Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Hines. With the division staff he was a luncheon guest of the Chamber of Commerce.
Lt. Col. and Mrs. Edward R. Cappock and family have recently returned from a motor trip through Texas, Oklahoma, Kansas, Missouri, Iowa, Mississippi, Wisconsin, Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Tennessee and Louisiana.
Capt. Biddle entertained Monday with a dinner party on the St. Anthony Roof. The guests included Maj. and Mrs. Cresson, Miss Ross Ponnelle, Capt. Botte, Miss Edith Prelik and William Tyroler.
Miss Elizabeth Ripley has arrived after spending the summer in Europe. En route home she visited relatives in Pennsylvania and New York.
Mrs. M. R. Hilgard entertained with a Halloween bridge tea for thirty-two guests.

FORT NIAGARA.

Fort Niagara, N.Y., Oct. 31, 1922.
The Inspector General of the Army, Maj. Gen. Eli Helmick, inspected Forts Niagara and Porter and the troops stationed thereat during the week beginning Oct. 22.
The evening bridge club was entertained by Capt. Brook Dodson and Lt. Stone Soley Oct. 19, and by Capt. and Mrs. Eccles Oct. 26. Miss Phyrne Evans had as her week-end guest Miss Berry. A number of the ladies of the post motored to Fort Porter, where they attended the luncheon and card party given by Mr. Hernandez.
Col. and Mrs. F. D. Evans left Oct. 26 for Clifton Springs, N.Y. Lt. Russell Eastman, 9th F.A., is the guest of Col. and Mrs. Hugue. The post transportation contest on the 30th was very interesting and the competition between the companies keen. The band is present at Fort Porter.

ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND.

Aberdeen, Md., Nov. 2, 1922.
Lt. and Mrs. Charles E. Lex leave shortly for Cincinnati, and Lt. Lex is now on temporary duty in Washington. On Oct. 26 Mrs. Lex was hostess at a bridge party for Mmes. W. H. Tachappat, W. L. Clark, E. O. Helmick, L. H. Campbell, jr., J. B. Bellinger, Wall, J. W. Slattery, W. E. Becker, Kepner, Proctor, Lynn, Wilder, and Mrs. Howard Holmes Mitchell of Aberdeen.
Capt. G. S. Kennedy has left for his new station in Chicago, and his wife and daughter, who are now visiting in New York, will join him later. Little Miss Ruth Clark, daughter of Maj. and Mrs. W. L. Clark, celebrated her eighth birthday anniversary. The guests were Misses Virginia Campbell, Nancy Mitchell of Aberdeen, Sonny and Joe Lynn. The youngsters played games, after which refreshments were served.
Col. and Mrs. W. H. Tachappat entertained at a bridge party on Oct. 20. Mrs. Miles W. Kresge on Oct. 25 entertained at bridge for Mmes. Tachappat, Clark, Helmick, Kepner, Slattery, Miley and MacFugo. Mrs. Kresge was also hostess at a dinner given on Oct. 27 for Col. and Mrs. Tachappat, Maj. and Mrs. Clark and Capt. Kresge.
Mrs. W. E. Becker will have as a week-end guest Miss Virginia McNeal of Baltimore. Mr. and Mrs. J. Alexis Shriver of Bel Air on Oct. 28 gave a dance and oyster roast at the Harford boat club, near Bel Air, in appreciation of a ride which Mr. Shriver had recently taken in the dirigible D-8 of the Aberdeen post. The decorations were miniature dirigibles and

PORT MONROE.

Port Monroe, Va., Oct. 30, 1922.

The annual Halloween masquerade at the Coast Artillery School on Oct. 27 was a most successful affair in decorations, costumes and attendance. Arrangements were in charge of Capt. C. W. Bundy and L. W. Jefferson.

Preceding the dance Col. and Mrs. Howell entertained at dinner for Col. and Mrs. Davis, Fred and Cloke. Guests of Capt. and Mrs. Block were Maj. and Mrs. Donovan, Moore, Haines, Colton, Stewart and Chapin. Maj. and Mrs. Clark gave a dinner in honor of their house guests, Maj. and Mrs. Augustus Norton of Norfolk, and for Maj. and Mrs. Herring, Spiller and Cramer, Capt. and Mrs. Bundy.

Capt. and Mrs. Hinman entertained at dinner in honor of their guest, Mrs. Doster of Denver, and Mrs. Pratt, Capt. and Mrs. Holmes, Maj. Guthrie and Montgomery, Capt. Connell and Col. and Mrs. Matthews.

Twenty-nine enjoyed a Dutch treat dinner party at the club before the dance, Halloween favors and decorations adding a festive touch.

The annual Red Cross roll call is now on at Port Monroe and Red Cross headquarters presents an animated scene. It is hoped that the chapter may sustain the excellent record made last year. Mrs. Herring is again chairman of the roll call committee. At a meeting of the Port Monroe Red Cross Chapter on Monday a short speech was made by Col. R. P. Davis, retiring chairman of the chapter. Officers for the coming year were elected as follows: Chairman, Col. J. F. Howell; vice chairman, Sergt. Kirkman; secretary, Sergt. Hahn; treasurer, Capt. Dutton. Home Service committee—Mrs. Herring chairman, Mmes. Fife, Kirkman and Pearson; Production committee, Mrs. Clark chairman, Mmes. Kunzman and Bowen; Junior Red Cross, Mrs. Haines chairman, Mmes. Messer and Holt.

Col. Marion Battle of Roanoke, Va., was week-end guest of Col. and Mrs. Maybach. Mr. and Mrs. Richard Armstrong of Hampton entertained at dinner on Saturday, the Monroe guests including Col. and Mrs. Davis, Col. and Mrs. Peck and Maj. and Mrs. Clark.

Maj. Gen. Amos A. Fries, Chief of Chemical Warfare Service, addressed the officers of the post and school at the Coast Artillery School on Oct. 28. His lecture was followed by a practical demonstration of Chemical Warfare activities on the old Chamberlin site. That evening Gen. Fries spoke at a meeting of the Sojourners' Club at the Warwick Hotel in Newport News. While here the General was the guest of Col. J. C. Johnson.

Col. and Mrs. J. C. Ohnstad and daughter, Miss Jessie, left Oct. 28 for New York, where they will take the transport for San Francisco via Panama. They sail from San Francisco on Dec. 5 for Manila.

THE ENGINEERING SCHOOL.

Fort Humphreys, Va., Oct. 27, 1922.

Mrs. Daniel Noce and infant daughter, Mildred, who have been spending the summer in and near New York city with Mrs. Noce's parents, returned Oct. 21. Mrs. Bartley M. Harloe and infant daughter, Anne Elizabeth, returned home from Garfield Memorial Hospital, Washington, Oct. 19.

Capt. and Mrs. O. L. Adcock and son, Charles, left by motor for their new station at Boston, Oct. 19. Mrs. F. D. Rhodes, jr., and son, Frank O. Rhodes, who have been for two weeks guests of Mrs. Rhodes's parents, Capt. and Mrs. C. C. Gans, returned to their home in Uniontown, Pa., Oct. 25.

Mr. Harry M. Gibson of Fort Worth, Texas, is the guest of his brother-in-law and sister, Capt. and Mrs. H. C. Lyons. Mr. Gibson will spend the winter here, as a student at Alexandria High School.

Capt. Robert A. Laird is on temporary duty with the 17th Engineers at Camp Meade for a period of several months. Mrs. Laird is making an extended visit in the South, expecting to spend some of the winter with her parents in New Orleans and to join Capt. Laird at Camp Meade later.

GOVERNORS ISLAND.

Governors Island, N.Y., Nov. 7, 1922

Halloween was celebrated in the garrison by a number of dinners and family gatherings, and by a delightful children's party given at the clubhouse by Mrs. Higgins. The children came in costume, and after games and dances in the bay room they enjoyed a bountiful "spread" in the dining room. Mrs. Edmund Smith gave an informal party for "grown-ups," who engaged in the various time-honored sports of the evening with surprising zest.

On Saturday afternoon, Nov. 4, Mrs. Jackson, Mrs. Davison and Miss Miller were hosts of the Phi Beta Phi Society, the New York chapter. After the executive meeting the members were entertained by Mrs. Viles, who sang a number of selections to the delight of her audience. Chaplain Smith gave an address on the historical associations of Governors Island and the six members present, after which they visited the post chapel and then Mrs. Jackson's quarters, the oldest building on the island, with the ancient guard house and the famous "Black Hole" of 1812.

A formal dance was given at the clubhouse on the evening of Nov. 3, at which Col. and Mrs. Conrad and Col. and Mrs. Saltzman returned the guests.

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Chase W. Kennedy are guests of Col. Murray. Mrs. Samuel Sturges, who was visiting her father, Col. Murray, has returned to West Point.

CHICAGO SERVICE NOTES.

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 26, 1922.

The 6th Corps Area staff card club had its first meeting of the season with the president, Mrs. Morgan.

Maj. E. S. Adams left for his new station at Washington, D.C. Mrs. Adams will follow later. Mrs. Ely has joined her husband at the Berkeleyside apartments.

Maj. and Mrs. J. P. Smith recently returned from a six weeks' motor trip to the East. Mrs. Stricker gave a luncheon to Mrs. Ham and seven others. Following a luncheon, Mmes. H.

W. Smith, C. O. Smith and White played cards with Mrs. Meister. Mrs. Ham entertained at cards and a luncheon. Mrs. Meister, Mrs. White and a number of other Army women assisted Mrs. William S. Wood, who represented Mrs. Bell in the Salvation Army drive on the North Side.

A dancing club, at and under the auspices of the Chicago Beach Hotel, was recently organized for the Army in and about Chicago, and its civilian friends, where dinner dances may take place. Maj. White was elected secretary. The first meeting was a great success, the room filled to capacity, a feature being the successful "club tables," where couples made up congenial parties. Among those giving dinners that night were Col. and Mrs. McGloskey, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Wilson, Maj. and Mrs. White, Col. and Mrs. C. O. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Baker and Lt. Col. Game.

PORT BRAGG.

Port Bragg, N.C., Nov. 5, 1922.

Mrs. J. T. Berry entertained at dinner recently for twelve guests, including Maj. and Mrs. Mort, Lts. and Mmes. Balmer and Price, Lts. Tompkins and Begnier. Mrs. C. R. Norton entertained on Halloween in compliment to her niece, Miss Francina Fead of Detroit, a house guest at the Norton quarters. The guests were served picnic style in small booths placed about the spacious living rooms. The food was served in small, appropriately decorated baskets. The dinner preceded a Halloween hop at the officers' club, and all the fifty guests of Mrs. Norton arrived in Mardi Gras attire. In the center of the living room was hung a huge "witch's cauldron," from which punch was served. The entire house was decorated with black cats, owls and other Halloween decorations.

Mrs. J. E. Richards of Bowling Green, Va., has been a house guest of Lt. and Mrs. Frederick E. Coyne, F.A.

Mrs. S. E. Reinhart entertained at bridge

on Friday. Those at the tables were Mmes. Mort, Bateson, Miller, Berry, Wise, Jones and Coyne.

Among recent entertainments in this garrison were the tea given by Mrs. John H. Wise for thirty guests, Mrs. J. D. Balmer and Mrs. C. J. Kanaga a bridge luncheon for twenty, and a dinner for twenty guests given by Mrs. B. C. McConar.

Mrs. J. C. Gratton of Detroit, Mich., is visiting her mother, Mrs. C. R. Norton. Mrs. J. J. Miller gave a party for eight guests in compliment to Capt. Miller's birthday anniversary last week. Mrs. H. McDowell of Butterworth, Va., was recently a guest of Maj. and Mrs. A. G. Franklin, M.C.

The weather of the past few weeks has brought forth many polo enthusiasts each afternoon. On Sunday afternoon there are two games played, and the field is always lined with motors bearing hundreds of both military and civilian enthusiasts of the sport.

The betrothal of Miss Alice May Elwell and Maj. Claude K. Rhinehardt, 5th F.A., was recently announced.

PORT SHERIDAN.

Port Sheridan, Ill., Oct. 22, 1922.

Col. and Mrs. Watson entertained Maj. and Mrs. Barrett and Lt. and Mrs. Smith at dinner on Friday. Mrs. Sturgill and little son have joined Maj. Sturgill at this post. Miss Rubey Hickock left this week for her home at Elgin, Ill., after spending a fortnight with Capt. and Mrs. Keeler.

Capt. Rodas, with the members of the three Chicago polo teams, has gone to Grenada, Miss., to take part in the Mississippi championship polo tournament, this week. Mrs. Rodas has gone to Rockford, Ill., to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Warmwood, during his absence.

Col. and Mrs. Blanchard entertained Col. and Mrs. Peck and Miss Viola Shields of Highland Park at supper on Sunday. Maj. and Mrs. Harrison entertained a few friends at tea on Sunday.

VESSELS OF THE NAVY

Corrected to Nov. 5.

Address mail for vessels in Atlantic and European waters in care of Postmaster, New York city.

Adm. Hilary P. Jones, Cdr.-in-Chief. Vice Adm. John D. McDonald. Battlefleet Force.

Rear Adm. A. H. Scates, commander of Division Five. Rear Adm. Sumner E. W. Kittelle, commander of Destroyer Squadrons.

Antares, Lynnhaven Roads, Va. Arkansas, Yorktown, Va. Billingsley, New York Yard.

Bobolink, Hampton Roads, Va. Brasos, Constantinople to Marseilles, France.

Breck, Yorktown, Va., to sea Nov. 6. Bridgeport, en r. So. Drill Grds.

Brooks, Constantinople, Turkey. Brooks, Yorktown, Va. Bruce, Yorktown, Va., to sea Nov. 6.

Case, Yorktown, Va., to sea Nov. 6. Chas. Ausburne, Yorktown, Va., to sea Nov. 6.

Chevink, New London, Conn. Childs, Fire Island, N.Y. Coghlan, Yorktown, Va., to sea Nov. 6.

Converse, Yorktown, Va., to sea Nov. 6. Dale, Yorktown, Va., to sea Nov. 6.

Delaware, So. Drill Grounds. Denebola, en r. to Gibraltar Oct. 31.

Florida, Boston Yard. Flusser, Yorktown, Va., to sea Nov. 6.

Humphreys, Norfolk, Va. Isherwood, Yorktown, Va., to sea Nov. 6.

J. K. Paulding, Yorktown, Va., to sea Nov. 6. J. Fred Talbot, Newport, R.I.

Lamson, Yorktown, Va., Nov. 6. Langley, Yorktown, Va. Lardner, Yorktown, Va., Nov. 6.

Lark, Yorktown, Va. Mahan, Yorktown, Va. Mallard, Port-au-Prince, Haiti.

Marland, navy yard, Brooklyn, New York. Maury, Yorktown, Va., to sea.

North Dakota, So. Drill Grds. Olympia, Philadelphia Yard.

Osborne, New York Navy Yard. Owl, Hampton Roads to Washington, D.C.

Preston, Yorktown, Va., to sea. Prometheus, Yorktown, Va.

Proteus, Norfolk Yard. Putnam, Boston, Mass.

Quail, Canal Zone. Reid, Southern Drill Grounds.

Reid, Yorktown, Va., to sea. Relief, Yorktown, Va., to sea.

Reuben James, Yorktown, Va., to sea. Robin, Hampton Roads, Va.

Rochester, Yorktown, Va., to sea. Sandpiper, Philadelphia, Pa.

Sands, navy yard, Philadelphia. Sharkey, Yorktown, Va., to sea.

Shawmut, Yorktown, Va., to sea. Swan, Portsmouth, N.H.

Teal, Philadelphia, Pa. Toucy, Yorktown, Va., to sea.

Utah, Boston, Mass. Vireo, Philadelphia, Pa.

Williamson, Yorktown, Va. Worden, Yorktown, Va., to sea.

Wright, Philadelphia, Pa. Wyoming, Yorktown, Va.

Yarborough, San Diego, Calif. Young, San Diego, Calif.

Zane, San Diego, Calif.

U.S. ASIATIC FLEET. Send mail to Asiatic Station via San Francisco, Calif.

Adm. Edwin A. Anderson, Cdr.-in-Chief; flagship, Huron.

Ajax, Cavite, P.I. Abarenda, Cavite, P.I.

Asheville, Pagoda Anchorage, China. Barker, Cavite, P.I.

Broome, San Diego, Calif. Buffalo, San Diego, Calif.

Burao, Pearl Harbor, T.H. California, San Pedro, Calif.

Camden, San Pedro, Calif. Cardinal, San Pedro, Calif.

Chandler, San Diego, Calif. Charleston, San Diego, Calif.

Chase, San Diego, Calif. Chauncey, San Diego, Calif.

Claxton, San Diego, Calif. Connecticut, San Pedro, Calif.

Corry, Mare Island, Calif. Cuyama, Mare Island, Calif.

Decatur, Mare Island, Calif. Delphy, San Diego, Calif.

Dorsey, San Diego, Calif. Farenholt, San Diego, Calif.

Farragut, San Diego, Calif. Farquhar, San Diego, Calif.

Fuller, San Diego, Calif. Gannet, San Diego, Calif.

Hovey, San Diego, Calif. Hull, Mare Island, Calif.

Idaho, San Pedro, Calif. Jason, Mare Island, Calif.

J. P. Burnes, San Diego, Calif. Kanawha, Mare Island, Calif.

Kennedy, San Diego, Calif. Kidder, San Diego, Calif.

Kingfisher, San Pedro, Calif. Lapwing, Pearl Harbor, T.H.

La Valette, San Diego, Calif. Long, San Diego, Calif.

Ludlow, Pearl Harbor, T.H. Macdonough, San Diego, Calif.

MacDermot, San Diego, Calif. Marcus, San Diego, Calif.

Melvin, San Diego, Calif. Mercy, San Pedro, Calif.

Mervine, San Diego, Calif. Mississippi, San Pedro, Calif.

Mullany, San Diego, Calif. Neches, San Diego, Calif.

Nevada, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil. New Mexico, San Pedro, Calif.

New York, navy yard, Bremer- ton, Wash.

Nicholas, San Diego, Calif. Oklahoma, San Pedro, Calif.

Partridge, San Diego, Calif. Paul Hamilton, San Diego.

Pennsylvania, San Pedro, Calif. Percival, San Diego, Calif.

Perry, San Diego, Calif. Procyon, Mare Island, Calif.

Rappahannock, San Diego to Balboa.

Rathburn, San Diego, Calif. Reno, San Diego, Calif.

Robert Smith, San Diego, Calif. Roper, San Diego, Calif.

Seagull, Honolulu, T.H. Selfridge, San Diego, Calif.

Shirk, San Diego, Calif. Sloat, San Diego, Calif.

Southard, San Diego, Calif. Summer, San Diego, Calif.

S. P. Lee, San Diego, Calif. Stedert, San Diego, Calif.

Talbot, San Diego, Calif. Tanager, Pearl Harbor, T.H.

Tennessee, Bremerton, Wash. Tern, Mare Island, Calif.

Texas, San Pedro, Calif. Thompson, San Diego, Calif.

Gen. Alava, Cavite, P.I. Hart, Manila, P.I.

Helena, Amoy, China. Hulbert, Manila, P.I.

Huron, Manila, P.I. Isabel, Hankow, China.

John D. Edwards, Chinwang- tao, China.

Monocacy, Wanshan, China. Noa, Manila, P.I.

Palos, Chung-king, China. Pampanga, Hong Kong, China.

Paul Jones, Manila, P.I. Peary, Manila, P.I.

Pecos, Manila, P.I. Pillsbury, Manila, P.I.

Pope, Manila, P.I. Preble, Manila, P.I.

Pruitt, Manila, P.I. Quiros, Hankow, China.

R. L. Barnes, Cavite, P.I. Rial, Manila, P.I.

Sicard, Manila, P.I. Sacramento, Vladivostok.

Smith-Thompson, Cavite, P.I. Stewart, Manila, P.I.

Tracy, Cavite, P.I. Truxton, Manila, P.I.

Villalobos, Shanghai, China. Wm. B. Preston, Manila, P.I.

Whipple, Cavite, P.I.

NAVAL FORCES, EUROPE. Send mail in care of Postmaster, New York city.

Vice Adm. A. T. Long, commander; flagship, Pittsburgh.

Barry, Constantinople, Turkey. Bainbridge, Constantinople.

Bulmer, Constantinople, Turkey. Edsall, Constantinople, Turkey.

Fox, Theodosia, Russia. Glimmer, Samsun, Turkey.

Goff, Constantinople, Turkey. Hatfield, Constantinople, Turkey.

Hopkins, Beirut, Syria. Kane, Constantinople, Turkey.

King, Adalia, Turkey. Lawrence, Constantinople.

Litchfield, Constantinople. McCormick, Constantinople.

McLeish, Constantinople. McFarland, Trebizond, Turkey.

Overton, Samsun, Turkey. Parrott, Constantinople, Turkey.

Pittsburgh, Gibraltar. Simpson, Constantinople.

Sturtevant, Mudania, Turkey.

SPECIAL SERVICE SQDN. Send mail in care of Postmaster, New York city.

Rear Adm. W. C. Cole, Comdr. Birmingham, in Canal Zone.

Cleveland, Canal Zone. Denver, San Jose, Guatemala.

Salvador, Canal Zone. Tacoma, Boston, Mass.

UNASSIGNED. Buffalo, Mare Island, Calif.

Canopus, Boston, Mass. Chicago, Pearl Harbor, T.H.

Hannibal, Philadelphia, Pa. Mayflower, Washington, D.C.

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Chamont, at Guam. Gold Star, Bremerton, Wash.

Henderson, Santo Domingo City. Houston, Mare Island, Calif.

Kittery, New York Yard. Newport News, Cavite to Guam.

Nitro, San Diego to Bremerton. Orion, Hampton Roads, Va.

Patoka, San Diego to Balboa. Pensacola, Cavite, P.I.

Pyro, Seattle, Wash. Ramapo, Mare Island, Calif.

Sapelo, Port Arthur, Texas, to sail for Europe.

Sirius, Norfolk, Va. Trinity, Charleston, S.C.

Vega, Mare Island, Calif.

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Financial Digest

Hereafter the Army and Navy Journal will publish in this column a digest of the financial and investment situation, edited by Mr. Sykes, as an added service to its readers. This paper will be glad to furnish to its readers information on any brokerage house. A letter addressed to the Army and Navy Journal, 354 Fourth Avenue, New York City, will bring the information desired.

The statements made herein are based upon information and statistics which we consider reliable. But as not made upon our personal knowledge we do not, of course, guarantee their correctness.

By Raymond V. Sykes.

The severe reaction in the stock market during the first week in November caused a considerable degree of uneasiness among holders of speculative issues, and undoubtedly many considered the break as indicating a turn in the trend and disposed of their holdings. Selling on the decline has subsequently proved to be a mistake, with the only recourse that of buying back at higher levels or waiting in the hopes of another reaction.

The bull market is not over, and reactions similar to the recent one are certain from time to time and must be accepted with what equanimity the speculator may be able to muster. Reactions are attributable to a number of causes, the principal one being over-extension on the part of the public and the habit of "protecting" this weak position by inserting stop-loss orders. Under the circumstances, a bear raid can be carried out methodically at the proper time by those who make it their business to learn just how honey-combed the market really is. The significant point in such a decline is the reception with which it is met by sound buying power.

Fifty Stocks Show a Net Gain.

In the reaction referred to the average price of fifty stocks given by the New York Times at the close of the preceding Saturday was 88.37. On a turnover of 3,378,557 shares during the next three days the average declined 3.45 points, but in the rally which followed the recovery amounted to 4.06 points on a turnover of only 2,016,940 shares. Thus on a smaller volume of business the entire loss was not only recovered but a net gain was recorded. The conclusion obviously is that buying is more difficult than selling. So long as this holds true the trend is upward.

It might not be amiss to again emphasize that technical reactions and shakeouts are inevitable in a bull market and it is idle to try to take advantage of them. None can foresee these movements with any degree of accuracy or measure their extent. The so-called in-and-out traders, by actual investigation, ultimately lose nine times out of ten. Profitable speculation is possible, but it consists of first determining if the security purchased is cheap in the light of the future earning power and then holding on until this fact is discounted by the market.

The trend is based upon certain underlying conditions and not the opposite. A prospect of increasing profits is the one sound reason for buying a speculative stock, and while this condition obtains it should be held. At present the outlook is encouraging for many lines of endeavor, but selection is necessary. Credit, which is a fundamental requirement in business and the speculative market, is plentiful at a slightly higher cost. Even if commercial demands are sufficient to cause a further advance in interest rates the prospect of better earnings will outweigh the heavier carrying charges in the stock market and no appreciable effect is likely there on this account for some time to come.

Speculative Value of Low Priced Rails.

Specifically the low priced rails are the better speculative purchases at this time. The showing on the part of the railroads so far this year has not come up to expectations at first glance, but their affairs assume a better complexion upon analysis. In September the Class 1 railroads earned at the annual rate of 2.88 per cent, and the property valuation against 4.07 per cent. In August, 4.04 per cent. In July and 4.79 per cent. In June. The decline was due to unusual expenditures made in connection with car and locomotive repairs, bad order equipment having accumulated during the shopmen's strike in the preceding months. Maintenance of equipment cost \$120,000,000, whereas normally the cost should have been less than \$100,000,000.

Diverting this extraordinary expense to its natural channel the return on property valuation for September would have been approximately 4 per cent, instead of 2.88 per cent. Bad order cars were reduced by 30,000 and earnings would have increased still farther if the handicap of unfit rolling stock had not interfered early in the month. Beginning with September maintenance of equipment charges should be substantially less, while it is well known from car loadings reports that traffic expanded heavily. Total operating expenses may increase because of the greater volume of business handled, but the additions to net can be counted upon as considerable.

Other expenses, particularly maintenance of way, are of satisfactory proportions. Certain of the roads have been spending more than the normal seasonal amounts on roadbed repairs, but with the colder weather this will cease. The many consolidations which will be proposed later will result in buying for control, dividend increases to influence exchange of stocks, etc., and the combined effect is quite certain to be highly bullish.

One of the best of the non-dividend paying rails is St. Louis-Southwestern. The preferred appears to be close to a dividend, with the common then next in line. Other buying suggestions would include Baltimore and Ohio, Missouri Pacific preferred, St. Louis-San Francisco, Erie 1st preferred and Southern Railway.

FLORIDA MORTGAGE BOND ISSUE.

G. L. Miller Bond and Mortgage Co., Miami, Fla., has underwritten an issue of \$65,000 first mortgage 8% serial gold bonds, secured by the New Fort Pierce Hotel, Fort Pierce, Fla., and by a first claim on the earnings of the structure, which is completed and in operation. The property is valued at \$112,000 and net earnings are estimated at \$31,145 annually. The bonds are dated Oct. 1, 1922, and mature serially, one to fifteen years.

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CAMP LEWIS NOTES.

Camp Lewis, Wash., Nov. 1, 1922.

Hallowe'en at Camp Lewis was celebrated by more than 300 officers and guests by an elaborate assembly at the Officers' Club on Tuesday evening. The affair was in charge of the quartermaster officers of the station. Orange and black streamers hung from the chusters of electric lights and a booth labeled "Ye Olde Country Store" was the center of attention for refreshments and the distribution of mail. Paul Jones and the Virginia reel were on the program, and the Officers' Club orchestra offered a treat with a new program of music.

Lt. and Mrs. C. E. Stafford, preceding the Hallowe'en party, entertained twelve quartermaster officers and wives. Lt. H. R. Lebkuecher and Miss Mary Louise Jackson of Tacoma were guests of Capt. George A. Hunt at dinner.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. C. R. W. Morison left today for their new station at Bozeman, Mont., where Col. Morison will take charge of the R.O.T.C. at the University of Montana. Mrs. R. H. Wilson and Miss Mary Wilson of Seattle, wife and daughter of Col. R. H. Wilson, retired, were guests at Camp Lewis on Tuesday and visited with Lt. Col. and Mrs. C. R. W. Morison and Lt. and Mrs. C. N. S. Ballou.

Maj. Gen. Charles G. Morton, commanding the 9th Corps Area, and Mrs. Morton were at Camp Lewis last Thursday and were honored at a reception at the Camp Lewis Officers' Club. The reception was preceded by a dinner of twenty-two covers in their honor by Maj. Gen. Charles H. Muir, commanding Camp Lewis and the 3d Division. On Friday Gen. Morton reviewed the troops of the 3d Division and left for Tacoma and Seattle.

Brig. Gen. Robert Alexander addressed the meetings of officers of the camp on Tuesday concerning the relation of the American Legion to the Army. Maj. Bertram L. Cadwalader introduced the speakers and one of the most interesting talks was delivered by Capt. De Witt M. Evans, O.R.C.

Maj. and Mrs. Felix E. Blackburn have returned to camp after a month's leave spent in the South. Capt. D. W. Colbourn, aid to Gen. Muir, has returned from an extended skiing trip on the Olympic peninsula. Capt. Colbourn's mother and sister, who have been visiting at Camp Lewis for several months, left this week for their home in New York City.

WASHINGTON BARRACKS.

Washington Barracks, D.C., Nov. 4, 1922.

Col. and Mrs. Lawrence B. Simonds are entertaining an aunt of Mrs. Simonds, Mrs. Robert H. Olney of Baltimore, the widow of Col. Olney, who commanded the 10th Infantry.

Col. and Mrs. S. C. Vestal entertained at a young folks' dinner party in compliment to Miss Margaret Kimmel and for Misses McGlachlin and Margaret Weeks, Lts. J. C. Odell, F. L. Parks and H. L. Calvin. Col. and Mrs. Vestal later took their guests to a hop at the club of the Army War College.

Mrs. Yates Stirling and children, who visited Mrs. Stirling's sister and her brother-in-law, Col. and Mrs. Charles E. Kilbourne, have started for the Pacific coast, to reside at San Francisco. Capt. Stirling is in command of the U.S.S. New Mexico.

Maj. Edward L. Dyer, Mrs. Dyer, Virginia and Barbara Dyer left a few days ago for Maj. Dyer's new station at Camp Eustis, Va. Miss Elizabeth Embick has been entertaining as her house guest Miss Warren of Trenton, N.J. Mr. William Vestal, young son of Col. and Mrs. S. C. Vestal, an officer this year in the regiment of High School Cadets of Washington.

PORTLAND HARBOR NOTES.

Fort McKinley, Me., Oct. 5, 1922.

Capt. and Mrs. Charles H. Owens entertained at dinner Sunday evening for Maj. and Mrs. Thomas F. Taylor, Capt. and Mrs. Robert A. Case, Miss Sara Marshall from Augusta, Ga., and Capt. Clayton S. Whitehead.

A Hallowe'en party was given Tuesday by Maj. and Mrs. Thomas F. Taylor for the officers and ladies of the post. Among those present were Col. and Mrs. Reuben Smith, Maj. and Mrs. Tom K. P. Stillwell, Capt. and Mrs. Rayens, Coffin, Owens, Case, Turner, Lt. and Mrs. Hopping, Capt. Peters, Minus, Tribolet, Watson, Whitehead, Lts. Haleson, Babbitt and Sanders, Capt. Jones, Miss Sara Marshall and Mr. Leonard Smith.

Capt. and Mrs. Robert A. Case entertained at dinner Sunday evening for Maj. and Mrs. Thomas F. Taylor, Miss Sara Marshall and Lt. John Haleson.

THE INFANTRY SCHOOL.

Fort Benning, Ga., Nov. 4, 1922.

Miss Dorothy McRae of Columbus Barracks, Ohio, daughter of Maj. Gen. J. H. McRae, commander of the 5th Corps Area, is the guest of Mrs. Robert McClure, who entertained at dinner before the hop in honor of Miss McRae. Her guests were Capt. and Mrs. Harding, Thompson, Ketchum, Ransome and Rock, Lts. Wood and Carter and Capt. Ready.

Capt. and Mrs. Harding entertained at a Hallowe'en dinner party on Oct. 28 for the officers and ladies of the 15th Infantry who served together in China.

Miss Elizabeth Hobbs of Athens, Ala., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. E. C. Betts. Mrs. Helen W. Mayer with her daughter, Miss Marguerite Mayer, visited her daughter, Mrs. Charles Hall, this week. Mrs. Mayer and Miss Mayer were en route to their home in San Antonio from New York, where they had just arrived from a tour of Europe.

Miss Jane Bohlinger of Little Rock is the guest of her sister, Mrs. O. B. Lenow. Mrs. J. W. Rumbough gave a picnic on Thursday for guests on the post and some of the young ladies and bachelors of the 83d Field Artillery. The 29th Infantry Brigade Club met with Mrs. Floyd Hatfield on Tuesday. Mrs. A. E. Andrews, Merl Broderick and Finley were hostesses for the Army Bridge Club of Columbus on Nov. 2.

Mrs. E. M. Burnett, Mrs. Stephen Elkins and Mrs. French were hostesses for the polo tea following the game on Sunday. A special feature of the games last week was a match played with mules for mounts.

PORT BRADY NOTES.

Fort Brady, Mich., Nov. 4, 1922.

The 3d Battalion, 2d Inf., returned from Camp Custer Sept. 8.

Fort Brady's social season was opened with a bridge dinner given by Capt. and Mrs. De T. Lambert Sept. 19. The affair was intended to welcome all newcomers to the post. The guests were Capt. and Mrs. E. E. Robinson, Capt. and Mrs. C. J. Isley, Maj. and Mrs. D. D. Hogan, Lt. and Mrs. J. D. O'Connell, Lt. and Mrs. Z. I. Adair, Misses K. Robinson and F. Vance, Col. R. J. Binford and Lt. S. E. Faine. Mrs. Hogan and Col. Binford received the honors.

Col. Binford left Sept. 6 on a six weeks' leave, part of which he will spend at his home in Indiana.

The Fort Brady bridge club was organized Oct. 12. The first meeting was at the home of Mrs. D. D. Hogan, second with Mrs. Lambert Oct. 19; third with Mrs. Isley Oct. 26.

Maj. and Mrs. Hogan entertained with a buffet bridge dinner Oct. 20. The guests were Capt. and Mrs. Lambert, Isley and Robinson, Lts. and Mrs. Engelthaler, Hamilton, Adair and O'Connell, Misses Robinson and Vance, Lts. Faine and Mulvihill.

Maj. and Mrs. Hogan entertained at dinner Oct. 15 for Chaplain and Mrs. N. A. Jones, Capt. and Mrs. G. H. Rarey, Capt. and Mrs. Rarey left Thursday on a three months' leave. Lt. S. E. Faine, who left Oct. 26 on a twenty-one days' leave, will divide his time between his home in Ohio and a visit with friends in Alabama.

Miss Katharine Robinson and her guest, Miss Flo Vance, entertained with an informal Hallowe'en dance Oct. 28. The guests were Maj. and Mrs. Hogan, Maj. Rice, Capt. and Mrs. De T. Lambert, Capt. and Mrs. Isley, Lt. and Mrs. Engelthaler, Lt. and Mrs. Hamilton, Lt. and Mrs. O'Connell, Lts. Simonds and Mulvihill.

FORT WADSWORTH ISSUES

POST EXCHANGE BAROMETER.

The first number of the Post Exchange Barometer, a snappy little newspaper, was published by the post exchange at Fort Wadsworth, N.Y., on Oct. 17. The paper is being issued weekly on Saturday and is filled with interesting local news matter. The paper carries a slogan "All the News That's Fit to Print and Some that Isn't," but there is no evidence of unfitness in any of the editions so far published.

ARMY ENTRIES WIN AT

SAN FRANCISCO HORSE SHOW.

The San Francisco Horse Show, which was held during the week ending Oct. 22, was the center of interest in society and Army circles in that vicinity. The Army entries won many of the trophies.

Organizations which entered the competition were the 11th Cavalry and the 30th Infantry.

Individual Army entries and places won were as follows:

Officers' Lightweight Charger Class—1st, Lt. W. W. Jervey, Cav., A.D.O. (Chickamauga); 2d, Col. M. O. Bigelow, Cav. (Juanita); 3d, Lt. Peter Carpenter, V.C. (Miss Bidwell); 4th, Lt. C. F. Fox, V.C. (Jack D.).

Officers' Heavyweight Charger Class—1st, Lt. Col. K. A. Joyce, Cav. (Bugs); 2d, Lt. Col. Vans Agnew, V.C. (Monterey); 3d, Col. M. O. Bigelow, Cav. (Peter).

Hunting Pairs—2d, Lt. Col. K. A. Joyce, Cav. (Bugs and Mate).

Road Hacks—2d, Lt. Peter Carpenter, V.C. (Sacramento); 3d, Col. K. A. Joyce, Cav. (Bugs).

Corinthian Class—1st, Lt. P. A. Noel, Cav. (Caddy).

Handy Jumpers—4th, Lt. C. F. Fox (Jack D.). Entries of the 30th Infantry won places as follows:

Troopers' Jumping Contest—1st, Corpl. Reese (Jerry); 3d, Sgt. Van Buskirk (Charlie).

Officers' Chasers (Heavyweight)—4th, Capt. Ferguson (Bob).

High Jump (Special Event) (two five-foot jumps)—2d, Corpl. Reese (Jerry).

Troopers' Mount—2d, Pvt. Thomas (Bob); 3d, Sgt. Ferris (Dan).

Entries of the 11th Cavalry and places won were as follows:

Special High Jump—2d, Pvt. McCoy.

Field Service Class—1st, Pvs. Wolf and Ross; 2d, Pvs. Bourgeois and Picinich; 3d, Pvs. Rome and McCoy; 4th, Pvs. Thorn and Ferrell.

Troopers' Jumping Contest—2d, Pvt. McCoy; 3d, Corpl. Beach; 4th, Pvt. Huffman.

Troopers' Mount—3d, Pvt. Huffman.

Musical Chairs—Five second places.

In addition to the regular events the selected troop which represented the 11th Cavalry gave daily exhibitions of troop drills, monkey drills and musical drill which were very spectacular and enthusiastically received by the large audiences.

The troop won \$150 prize money in the show, which although less than the winnings at the Salinas Rodeo, where the troop won \$300 in prizes, is considered as doing quite well, as the winnings were made over many competitors of thoroughbred stock.

The troop has been invited to participate in the horse shows to be given at Livermore and Stockton next year.

RATINGS OF ENLISTED MEN

IN THE U.S. NAVY.

The Bureau of Navigation on Oct. 30 issued a statement on the ratings of enlisted men of the Navy outlining the limitations that have been placed upon the Navy Department by the appropriations in promotion for enlisted men. While it is admitted that there is a shortage in certain grades of chief petty officer, it is pointed out that at present it is impossible to make advances in these grades.

The following is the statement of the bureau, in part:

Enlisted Personnel—With the exception of chief petty officers and a few ratings in which there is a great excess the advancement in rating of all men who were on the Bureau's eligibility list on Oct. 10 has been authorized, effective Nov. 1. Chief petty officers are still over 800 in excess, and the Bureau does not consider it yet practicable to authorize advancements to that rate, although there is a shortage of chief radiomen, chief yeomen and chief turret captains. Authorization to make advancements in these grades will be made as soon as circumstances allow.

The resumption of issuing of permanent appointments to chief petty officers is still well into the future. However, when the Bureau is able again to authorize this class of advancement, the preference will be given to the men with the longest service and the best records, rather than by date of receipt of papers.

CAMOUFLAGED.

Some folks believes that in deceit
Lies simple plan;
That being honest will not mete
To hold a clan.
Now I ain't no Diogenes,
Inspired by an insane disease
To find an honest man.
Still, as I sets to watch a space
The antics of the human race,
As life flows by,
I oftentimes sees a Solon, great,
Arise 'midst council's pomp and state,
And honesty belie.

A while ago a corned gent,
A Congressman,
Who should befriend to some extent
Each Armyman,
Lost no least chance to vent his spite,
Pretendin' he but thought it right
Old soldiermen to can.
Was he plumb honest in his stand,
Or was his craw devoid of sand?
This Sunflower Jay.
He pushed "Elimination's Bill,"
But weakened at the comin' grill,—
"Election Day."

He pinched a bill another wrote,
This ain't no lie,
Then forced the House on it to vote;
I wonder why?
Perhaps because he likes his job,
A gift from horny-handed mob
Who hoes their corn and rye.
Ah, well! 'Tis funny how some folks
Has backs much streaked with golden yolks
Of smelly eggs,
Yet they appears to walk that path,
No broader than a flimsy lath,
Where one should meet no yeggs.

J. D.
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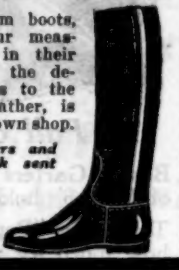
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WEST POINT.

West Point, N.Y., Nov. 8, 1922.

Mrs. Ladame and Mrs. Card gave a large bridge party on Oct. 25 at Mrs. Ladame's quarters. Those pouring tea were Mrs. Reynolds and Mrs. Carter; assisting in serving were Mmes. Kenner, O'Hara, Kallach, Harding, Bingham, Hinemon, Gatchell, Nichols and B. F. Hoge. Col. and Mrs. Holt's guests at dinner on Oct. 26 were Gen. and Mrs. Sladen, Col. and Mrs. Robinson, Col. and Mrs. Mitchell.

Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Rectanus of Middletown, Ohio, were recent guests of Maj. and Mrs. Harding, who at dinner on Oct. 27 entertained also Maj. and Mrs. Bodine, Mrs. Surles and Maj. Hodges. Capt. and Mrs. Scofield entertained at dinner on Oct. 27 for Col. and Mrs. Timberlake, Maj. and Mmes. Dravo, Thompson and Lewis, Capt. Willard, Capt. Gerhard.

On Monday evening, Oct. 30, Maj. and Mrs. Weaver celebrated the tenth anniversary of their wedding with a dinner for Col. and Mrs. Holt, Maj. and Mmes. Morrison and Purdon. West Point guests of Mrs. Tracy at dinner at Stonihurst on Oct. 25 were Col. and Mrs. Timberlake, Col. Alexander and Maj. Dawley.

Mrs. Kemble and son Franklin have returned to the post after a visit of several months with relatives in Pennsylvania. Col. and Mrs. Carl von dem Busche were recent week-end guests of Maj. and Mrs. Slaughter. Mrs. Van Vliet and son Jack are visiting in Red Bank, N.J. Miss Ruth Mansfield of Hilldale was a guest of Maj. and Mrs. Hoag.

Mr. Justice von Lengerke of Orange was a week-end guest of Col. and Mrs. Robinson, who had dinner on Oct. 27 for their guest and for Maj. and Mrs. Buckner. Maj. and Mrs. Spencer's guests at dinner on Oct. 27 were Chaplain and Mrs. Wheat, Maj. and Mrs. Van Vliet. Mrs. Robert Schey of Atlantic City has been the guest of Col. and Mrs. Carter and Mrs. Coleman. Maj. and Mrs. Pendleton's guests at supper on Oct. 29 were Mr. von Lengerke and Col. and Mrs. Robinson. Maj. and Mrs. Thompson had dinner on Oct. 28 for Col. and Mrs. Timberlake and Capt. Scofield.

Recent guests of Col. and Mrs. Danford were Mrs. Charles Ross and Miss Ross of Auburn, and Mrs. De Armond, mother of Cadet De Armond, and Col. McIntire of Washington. Col. and Mrs. Timberlake received at the officers' hop on Oct. 27.

Maj. and Mrs. Bonesteel have had visiting them Mrs. Bonesteel's parents, Dr. and Mrs. George Hudson of Plattsburg, and Mrs. Graham Walworth, also of Plattsburg.

Maj. and Mrs. Rice gave a Halloween party for Maj. and Mmes. Buckner, Bonesteel, Morrison, Devers, Slaughter, Purdon, Harding and Kimball. Mrs. Credo Harris and Maj. Gage. Maj. and Mrs. Devers had dinner on Oct. 27 for Maj. and Mmes. Avery and Bonesteel. Mrs. Ross gave a bridge party on Oct. 31 for Mrs. Trimble, who has been the guest of Mrs. Spencer.

Billy Ladame entertained on Oct. 30 for Betty Hinemon, Frances Devers, Jimmy Miller, Louise Ryder, McVie, Sanderson, Anne Lee Brown, Tiny Wilson, Beatrice and Ellen Da'v. Jamie Peale gave a Halloween party on Oct. 31 for Helen and Lucile Kimmel, Marian and Marjorie Ross, Betty Butcher, Billy Du Bois, Sidney and Ned Bingham, Davis and Eleanor Harding, Day Surles, Dorothy Hayes, Bobby Van Volkenburg, Glenn Creston Anderson, Sonny Spencer and Pete Lawrence. Jimmy Miller celebrated his fifth birthday anniversary on Oct. 31, when his guests were Stanley Scott, Louise Ryder, Peggy and Frank Hoskins, Glenn Anderson, Helen and Lucile Kimmel, Dudie Hocker, Frances Devers, Betty Hinemon, Helen Marsh, Audette Ladame, Buddy and Junior Small.

At the tea dance after the football game Nov. 4 tea was poured by Mmes. Harding, LaRoche and Hucker. At the cadet hop Mrs. Thompson received with Cadet Post. Mrs. Townsley and the Misses Townsley, who have recently returned from Europe, have been visiting Lt. Townsley. On Thursday Mrs. Townsley was the guest of Gen. and Mrs. Sladen at dinner.

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Gatchell of San Diego are guests of their son and daughter-in-law, Maj. and Mrs. Gatchell, who had dinner on Tuesday in their honor and for Gen. and Mrs. Sladen, Col. and Mrs. Robinson. Guests of Col. and Mrs. Danford at luncheon on Saturday were Mrs. McKinney and Mr. Burr of New York and Maj. and Mrs. Homer.

Maj. E. S. Harrison and bride were the week-end guests of Maj. and Mrs. Keyes. Mrs. Morrison gave a bridge party and tea on Wednesday. Maj. and Mrs. Kenner entertained at dinner on Thursday for Col. and Mrs. Reynolds, Mrs. Hicks, Col. and Mrs. Robinson, Maj. Gage, Lt. and Mrs. Gauthier. Maj. and Mrs. Pendleton gave a dinner on Wednesday for Gen. and Mrs. Sladen, Mr. and Mrs. Tompkins, Col. and Mrs. Robinson, Maj. and Mrs. O'Hara. Mrs. Ladd gave a bridge party of two tables for Mrs. Gatchell on Monday.

Among those here on Saturday were Gen. Tillman, Gen. Bullard and son, Col. and Mrs. McKenny.

Miss Eleanor Strong of New York was the guest of Miss Betsy Sladen, who had dinner on Saturday for Miss Strong and Cadets Tracy, Sorley, Babcock and Des Islets. On Sunday Miss Betsy Sladen's guests at luncheon were Miss Strong, Cadets Calhoun and Mitchell.

Mr. F. C. Mayer gave his fifty-seventh public organ recital on Sunday, assisted by Miss Clinger, contralto.

Maj. Gen. O'Ryan, New York N.G., was the speaker at the Luncheon Club on Thursday. The Reading Club met with Mrs. Buckner, who read her paper on "Creole Days in New Orleans"; current events were given by Mrs. Wilson. On Monday members of the Reading Club were guests of Mrs. Wright P. Edgerton at the Sorosis luncheon at the Waldorf; sixteen members of the West Point Reading Club attended the luncheon and meeting.

SIGNAL CORPS SCHOOL.

Camp Alfred Vail, N.J., Oct. 30, 1922.

The ladies' club on Oct. 17 elected the following officers for the ensuing year: President, Mrs. O. K. Sadler; vice president, Mrs. Charles Simpson; secretary-treasurer, Mrs. David Schlenker; directors, Robert Van Vliet, sr., and Mrs. Edward Allen. Bridge followed, and refreshments were served by Mmes. Buckbee, Browning and Crawford.

Mrs. J. N. Parrott entertained with four tables of bridge on Oct. 12; Mrs. Charles Simpson with four tables on Oct. 18; Mmes. Clay and Scott with seven tables at the home of Mrs. Clay Oct. 19; Mrs. Robert Van Vliet, sr.,

with six tables Oct. 23; Mrs. Eugene Elder with five tables Oct. 25; Mrs. Kirke Lawton with four tables Oct. 28.

The officers' club gave a Halloween masquerade party at the Service Club, which had been artistically decorated with straw, corn fodder, pumpkins, etc. Oct. 27. There were 120 persons present in costume and six not in costume.

Our camp was well represented at the Army-Yale game Oct. 28.

Mrs. Eugene Elder has been the honored guest at the bridge parties for the past two weeks, her husband, Lt. Elder, having been ordered to Honolulu. They sail from New York Nov. 1, going by Panama and San Francisco.

Capt. and Mrs. Boyer left for Nogales, Ariz., Oct. 25, where the Captain will join the 25th Infantry, to which he has been assigned. The best wishes of the entire camp go with them and their presence will be greatly missed.

SAN DIEGO AND NEARBY BASES.

San Diego, Calif., Oct. 26, 1922.

Mrs. Royall R. Richardson, wife of Cdr. Richardson of the naval air station, was hostess Friday at a luncheon at Hotel del Coronado, given as a farewell to Mrs. Frank McCrory, wife of Cdr. McCrory, who is leaving soon for Lakehurst, N.J. Covers were laid for twelve.

Recent arrivals at Hotel del Coronado include Lt. Cdr. Robert T. Young, Hugh P. McClair and J. C. Jennings.

Capt. Harry A. Field, U.S.N., retired, has been appointed by Gov. William D. Stephens as a member of the board of pilot commissioners for the port of San Diego. Capt. Field is now a resident of this city.

Cdr. and Mrs. Patrick N. L. Bellinger entertained on Saturday with a buffet dinner at their home in Coronado. Capt. and Mrs. Thomas T. Craven, recent arrivals at the naval air station on North Island, gave their first informal "at home" a few days ago. Presiding at the tea table were Mmes. Welles and Marshall.

Cdr. and Mrs. Frank T. Chew were hosts Monday at dinner party at Hotel del Coronado, given in honor of Capt. and Mrs. Thomas T. Craven and Cdr. and Mrs. Frank R. McCrory. Covers were laid for fifteen.

With the strong backing of Rear Adms. Roger Welles and Guy H. Burrage, as well as all of the other naval and other officers stationed here, the drive to raise \$150,000 to meet the sum of \$600,000 to be given by the International Y.M.C.A. for the construction of an adequate Army and Navy Y.M.C.A. building in this city was carried through with a rush, and the final totals showed considerably in excess of the amount sought.

Mrs. Allison, wife of Ens. W. C. Allison, was guest of honor at a tea given by Mrs. Calvin Bettelette in Coronado. About twenty guests were present. Ens. Allison is stationed here with the destroyer fleet.

Maj. Philip G. Wrightson, U.S.A., retired, and Mrs. Wrightson have come to this city to make their home, and have taken a house at 1349 Sutter street. Maj. Wrightson has been professor of military science and tactics at the Michigan Agricultural College for the past five years, being relieved from duty on Sept. 1.

San Diego, Calif., Nov. 2, 1922.

Lt. and Mrs. Stewart Macklin were hosts recently at a buffet supper at their home, 617 C. avenue, Coronado, entertaining about forty guests, mainly naval officers and their wives.

Cdr. Louis C. Richardson, formerly on duty at this post, has been making a brief visit here, renewing acquaintances. He was tendered a dinner by the entertainment committee of the Chamber of Commerce on Tuesday.

Brig. Gen. John McClellan, U.S.A., retired, who makes his home in this city, was struck by an automobile Tuesday night while crossing the street near his home and sustained minor cuts and bruises on his head and body which will confine him for some days.

The Chief Petty Officers' Club gave a masquerade ball at the Civic Auditorium on Halloween, with more than 1,000 in attendance. This was the first ball of the season given by the club.

The officers and men of the Marine Corps were hosts at a Halloween dance at the 5th Brigade headquarters, with about 500 present.

CAMP TRAVIS.

Camp Travis, Texas, Oct. 30, 1922.

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. E. M. Lewis entertained at dinner in honor of Gen. John L. Pershing, followed by a reception in the Argonne officers' mess. The receiving party included also Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Hines and Col. and Mrs. Nuttman.

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Lewis entertained Friday with a dinner for 45 at the Argonne officers' mess. Mrs. J. De Camp Hall gave a bridge luncheon for Mmes. Poore Slavens, Weissinger, Noble, Coppock, De Witt, Chaney and Charlton. Mrs. Edward Blodgett entertained with a large bridge luncheon on Thursday.

Mrs. Clark H. Mitchell gave a bridge party in honor of her house guest, Miss Katherine Harrigan of Los Angeles.

VANCOUVER BARRACKS.

Vancouver Barracks, Wash., Oct. 28, 1922.

Not since the close of the war has there been such activity at Vancouver Barracks, or as many men and officers stationed here, as at the present time. The 39th Infantry, which a year ago replaced the 32d Infantry at this post, was absorbed a short time ago by the 7th Infantry, when 30 officers and 200 men, under command of Col. T. M. Anderson, arrived from Camp Lewis. Living conditions have become somewhat congested, and it has been necessary for several families to occupy some of the larger quarters.

The fall social season opened with the formal reception tendered the new officers and their families Oct. 18 by Brig. Gen. and Mrs. R. M. Blatchford. Mrs. W. L. Little and Miss Anna Trotter poured tea.

A Halloween ball was given Oct. 27 by Col. T. M. Anderson and officers of the 7th Infantry. Receiving were Gen. and Mrs. Blatchford, Mrs. J. W. Cairns and Col. Anderson. Col. Anderson is president, Maj. H. C. Brown vice president, and Capt. David B. Simpson secretary-treasurer of the officers' club.

Maj. Gen. C. G. Morton, in command of 9th

Corps Area, and staff arrived Oct. 23 on a tour of inspection.

Honoring the new women of the post, Mrs. Arthur H. Wolf, Mrs. John H. Ludwig and Mrs. Haber, Sr. Miller entertained at a bridge Oct. 24. Mrs. H. K. Heath and Mrs. B. E. Moore entertained Oct. 25 with a tea dance. In honor of her sister, Mrs. J. Fred Reynolds of Salt Lake City, Mrs. J. L. McKee gave a tea Oct. 24.

FORT MISSOULA.

Fort Missoula, Mont., Oct. 28, 1922.

The officers and ladies of the post were guests of Col. and Mrs. P. H. Mulloy Tuesday evening at a bridge party. A weekly post bridge club was organized, Lt. Col. H. A. Ripley being elected president.

Maj. and Mrs. W. A. Chapman have arrived from Camp Lewis and are now established in their new quarters after spending several days with Col. and Mrs. P. H. Mulloy. Capt. and Mrs. Ralph E. Cloward entertained this week with a series of dinners, honoring the officers and ladies of the post.

Maj. and Mrs. Jump spent a day at Fort Missoula en route from Camp Lewis to their new station at Fort D. A. Russell. Capt. and Mrs. Hull entertained at dinner Capt. and Mrs. P. T. Hodge and Lt. and Mrs. H. G. Sydenham.

Lt. and Mrs. Sydenham entertained at dinner Friday for Lt. Col. and Mrs. Ripley, Mrs. Fremont Smith and Lt. Alexander.

FORT DES MOINES.

Fort Des Moines, Ia., Oct. 22, 1922.

Col. and Mrs. R. A. Brown left Oct. 4 for New York by automobile. In the departure of Col. Brown, the garrison lost an officer devoted to his command and duties. Mrs. Brown will be long remembered for her many social activities while with the regiment. The evening prior to their departure Col. and Mrs. Brown were dinner guests of the bachelor officers at the officers' mess.

Col. H. LaT. Cavanaugh drove through from Fort Riley, via Omaha, and assumed command of the 14th Cavalry Oct. 4. The following evening an informal reception was given for the colonel at the officers' club. Mrs. Cavanaugh, who is still in Fort Riley, will join Col. Cavanaugh soon.

On the occasion of the visit here on Oct. 1 of the Fort Leavenworth polo team, a dance was given. Many Des Moines people were present. A stag dinner, at Cesar's, was given Oct. 8, when Maj. Murray B. Rush, 14th Cav., polo representative, was the host, and covers were laid for seventeen.

Gen. Duncan, commanding 7th Corps Area, and Col. Upton and Eaton of his staff visited the post Oct. 11. After the polo game a tea dance was given.

Capt. Tobin has joined from Fort Snelling, and Capt. Peters has returned from Camp Perry. The Cavalryman's cup was given by Capt. Yutsky, 14th Cav., at the National Match.

Maj. and Mrs. Shepperd entertained at dinner Oct. 11 for Lts. Corridon, Clayton, Hurt and Niblack. Chaplain and Mrs. Miller have as their guest for the week Miss Caroline Weaver Pierce of Washington, D.C. Lt. Col. and Mrs. Cornell have returned from a month's motor trip through Colorado.

Lt. and Mrs. White have joined the garrison. Lt. White will be on duty with the 9th E.A. Col. and Mrs. R. A. Brown reached Evanston, Ill., Sunday, and spent the day with friends. A short visit was made at Fort Sheridan, where the 1st Squadron of the 14th Cavalry is stationed. Thursday the Browns stopped at Forest Lodge, Green Springs, Ohio, and were then planning to motor on to Boston.

Mrs. H. W. Benson, wife of Capt. Benson, gave a luncheon at Harris-Emery tea room Oct. 9. Chaplain and Mrs. Miller entertained for Miss Caroline Weaver Pierce of Washington in the Hotel Fort Des Moines on Wednesday. Other dinner guests were Maj. and Mrs. Hanson and daughter Virginia.

Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Parrott of Des Moines entertained Capt. and Mmes. H. A. Myers, Hawes and Williams at dinner Friday. Bridge followed. Maj. and Mrs. Rush had as their dinner guests Sunday at the Des Moines Club Capt. and Mmes. Myers and Hawes.

Mrs. H. LaT. Cavanaugh, wife of Col. Cavanaugh, post commander, arrived Wednesday from Fort Riley. Mrs. Cavanaugh had spent two weeks at Fort Leavenworth with Lt. Col. and Mrs. Lear. Capt. C. A. Wilkinson, 11th Cav., who has been spending part of his leave here and coaching the Wakonda polo team, left Monday to join Mrs. Wilkinson and son in Atlanta, Ga.

MARE ISLAND.

Mare Island, Calif., Oct. 25, 1922.

Lt. and Mrs. Joseph A. Tartre, recently returned from a six weeks' trip to the East, are shortly to leave here, the Lieutenant to sail for San Pedro for duty aboard the Oklahoma. Lt. and Mrs. Tartre while East visited the Lieutenant's parents, Senator and Mrs. Tartre, at Albany, N.Y. A visit to Canada was included in their itinerary.

Lt. and Mrs. W. R. Carter were bridge hosts last week. Among those present were Cdr. and Mmes. Van Keuren and Lauman, Lt. Cdr. and Mmes. Wille and Coman, Lts. and Mmes. Phillips, Paine, McGuigan and Goss, Maj. and Mrs. N. P. Vulte, Mrs. G. G. Finney.

Mrs. P. G. Foster of Denver is visiting Lt. and Mrs. J. M. Steele, who entertained last week for Mrs. Foster, Lts. and Mmes. O. J. Phillips, C. J. Riney, S. L. Wilson, Lts. Wille, Sease and McDowell. They also gave a dinner for Mrs. Foster, Lt. and Mrs. Skylstead and Lt. Sease.

Lt. and Mrs. O. J. Phillips entertained at a bridge party last week for Lt. Cdr. and Mmes. Carter and Wille, Dr. and Mrs. Leachman, Mmes. Culhane, Swearington and Finney, Lts. McGuigan and Martin.

One of the largest affairs of the week was the bridge party at which Maj. and Mrs. N. P. Vulte entertained on Thursday night, complimentary to Cdr. and Mrs. A. H. Van Keuren. Preceding the bridge party there were several dinners, among them one by Cdr. and Mrs. R. G. Coman for Capt. and Mrs. H. P. Odell, Cdr. and Mrs. H. S. Haislip and Lt. Cdr. and Mrs. R. G. Coman. On Friday Cdr. and Mrs. Leo L. Lindley were dinner hosts for Lt. Cdr. and Mrs. F. J. Wille, Cdr. and Mrs. W. L. Calhoun, Lt. and Mrs. William Sullivan and Mrs. G. G. Finney.

Lt. and Mrs. Charles Osborne entertained

on Thursday at dinner and bridge for Capt. and Mrs. H. E. Odell, Cdr. and Mrs. Lindley and Lt. and Mrs. J. H. Jack.

A bridge party was given on Friday by Ernest Dams for Mmes. Culhane, Carter, Phillips, Floyd, Lindley, Swearington, Stone, Baker and Thomas.

Mrs. B. V. McDonald is a house guest of Adm. and Mrs. J. S. McKean. Cdr. and Mrs. F. K. Perkins spent the week-end with relatives in Berkeley. Mrs. Leo Sahm on Tuesday gave a bridge tea for Mmes. Van Keuren, Lindley, Coman, Floyd, Sec. Elliott, Conard, Odell, Perkins, Lauman, Turner, Daus, Wille, Finney, Thomas, Haislip, Jack, Sullivan and Wilson, and Miss Mildred Van Dorn.

Twelve guests enjoyed the bridge party given by Mrs. Robert Thomas on Monday.

Capt. and Mrs. Charles Conard and Capt. and Mrs. H. E. Odell were complimented guests at a handsomely appointed dinner given Tuesday by Capt. and Mrs. Leonard M. Cox. Cdr. and Mrs. William L. Calhoun entertained at dinner last night for fourteen.

Col. E. P. O'Hern and his daughter, Miss Ransom O'Hern, entertained a group of friends from this station at Benicia Arsenal Thursday night. Their guests were Maj. and Mrs. R. H. Davis, Capt. and Mrs. L. M. Cox, Cdr. and Mrs. W. L. Calhoun, Cdr. and Mrs. R. G. Coman, and Maj. James H. Burns. Miss Nell Hotchkiss, who has been the guest of her aunt, Mrs. A. E. Randall, has left for Los Angeles to join her father, with whom she will proceed home to El Paso.

Miss Dorothy Campbell, visiting here from Washington, D.C., left on the last transport for her home. On Saturday night before her departure Lt. and Mrs. J. H. Jack gave a small affair, at which she shared the honors with Lt. and Mrs. Ralph Skyles.

Ream Leachman entertained at bridge for sixteen players last week.

PRESIDIO OF MONTEREY.

Presidio of Monterey, Calif., Oct. 19, 1922.

Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Charles G. Morton motored down from the Presidio of San Francisco last Friday. They were entertained that afternoon by Col. and Mrs. John M. Jenkins with a reception and tea at the commanding officer's quarters. Saturday morning Gen. Morton inspected all the troops of the post.

Col. and Mrs. John M. Jenkins were dinner guests of Gen. and Mrs. Morton at Del Monte Friday. Lt. and Mrs. Willard G. Wyman entertained Maj. and Mrs. Leeson O. Tarleton, Lt. and Mrs. Frank E. Powers, Miss Jean Haddon and Mrs. Paul A. Noel at dinner and cards Friday.

Mrs. Francis W. Gustitis was hostess at a bridge tea Saturday. Attending were Mmes. J. M. Jenkins, J. E. Cusack, L. O. Tarleton, A. J. Betcher, L. R. Moore, J. B. Mockbee, A. Vollmer, V. M. Cannon, H. A. Buckley, J. T. Pierce, O. E. Morrison, W. G. Wyman, H. O. Sand, J. P. Eckert, F. O. Wood, E. T. Anderson, A. C. McAuliffe, O. S. Whitmore, A. B. Hicklin, L. Rudolph, F. A. Noel, F. E. Powers, Miss Marie Rudolph and Mrs. Shillock. Mmes. C. A. Dougherty, Buckley and E. O. Hopkins.

Mrs. F. O. Wood and baby, house guests of Mrs. John P. Eckert, left Monday for San Francisco. Capt. and Mrs. F. T. Bonsteel have as house guests Mrs. Bonsteel's parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Moyer of La Jolla, Calif. Mrs. L. O. Tarleton and Col. J. E. Cusack have several horses entered in the San Francisco horse show.

Mrs. Cook, mother of Capt. L. I. Cook, was surprised Monday by a few of her friends dropping in to help her celebrate her birth day.

Mrs. James B. Mockbee is enjoying a visit with her mother, Mrs. Meister, who arrived Wednesday evening from Sacramento. Col. and Mrs. L. R. Holbrook and two sons motored down from the Presidio of San Francisco on Wednesday. They spent the night at the Officers' Club and left the next morning for San Diego. Mrs. Herbert W. Worcester and baby son returned to the post to-day from Dr. McAuley's Hospital, Monterey.

FORT LEAVENWORTH.

Fort Leavenworth, Kas., Oct. 28, 1922.

Col. and Mrs. Frank C. Burnett have returned to their home in Fort Leavenworth after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Simpson in Kansas City, Mo.

Col. and Mrs. Walter D. Smith entertained at dinner on Oct. 27 for Col. and Mrs. Alvin C. Voria, Maj. and Mrs. Mackall, Swift, Gruber, Glassford and Marley.

Col. and Mrs. Oscar Magee were week-end guests of Col. and Mrs. A. M. Fuller of Topeka, Kan. Col. and Mrs. Nathaniel F. McClure have returned from a several months' absence spent in Asheville, N.C., St. Louis, Mo., and Kentucky.

Mrs. John W. N. Schulz and Mrs. Frank C. Riddout entertained with a tea on Oct. 19 at the officers' club. Mmes. Hanson E. Ely, Lytle Brown and Ewing E. Booth presided at the tea table. Assisting were Mmes. J. V. Axton, L. C. Bennett, E. P. Denison, L. B. Ely, A. M. Ferguson, H. B. Grant, A. G. Gutensohn, E. Hunt, B. Lents, D. McCoach, Jr., W. C. Miller and Miss Ruth Burr. Among the guests invited were included the ladies of the local chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

Col. and Mrs. Malvern-Hill Barnum have returned from the East. Mrs. Barnum spent the summer at Siasconset, Mass., and Col. Barnum left about two weeks ago to join her.

Miss Dorothy Jenks, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Isaac Jenks, arrived at the post last Saturday to spend the winter. Miss Jenks graduated in June with honors from Smith College.

Maj. and Mrs. Oscar Foley were hosts at a Halloween dinner on Oct. 27. Those present included Col. and Mrs. A. M. Ferguson, Maj. and Mrs. J. B. Richardson, E. E. Beesley, Robert Campbell and Dorothy R. Rodney.

Maj. and Mrs. Oonger Pratt have returned after a short visit with Mr. and Mrs. Karl Klemm in Kansas City, Mo.

CHICAGO SERVICE NOTES.

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 31, 1922.

Mrs. William B. Wallace has recovered from an operation at the Henrotin Hospital and has gone to her family in Wisconsin to recuperate. Col. Wallace, who has been on duty at Headquarters, 6th Corps Area, has returned to his station at Lansing, Mich.

Maj. Musser has come to Chicago to take charge of the Army Veterinary School, and has taken his wife and daughter to the Hyde Park

Hotel. Maj. and Mrs. King have moved to the Chicago Beach Hotel. Mrs. William B. Graham and daughter Violet, after a four months' visit in California, have joined Col. Graham at the Del Prado Hotel.

Maj. and Mrs. J. P. Smith entertained a party of seven at the South Side Country Club. The staff card club met with Mrs. Edwards, Mmes. Ham and Smith being prize-winners. Lt. Col. H. F. Sykes stopped in Chicago on his way to the Fitzsimons General Hospital, Fort Logan, Colo. While here his wife, becoming very ill, suddenly dropped dead.

At the Chicago-Princeton game Maj. and Mrs. Nelly entertained Maj. and Mrs. Dailey, Col. and Mrs. Charles C. Smith, Lt. Col. Keck, Miss Helen Nelly and Capt. McCoy. Maj. Nelly was one of the lineups for the game. Following the game Col. and Mrs. Smith entertained at dinner.

To be seen riding in the beautiful Chicago parks, taking advantage of the fine Indian summer days, are to be seen Miss Mary Margaret Ham, Misses Elizabeth and Dorothy Stritzinger, Mr. Fred Stritzinger, Lt. Hinton, Cols. Smith and Graham, Maj. Marr and Lt. Col. Game.

FORT RILEY.

Fort Riley, Kas., Oct. 28, 1922.

A meeting of the Army Relief Society was held Oct. 27 for election of officers. Mrs. Craig, the president, presided, and the three vice presidents, Mmes. Hawkins, McCaskey and Romeyn, were elected. Mrs. Cox was made treasurer and Mrs. Lininger secretary.

Maj. F. D. McGee, a graduate of the Cavalry School, recently retired from the Army, arrived in Fort Riley on Oct. 20 from Fort Ogleshorpe, Ga. Maj. McGee made the trip overland on horseback, bringing two horses which he alternately rode and led.

The distance is about 1,088 miles, the trip consuming thirty-four days, of which only thirty-one were spent on the road.

Fort Riley now boasts of a newspaper all its own, The Standard, published every week and containing all the news of garrison affairs.

Gen. and Mrs. Craig entertained at dinner last Saturday for Maj. and Mrs. Colley, Johnson and Clark, and Capt. Buford.

Maj. and Mrs. Benson were hosts at dinner on Saturday for Lt. Col. and Mrs. Lippincott, Maj. and Mrs. Rees, Maj. J. M. Thompson and Capt. Weeks. On Thursday Mrs. Barry gave a bridge party of three tables for Mrs. J. K. Brown, who recently arrived. Maj. and Mrs. Annin had a few guests for supper on Sunday.

FIFTH CAVALRY NOTES.

Fort Clark, Texas, Oct. 16, 1922.

Mrs. Davison, wife of Maj. P. R. Davison, is visiting her mother, Mrs. MacMichael, in San Francisco. Maj. and Mrs. Morton gave a bridge party on Sept. 29 for Mrs. Forsythe, who left on Oct. 1 for her home in Memphis. Their guests were Col. and Mrs. Forsythe, Col. Sayles, Maj. and Mrs. Kelly, Maj. Davison, Capt. and Mrs. Bruck, Mrs. Daniels, Miss Bernstetter, Capt. Ligon, Cameron, McDaniel, Lts. and Mmes. Lodge and Snyder and Lt. Johnson.

Lt. and Mrs. Snyder on Sept. 30 had as their dinner guests Capt. and Mrs. Harry Dunn, who left next morning for Camp R. E. L. Michie, Del Rio, for two months.

Miss Jeanne Foulkes entertained with five tables of bridge on Oct. 2. Capt. H. D. Beylard and Lt. and Mrs. G. J. Rawlins have returned to Fort Clark from Camp Eagle Pass.

Lt. and Mrs. Sheehan have left for two months at Camp R. E. L. Michie, Del Rio. Capt. and Mrs. Wynne entertained Col. Sayles and Capt. O'Donnell at dinner Oct. 10. Maj. and Mrs. Kelly entertained at bridge Oct. 11 for Col. Sayles, Maj. and Mrs. Morton, Capt. and Mrs. Unger, Turner, Daniel, Bruck, Capt. Meador and Beylard, Lt. and Mrs. Snyder and the Misses Foulkes.

At the Thursday Evening Bridge Club meetings the hostesses on Sept. 28 were Mmes. Lodge and Sheehan; on Oct. 4 Mmes. Bruck and Daniels; on Oct. 12 Mmes. Wynne and Barnhart.

Lt. and Mrs. Gerety had as their dinner guests Oct. 13 Col. Sayles and Capt. McDaniel.

Miss Bernstetter, house guest of Mrs. Lile for several weeks, has left for her home in Idaho. Capt. and Mrs. Turner gave a dinner party Oct. 14.

Mrs. William D. Forsythe and Miss Elizabeth Forsythe have returned to Fort Clark from a visit with Mrs. Forsythe's mother in Memphis, Tenn. Mrs. George O'Donnell has also returned to the post after three months spent in the East.

Fort Clark, Texas, Oct. 31, 1922.

Capt. and Mrs. Unger gave a Mexican dinner recently for Maj. Davison, Maj. and Mrs. Kelly, Capt. and Mrs. Wynne, Capt. and Mrs. Bruck and Capt. Meador. Capt. and Mrs. Houghton gave a dinner and bridge for Col. Sayles, Maj. and Mrs. Kelly, Capt. and Mrs. Mmes. Bruck and Unger.

Lt. and Mrs. Snyder on Oct. 16 had as their dinner guests Mrs. Pryor, Maj. and Mrs. Kelly and Lt. Johnson.

Maj. Pettus, M.C., and Mrs. Pettus have arrived at Fort Clark; also Capt. Ingram, V.C., and Mrs. Ingram and their children.

Mrs. Davison and Master Buddie Davison have returned from California.

Gen. Pershing and his aid, Maj. Marshall, arrived at Fort Clark Oct. 23 and were guests of Col. and Mrs. Forsythe, who gave a dinner in their honor. At 9 p.m. the officers and ladies of the post and citizens of Spofford and Brackettville were received by Gen. Pershing, Col. and Mrs. Forsythe. The General reviewed the regiment Oct. 24, going immediately afterwards to Brackettville, where he gave a short talk to the school children.

On Oct. 25 Mrs. Morton gave a four-table bridge party for Mrs. Pryor.

Capt. and Mrs. M. V. Turner have left Fort Clark and will make their home in Boston, Mass.

Mrs. O'Donnell was hostess for the Thursday evening bridge.

Capt. and Mrs. Wynne had as dinner guests Thursday Mrs. Pryor, Maj. and Mrs. Kelly. Mrs. Pryor has left for her home in San Antonio.

Capt. and Mrs. Bruck entertained with a dinner party Saturday for Maj. and Mrs. Kelly, Capt. and Mrs. Wynne, Houghton and Barnhart. Lt. and Mrs. Snyder had dinner Saturday for Lt. and Mrs. Miller and Lt. and Mrs. Lodge.

At the Saturday evening Halloween mask dance Mrs. Lodge and Mrs. Snyder were host-

esses. The march was led by Col. and Mrs. Forsythe. Figures from the cotillion were led by Capt. Beylard and Mrs. Morton.

FORT CROOK.

Fort Crook, Neb., Oct. 31, 1922.

Miss Elizabeth Schneider was week-end guest of Miss Helen Bryan, classmate in the graduating class from Duchesne College. Miss Alice Rogers entertained Misses Elizabeth Schneider and Helen Bryan that evening to dinner at the officers' club.

Col. and Mrs. Murchison entertained Oct. 27 with an informal dinner for Col. and Mrs. Buckner, Maj. and Mrs. Bryan. Miss Evelyn Greely was week-end guest of Miss Charlotte Buckner.

Mrs. E. Johnson and son Edward have returned to the post. Mrs. Johnson visited friends in Omaha while Lt. Johnson was on the range.

Fort Crook, Neb., Nov. 4, 1922.

Capt. and Mrs. R. G. Moss entertained at dinner Oct. 31 for Misses Lois Schreiner, Alice Rogers, Lts. Lawrence, Meyer. Maj. and Mrs. Bryan entertained at dinner for Cols. and Mmes. Rucker, Errington, Capt. and Mrs. Groyne, Mrs. Gorley, Lt. Barlow and Miss Bryan.

Oct. 31 was a gala day at Fort Crook. An extensive program had been planned, but due to the weather the Halloween tournament was canceled and will be held later. However, the choosing of a queen of love and beauty and the dubbing of a knight were carried out.

The Halloween ball was held at the service club. Col. Buckner, commanding officer, selected Lt. A. J. Schriver as the victorious knight. Lt. Schriver in turn chose Miss Alice Rogers, daughter of Maj. and Mrs. Rogers, as queen of love and beauty. She was crowned by Col. Buckner before her court. Following the coronation ceremonies the grand march, which was led by Gen. and Mrs. Duncan, passed before the knight and his queen. Miss Rogers was attended by Misses Margaret Rogers, Helen Bryan, Lt. Meyer and Lt. R. C. Barlow.

There was also a program of games. The kiddie-car race was open to generals and colonels only. Gen. Duncan won the race. Others entered in the race were Col. Bailey, Schreiner and Errington. Among the winners of other games were: The Jack Sprat adventure, won by Capt. Greer; bobbing for apples, won by Miss Helen Bryan and Mr. Dye. Gen. Duncan in the Ruby Lip adventure was to choose three of the most beautiful girls in the ball. He chose Misses Alice Rogers, queen, Lois Schreiner and Helen Bryan. His reward is not mentioned.

THE FIELD ARTILLERY SCHOOL.

Fort Sill, Okla., Nov. 1, 1922.

Mrs. John R. Starkey entertained at a luncheon on Tuesday in honor of Mrs. Mark Batchelder, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. W. R. Connolly. Mrs. McArthur also entertained at luncheon in honor of Mrs. Batchelder on Thursday. Maj. and Mrs. O'Connell gave a dinner on Friday.

Maj. and Mrs. Rawls entertained at dinner on Friday for Col. and Mrs. Crallé, Col. Leslie, Mrs. Whaley, Maj. and Mrs. Beukema, Capt. and Mrs. Garrett, Capt. and Mrs. Davis.

Mrs. J. W. Furlow and her daughter Peggy joined Col. Furlow this week and are living at 16 Old Post. Mrs. D. F. Craig and her son Daniel returned this week from California, where they have been spending the summer.

Maj. and Mrs. J. P. Lucas and Maj. and Mrs. Wogan motored to Oklahoma City over the week-end to meet Mrs. Lucas's mother, Mrs. Wynkoop, who will spend the winter here.

A tea dance was held at the officers' club on Wednesday. Mrs. Arnold and Mrs. Brady poured tea. Mmes. Malony, Nash and Padcock served.

The masquerade hop at the club on Saturday night was well attended and many original costumes were noticed. Those entertaining with supper parties before the hop were Col. and Mrs. Bowen, Maj. and Mrs. W. J. Kennedy, Capt. and Mrs. Michener and Lt. Fiske. Col. and Mrs. Austen gave a large hop supper before the hop. Col. and Mrs. Tyner entertained at supper at Post Field. Maj. and Mrs. Turner and Capt. and Mrs. Brumage also entertained on Saturday evening.

Mrs. J. G. Parr gave a bridge party on Tuesday afternoon. Mrs. Herbert Odell entertained at luncheon on Wednesday.

HAWAIIAN NOTES.

Schofield Barracks, H.T., Sept. 30, 1922.

Mrs. William Garrison entertained at bridge Sept. 20 in honor of Mrs. Warren, her guests being Mmes. Browne, Milliken, Heard, White, W. J. Jones, Hanson, Agee and Metzger, Misses Rees and Hartley.

Capt. O. T. McAleer and J. P. Hepner entertained at dinner for Capt. and Mrs. O. W. Marshburn, Mrs. Ethel Vaughn and Miss Marie Bloss. Chaplain and Mrs. O. I. Campitt entertained at dinner for Capt. and Mrs. S. D. Bettinger and Chaplain and Mrs. M. O. Beebe.

Maj. and Mrs. B. G. Ferris gave a supper party on Sept. 17 for Maj. and Mrs. Hering, Howard and Summers, and Capt. and Mrs. F. D. Sharp. The 11th Field Artillery bridge club was entertained this week by Mrs. Faulkner Heard. The 21st Infantry bridge club was entertained Sept. 21 by Mrs. P. A. Schell.

Col. and Mrs. H. R. Perry entertained at bridge Thursday evening. Mrs. Harry W. O. Kinnard was hostess at the meeting of the 13th Field Artillery bridge club on Tuesday. Lt. and Mrs. P. R. Smith entertained at dinner in honor of Miss Otellia Bingewald. The Air Service bridge club met last week with Mrs. H. H. Reilly.

Maj. and Mrs. George Peabody of Luke Field were recent guests of Lt. and Mrs. Y. A. Pitts. Miss Marion Paris of Honolulu and Lt. John A. Bruckner were married last week. Maj. and Mrs. Charles Hazeltine and Capt. and Mrs. J. F. C. Hyde have been at Hilo visiting the volcano.

The Upper Post bridge club met Sept. 17 with Mrs. Frank Morell. Maj. and Mrs. S. A. Howard entertained at dinner Sept. 21 for Maj. and Mrs. E. L. Hering, S. G. Ferris, I. D. Summers, Capt. and Mrs. P. J. Lloyd and F. D. Sharp.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. B. F. Browne entertained at dinner Sept. 26 in honor of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. J. E. Kuhn. The other guests were Maj. and Mrs. Drollinger, Mrs. V. E. Foster, Maj. and Mrs. Ferris, Maj. and Mrs. Faulkner and Mr. John McCaskey.

Maj. and Mrs. I. B. Summers entertained at dinner on Sept. 25 for Maj. and Mrs. Mmes.

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SPECIAL TRAINS NOVEMBER 25

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Leaving Baltimore, Camden Sta.....		9.58 A.M.
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BALTIMORE & OHIO

Howard, Hering, Ferris, Mrs. P. J. Lloyd, Capt. F. D. Sharp, Miss Mildred Hering and Lt. R. D. Hutchins.

The Upper Post bridge club was entertained this week by Mrs. C. H. O'Deen. On Sept. 29 Mrs. B. F. Browne entertained at tea in honor of Mrs. Fred L. Baker and Mrs. Wallace of Los Angeles.

Lt. and Mrs. Francis Moore entertained at

bridge on Friday in honor of Capt. and Mrs. A. L. Davis, who are leaving Schofield Barracks for the States. Mrs. C. H. Myers entertained at bridge for Mrs. W. W. Smith on Saturday. Mrs. W. J. Jones entertained the 11th Field Artillery bridge club on Monday.

Maj. and Mrs. B. G. Ferris entertained at dinner at the Moana on Wednesday for Maj. and Mrs. Howard, Summers, Hering, Mrs.

Lloyd, Capt. Sharp and Mrs. Ninette Connell. The 13th Field Artillery bridge club was entertained by Capt. and Mrs. J. J. McCollister and Lt. and Mrs. E. J. McGraw on Sept. 28.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. B. F. Browne entertained twenty-five tables at the Moana Hotel on Sept. 27 in honor of Capt. and Mrs. William McE. Garrison. Mrs. J. J. McCollister entertained at bridge on Sept. 28 in honor of her sister, Miss Ethel Ferguson. Maj. and Mrs. Karl H. Gorman entertained at bridge Sept. 25. Capt. and Mrs. C. H. O'Deen entertained at bridge on Sept. 26. Lt. and Mrs. O. P. Prime entertained Sept. 27 at bridge.

Maj. and Mrs. E. L. Hering entertained at dinner in Honolulu on Sept. 28 for Maj. and Mrs. Howard, Ferris and Summers, and Mrs. Ninette Connell. Lt. and Mrs. S. T. Smith entertained at bridge Sept. 26. Lt. and Mrs. A. F. Hebbard entertained at dinner in honor of Maj. and Mrs. G. D. Holland. The other guests were Maj. and Mrs. Gorman, Willitt and Laydell, and Capt. and Mrs. Hunter.

Capt. and Mrs. P. A. Shaw entertained at dinner in honor of Capt. and Mrs. Henry Harmeling, the other guests being Capt. and Mrs. Lewis A. Milne and Mrs. J. E. Gough. Mrs. F. E. Dyer was hostess for the afternoon meeting of the 21st Infantry bridge club. The 27th Infantry bridge club met with Mrs. Jean Edens. Mrs. Hubert A. Shevlin entertained the Air Service bridge club on Sept. 28.

8TH INFANTRY NOTES.

Coblenz, Germany, Oct. 12, 1922.

Maj. A. A. Hoffman, commanding 8d Battalion, 8th Infantry, was among a party of American officers who attended the Belgian army maneuvers at Aix la Chapelle on Sept. 9, 1922.

Company A, 8th Infantry, won with honors on Sept. 31, 1922, at Weissenthurm, when the team from that company took the handsome cup offered by the Y.M.C.A. for the high team in the automatic rifle competition. Company A's team was made up as follows, with scores as noted: Sgt. Reed, 534; Pvt. Deering, 535; Pvt. Burnham, 529; Capt. Virgil Bell, 466. The company average per man was 516.

Second high score was made by Company D's team, made up as follows: Sgt. Hoffman, 561; Lt. R. A. Schow, 511; Sgt. Kelbaugh, 494; Sgt. Lehus, 452. The average per man was 504.5.

Capt. E. B. Whisner, Inf., formerly on duty with these forces in the Provost Marshal's Department, and who has been on leave for a few months, has been reassigned to the A.F.G. and to duty with Company K, 8th Infantry.

Final official figures for the small arms competitions of the 8th Infantry as compiled by the statistical officer, Lt. F. J. Gillespie, 8th Inf., show the following results: Sgt. E. Hoffman, Company D, 8th Infantry, first place; Wnt. Ofc. R. J. Meskill, Headquarters Co., 8th Infantry, second; 1st Lt. J. G. Rickner, Company M, 8th Infantry, third. The outstanding feature of the competition was the high scoring of the rifle team. Out of the fifty contestants who went through the ranges forty-one made a score of 300 or over.

The Howitzer Company, which according to War Department orders is now consolidated with Headquarters Company, held a farewell smoker and reception in the compound on the evening of Oct. 4. The hall was beautifully decorated, refreshments were served and an interesting choice of entertainment was provided.

Capt. W. E. Chickering, formerly company commander; Capt. W. L. Clemenson, the present company commander, and Lt. E. J. Bond were present. Capt. Harry V. Hand, Inf., was a guest of the company for the evening. 1st Sgt. Diebold, who, coincident with the disbanding of the company, retired after thirty years' active service, was congratulated on his long service and accorded the best wishes of all the members of the company.

Capt. Frank R. Schucker, who has been on leave in Europe, has been assigned to the 8th Infantry and to Company I for duty.

One of the most delightful tea time gatherings yet spent in the 8th Infantry Officers' Club was given on Oct. 4. Among those present were Col. and Mrs. Bates, Miss Bates, Lt. and Mrs. Rogers, Capt. and Mrs. Fortier; Miss Lewis, house guest of Maj. and Mrs. Sam Talbot; Capt. and Mrs. Brannon, Wheatley and Hurless, Mrs. Dedicke, Maj. and Mrs. Cook, Lt. and Mrs. Dietz, Capt. Hand, Lts. Foster and Middleton and Capt. White.

Questions and Answers

Questions having to do with military or naval matters will be answered in this department as soon as possible after their receipt, or, lacking space, by mail, provided a stamped, self-addressed envelope is sent. Communications must in all cases be signed, giving the correct name and address of the inquirer.

W. B. P. asks: (1) I enlisted Feb. 16, 1914, and left the Philippines in Island No. 15, 1915. Does the intervening time count double or not? (2) Could you inform me as to what number I am on the final list of technical sergeants, Ord. Dept.?

Answer: (1) Time in the Philippines in enlistments begun after Aug. 24, 1912, does not count double. (2) Your number is about 100 on the final list of technical sergeants, Ord. Dept.

X. Y. Z.—The budget estimate for the Regular Army for 1923-24 provides for 125,000 enlisted men and 12,000 officers.

S. D. G.—Would suggest that you apply to the Commissioner of Pensions, Washington, D.C., for pamphlet giving the rates of pensions for widows of the various wars.

L. P. B., ENGRS.—Those who are authorized to fire the course of pistol instruction and those armed with the pistol are: Each of the three commissioned officers, 3; first sergeant, 1; three staff sergeants, 3; non-sergeants, 9; two cooks, 2; two baggers, 2; total, 20. There are three staff sergeants who are authorized to carry the pistol for a combat company, while only two are authorized for school companies.

C. G.—A specialist rating is awarded to enlisted men of an organization in accordance with the ratings authorized for the personnel of that organization. When men of the 18th Ordnance Co. were transferred to Fort Bragg, the company there was being increased from 48 to 80 men, from a light to a heavy company. The heavy company is entitled to 46 ratings and the light company to 29. This probably accounts for the retention of ratings by men sent to Fort Bragg.

O. R. B.—A man who enlisted under the old bill and is reduced after July 1, 1923, will

be paid under the new bill after his reduction. The base pay of private, under the new bill, is \$21.

WAR VETERAN.—The three men named in your inquiry were appointed by The Adjutant General, not by special orders, but by letter.

SUBSCRIBER.—There are no vacancies in first three grades, Medical Dept. However, it is estimated for the Medical, Dental and Veterinary Service that the surplus on Dec. 31 will be 5 master, 15 technical and 54 staff sergeants. This will necessitate a demotion in one grade for these surplus men.

L. M. H.—You should have in your possession at all times the clothing prescribed in Table of Allowances, if the regulations are being carried out properly. The clothing allowance was prescribed so as to cover the actual needs of your enlistment, and there was no intent on the part of those who drew up this allowance table that any savings should accrue. There may be a little, but the amount will be negligible, and should there be any savings it will be credited to your account.

TACTICAL.

J. J. O'R. asks: (1) At a military funeral a commissioned officer and twelve enlisted men were present. None of them carried arms of any description. As the colors were carried by, all of them came to the hand salute. Was it correct to come to the hand salute, and if so, what would be the officer's order to bring them to attention or to bring their hands down? (2) In an earlier issue one of the questions submitted was: Should non-commissioned officers in the line of file closers salute (that is, when they are armed with pistols)? Your answer was No, and you quoted par. 616, Infantry Drill Regulations. Would you be so kind as to quote that paragraph? Par. 616, in the Infantry Drill Regulations that I have does not deal with that subject at all.

Answers: (1) The method of saluting would depend upon whether the persons mentioned were in formation or whether they were attending individually. If in formation, the enlisted men would be brought to attention and the officer only would salute. If attending individually, they would salute individually as the colors or casket passed. In connection with this, the following quotation is given from a decision rendered by the War Department on this subject: "During the service at the grave at a military funeral, officers, warrant officers, and enlisted men in uniform attending in their individual capacity will stand at attention covered. During the prayer they will bow the head. While the casket is being lowered into the grave and while taps is being sounded they will stand at the salute. They will salute the passing of the casket in any military funeral at any time or place."

(2) Par. 616, Infantry Drill Regulations, provisional, 1919, reads as follows: "In rendering honors at ceremonies, officers and leaders of platoons and equivalent subdivisions without arms in hand execute the first motion of the hand salute at the command *Arms of Present Arms*, and the command *Right of Eyes Right*. They execute the second motion at the command *Arms of Order Arms* and at the command *Front*. Non-commissioned officers commanding platoons and equivalent subdivisions and armed with the rifle execute *Present Arms* and *Order Arms* with their platoons; during exercises in the manual they remain in order arms; in executing *Eyes Right* they execute the first motion of the rifle salute at the command *Right* and the second motion at the command *Front*."

It will be seen from the above that only such non-commissioned officers as are in command of platoons or equivalent subdivisions execute the hand salute.

DECISIONS OF THE COMPTROLLER GENERAL.

Hunting Leave and Medical Treatment.

An Army officer on leave is not entitled to reimbursement for civilian medical and hospital treatment. Neither is an officer who is on duty status, unless it is shown that Army medical and hospital facilities were not available.

An officer on hunting leave will not be considered as on leave of absence, if, on his return to his station, he forwards to department headquarters, through his C.O., a certificate that his time while absent was employed solely in hunting, and furnishes a report describing the country traversed by him. Such a certificate was not furnished in the case of an officer who engaged in hunting in the hinterland near Ukiah, Calif., and, on the return journey, the automobile in which he was riding overturned, rendering him unconscious. He was placed in a private hospital at Ukiah and a report of this action was made by his comrades to his C.O. The Comptroller General decides against reimbursement for the private hospital charges, as the report which might have put the officer in a duty status was not rendered.

No Commutation on Field Duty.

The Comptroller General denies the claim of a colonel of Infantry detailed to duty at Camp Benning, March 24 to June 30, 1920, for commutation of quarters, saying "the duty at Camp Benning, being field duty, no reimbursement is claimed can be made." It may be observed, says the decision, "that while the commanding officer certified there were no public quarters available, and that the claimant was authorized to live in Columbus, Ga., it is not understood that accommodations such as were common to the camp could not have been provided for the officer, but that the certificate had reference to duty at a post or station rather than as on field duty."

Saving Clause Not Applicable to N.E.F.

Sec. 16, act of June 10, 1922, "That nothing contained in this act shall operate to reduce the pay of any officer on the active list," . . . has no application to an officer discharged prior to July 1, 1922, and recommissioned thereafter, and the provisions of Sec. 16 are not applicable to officers of the Naval Reserve Force, the Comptroller General has ruled. He decides therefore that an officer who was serving on active duty as a lieutenant, junior grade, of the U.S.N.R.F., and was commissioned in the same grade in the Regular Navy on July 10, 1922, to rank from July 10, will be paid on the basis of pay set forth in the act of June 10, 1922, the saving clause having no application in his case.

Mileage to Officers Traveling on Transport.

An officer ordered from Washington to duty on the Pacific coast was directed to travel by transport through the Panama Canal. The Comptroller General decides the officer is entitled to mileage computed by the shortest distance between the two points. The cost of travel on the transport is to be deducted from the mileage account and the balance is to be paid the officer. This is effective June 11, but it does not apply to the officer's dependents.